

Safety First

Safe Operating Rules

WARNING

Motorcycles are different from other vehicles. They operate, steer, handle and brake differently. Unskilled or improper use could result in loss of control, death or serious injury. (00556c)

- Take a rider training course.
- Read owner's manual before riding, adding accessories or servicing.
- Wear a helmet, eye protection and protective clothing.
- Never tow a trailer.

Before operating your motorcycle, read and follow the operating and maintenance instructions in this manual, and follow these basic rules for your personal safety.

- Know and respect the rules of the road. See Rules of the Road. Carefully read and familiarize yourself with the motorcycle safety information provided by your country or state. Read the RIDING TIPS booklet in your owner's kit (in the U.S.) and the MOTORCYCLE HANDBOOK from your state or regional traffic authority. The RIDING TIPS booklet is also available on www.msf-usa.org.
- Before starting engine, check for proper operation of brake, clutch, shifter, throttle controls, correct fuel and oil supply.

WARNING

Harley-Davidson parts and accessories are designed for Harley-Davidson motorcycles. Using non-Harley-Davidson parts or accessories can adversely affect performance, stability or handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00001b)

- Use only Harley-Davidson approved parts and accessories. Use of certain other manufacturer's performance parts may void your new motorcycle warranty, except where prohibited by law. See your Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

WARNING

Stop the engine when refueling or servicing the fuel system. Do not smoke or allow open flame or sparks near gasoline. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00002a)

When refueling your motorcycle, observe the following rules.

- Refuel in a ventilated area with the engine turned off.
- Remove fuel filler cap slowly.
- Do not smoke or allow open flames or sparks when refueling or servicing the fuel system.
- Do not fill fuel tank above the bottom of the filler neck insert.
- Leave air space to allow for fuel expansion.

WARNING

Do not store motorcycle with gasoline in tank within the home or garage where open flames, pilot lights, sparks or electric motors are present. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00003a)

⚠WARNING

Engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. (00004f)

⚠WARNING

Do not run motorcycle in a closed garage or confined area. Inhaling motorcycle exhaust, which contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas, could result in death or serious injury. (00005a)

⚠WARNING

The jiffy stand locks when placed in the full forward (down) position with vehicle weight on it. If the jiffy stand is not in the full forward (down) position with vehicle weight on it, the vehicle can fall over which could result in death or serious injury. (00006a)

⚠WARNING

Be sure jiffy stand is fully retracted before riding. If jiffy stand is not fully retracted, it can contact the road surface causing a loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00007a)

- A new motorcycle must be operated according to the special break-in procedure. See Break-in Riding Rules.
- Operate motorcycle at moderate speed and out of traffic until you become thoroughly familiar with its operation and handling characteristics under all conditions.

NOTE:

Harley-Davidson recommends that you obtain information and formal training in the correct motorcycle riding technique. In the United States, the Motorcycle Safety Foundation® offers beginning and advanced rider safety courses. Call 1-800-446-9227 for information.

⚠WARNING

Travel at speeds appropriate for road and conditions and never travel faster than posted speed limit. Excessive speed can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00008a)

- Do not exceed the legal speed limit or drive too fast for existing conditions. Always reduce speed when poor driving conditions exist. High speed increases the influence of any other condition affecting stability and increases the possibility of loss of control.
- Pay strict attention to road surfaces and wind conditions, and always keep both hands on the handlebar grips when riding the motorcycle. Any two-wheeled vehicle may be subject to upsetting forces such as wind blasts from passing trucks, holes in the pavement, rough road surfaces, and rider control error. These forces may influence the handling characteristics of your motorcycle. If you experience these conditions, reduce speed and guide the motorcycle

with a relaxed grip to a controlled condition. Do not brake abruptly or force the handlebar. This may aggravate an unstable condition.

- Keep cargo weight concentrated close to the motorcycle and as low as possible to minimize the change in the motorcycle's center of gravity. Distribute weight evenly on both sides of the vehicle. Do not load bulky items too far behind the rider or add weight to the handlebars or front forks. Do not exceed maximum specified load in each saddlebag.

NOTE:

New riders should gain experience under various conditions while riding at moderate speeds.

- Operate your motorcycle defensively. Remember, a motorcycle does not afford the same protection as an automobile in an accident. One common risk for an accident occurs when another vehicle turns left in front of an on-coming motorcyclist. Operate only with headlamp on.
- Wear an approved helmet, clothing and foot gear suited for motorcycle riding. Bright or light colors are best for greater visibility in traffic, especially at night. Avoid loose, flowing garments and scarves.

⚠ WARNING

Avoid contact with exhaust system and wear protective clothing that completely covers legs while riding. Exhaust pipes and mufflers get very hot when engine is running and remain too hot to touch, even after engine is turned off. Failure to wear protective clothing could result in burns or other serious injury. (00009a)

- When carrying passengers, it is your responsibility to instruct them on proper riding procedures. See the RIDING TIPS booklet included in your owner's kit (in the U.S.) or available on www.msf-usa.org.
- Do not allow other individuals, under any circumstances, to operate your motorcycle unless you know that they are experienced, licensed riders and are thoroughly familiar with the operation of your particular motorcycle.
- Protect your motorcycle against theft. Using the fork lock immediately after parking your motorcycle will discourage unauthorized use or theft.
- Safe motorcycle operation requires alert mental judgment combined with a defensive driving attitude. Do not allow fatigue, alcohol or drugs to endanger your safety or that of others.
- For vehicles with a sound system, adjust the volume to a non-distracting level before operating vehicle.
- Maintain your motorcycle in proper operating condition in accordance with Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE. Proper care and maintenance, including tire pressure, condition and tread depth plus proper adjustment to steering head bearings are important to the stability and safe operation.

CAUTION

When lifting a motorcycle using a jack, be sure jack contacts both lower frame tubes where down tubes and lower frame tubes converge. Never lift by jacking on cross-members, oil pan, mounting brackets, components or housings. Failure to comply can cause serious damage resulting in the need to perform major repair work. (00586d)

⚠ WARNING

Do not operate vehicle with forks locked. Locking the forks restricts the vehicle's turning ability, which could result in death or serious injury. (00035a)

⚠WARNING

Perform the service and maintenance operations as indicated in the regular service interval table. Lack of regular maintenance at the recommended intervals can affect the safe operation of your motorcycle, which could result in death or serious injury. (00010a)

⚠WARNING

Do not operate motorcycle with loose, worn or damaged steering or suspension systems. Contact a Harley-Davidson dealer for repairs. Loose, worn or damaged steering or suspension components can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00011a)

⚠WARNING

Regularly inspect shock absorbers and front forks. Replace leaking, damaged or worn parts that can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00012a)

⚠WARNING

Use Harley-Davidson replacement fasteners. Aftermarket fasteners can adversely affect performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00013a)

- See your Harley-Davidson service manual for proper torque values.
- Aftermarket fasteners may not have the specific property requirements to perform properly.

⚠WARNING

Be sure tires are properly inflated, balanced, undamaged, and have adequate tread. Inspect your tires regularly and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for replacements. Riding with excessively worn, unbalanced, improperly inflated, overloaded or damaged tires can lead to tire failure and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00014b)

⚠WARNING

Replace punctured or damaged tires. In some cases, small punctures in the tread area may be repaired from within the removed tire by a Harley-Davidson dealer. Speed should NOT exceed 50 mph (80 km/h) for the first 24 hours after repair, and the repaired tire should NEVER be used over 80 mph (130 km/h). Failure to follow this warning could lead to tire failure and result in death or serious injury. (00015b)

⚠WARNING

Only install original equipment tire valves and valve caps. A valve, or valve and cap combination, that is too long or too heavy can strike adjacent components and damage the

valve, causing rapid tire deflation. Rapid tire deflation can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00281a)

⚠WARNING

Do not exceed the motorcycle's Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). Exceeding these weight ratings can lead to component failure and adversely affect stability, handling and performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00016f)

- GVWR is the sum of the weight of the motorcycle, accessories and the maximum weight of the rider, passenger and cargo that can be safely carried.
- GAWR is the maximum amount of weight that can be safely carried on each axle.
- The GVWR and GAWR are shown on the information label, on the frame steering head or the frame downtube.
- Refer to weight tables. See Specifications.

⚠WARNING

Do not tow a disabled motorcycle. Towing can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00017a)

⚠WARNING

Do not pull a trailer with a motorcycle. Pulling a trailer can cause tire overload, damage and failure, reduced braking performance, and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00018c)

⚠CAUTION

Direct contact of D.O.T. 4 brake fluid with eyes can cause irritation. Avoid eye contact. In case of eye contact flush with large amounts of water and get medical attention. Swallowing large amounts of D.O.T. 4 brake fluid can cause digestive discomfort. If swallowed, obtain medical attention. Use in well ventilated area. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. (00240a)

⚠WARNING

Batteries, battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, and other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. (00019e)

⚠WARNING

Do not open storage compartments while riding. Distractions while riding can lead to loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00082a)

⚠WARNING

Consult a Harley-Davidson dealer regarding any questions

Consult a Harley-Davidson dealer regarding any questions or problems that occur in the operation of your motorcycle. Failure to do so can aggravate an initial problem, cause costly repairs, cause an accident and could result in death or serious injury. (00020a)

- Make sure all equipment required by federal, state and local law is installed and in good operating condition.

Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS)

⚠WARNING

If ABS lamp continues flashing at speeds greater than 3 mph (5 km/h) or remains on continuously, the ABS is not operating. The standard brake system is operational, but wheel lock up can occur. Contact a Harley-Davidson Dealer to have ABS repaired. A locked wheel will skid and can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00361b)

⚠WARNING

ABS cannot prevent lockup of rear wheel due to engine braking. ABS will not aid in cornering or on loose/uneven surfaces. A locked wheel will skid and can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00362a)

See Brake System to properly operate motorcycles equipped with an Anti-Lock Brake System.

Rules of the Road

- Always sound your horn, actuate your turn signals, and exercise caution when passing other vehicles going in the same direction. Never try to pass another vehicle going in the same direction at street intersections, on curves, or when going up or down a hill.
- At street intersections give the right-of-way. Do not presume you have the right-of-way, as the other driver may not know it is your turn.
- Always signal when preparing to stop, turn or pass.
- All traffic signs, including those used for the control of traffic at intersections, should be obeyed promptly. SLOW DOWN signs near schools and CAUTION signs at railroad crossings should always be observed and your actions governed accordingly.
- When intending to turn, signal at least 100 ft 30.5 m before reaching the turning point. If turning across an intersection, move over to the centerline of the street (unless local rules require otherwise). Slow down when entering the intersection and turn carefully.
- Never anticipate a traffic light. When a change is indicated from GO to STOP (or STOP to GO) in the traffic control systems at intersections, slow down and wait for the light to change. Never run through a yellow or red traffic light.
- While turning either right or left, watch for pedestrians, animals, as well as vehicles.
- Do not leave the curb or parking area without signaling. Be sure your way is clear to enter moving traffic. A moving line of traffic always has the right-of-way.
- Be sure your license plate is installed in the position specified by law and is clearly visible at all times. Keep the plate clean.
- Ride at a safe speed that is consistent with the type of highway you are on. Pay strict attention to whether the road is dry, oily, icy or wet.
- Watch for debris such as leaves or loose gravel.
- Weather and traffic conditions on the highway dictate adjusting your speed and driving habits accordingly.

Accessories and Cargo

Harley-Davidson Motor Company cannot test and make specific recommendations concerning every accessory or combination of accessories sold. Therefore, the rider must be responsible for safe operation of the motorcycle when installing accessories or carrying additional weight.

⚠WARNING

See the Accessories and Cargo section in your owner's manual. Improper cargo loading or accessory installation can cause component failure and adversely affect stability, handling and performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00021b)

⚠WARNING

Do not exceed the motorcycle's Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). Exceeding these weight ratings can lead to component failure and adversely affect stability, handling and performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00016f)

- GVWR is the sum of the weight of the motorcycle, accessories, and the maximum weight of the rider, passenger and cargo that can be safely carried.
- GAWR is the maximum amount of weight that can be safely carried on each axle.
- The GVWR and GAWR are shown on the information plate which is located on the frame down tube.

⚠WARNING

Do not pull a trailer with a motorcycle. Pulling a trailer can cause tire overload, damage and failure, reduced braking performance, and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00018c)

Accessories and Cargo Guidelines

The following guidelines should be used when equipping a motorcycle, carrying passengers and/or cargo.

⚠WARNING

Travel at speeds appropriate for road and conditions and never travel faster than posted speed limit. Excessive speed can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00008a)

- Do not exceed the legal speed limit or drive too fast for existing conditions. Always reduce speed when poor driving conditions exist. High speed increases the influence of any other condition affecting stability and increases the possibility of loss of control.
- Pay strict attention to road surfaces and wind conditions and keep both hands on the handlebar grips at all times when riding the motorcycle. Any two wheeled vehicle may be subject to upsetting forces such as wind blasts from passing trucks, holes in the pavement, rough road surfaces, rider control error, etc. These forces may influence the handling characteristics of your motorcycle. If this happens, reduce speed and guide the motorcycle with a relaxed grip to a controlled condition. Do not brake abruptly or force the handlebar. This may aggravate an unstable condition.
- Keep cargo weight concentrated close to the motorcycle and as low as possible. This minimizes the change in the motorcycle's center of gravity.
- Distribute weight evenly on both sides of the vehicle.

- Do not load bulky items too far behind the rider or add weight to the handlebars or front forks.
- Do not exceed maximum specified load in each saddlebag.
- Luggage racks are designed for lightweight items. Do not overload racks.
- Be sure cargo is secure and will not shift while riding and recheck the cargo periodically. Accessories that change the operator's riding position may increase reaction time and affect handling of the motorcycle.
- Additional electrical equipment may overload the motorcycle's electrical system possibly resulting in electrical system and/or component failure.

⚠WARNING

Front and/or rear guard(s) can provide limited leg and cosmetic vehicle protection under unique circumstances. (Fall over while stopped, very slow speed slide.) It is not made or intended to provide protection from bodily injury in a collision with another vehicle or any other object. (00022b)

- Large surfaces such as fairings, windshields, back rests, and luggage racks can have an adverse affect on stability and handling.
- Only Genuine Harley-Davidson accessories designed specifically for the motorcycle model should be used.
- Pay particular attention to the weights of accessories, cargo, riding gear, passenger and rider, and how the sum total of all these weights affect the loading capacity of the motorcycle.

⚠WARNING

Harley-Davidson parts and accessories are designed for Harley-Davidson motorcycles. Using non-Harley-Davidson parts or accessories can adversely affect performance, stability or handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00001b)

⚠WARNING

Do not add sidecar to this motorcycle. Operating motorcycle with sidecar can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00590d)

Noise Control System

Tampering

Removal or replacement of any noise control system component may be prohibited by law. This prohibition includes modifications made prior to vehicle sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser. Use of a vehicle on which noise control system components have been removed or rendered inoperative may also be prohibited by law.

Labels

See Labels for safety and maintenance labels which were on the vehicle when new. If removed, replacement labels may be purchased for your motorcycle. Refer to Labels.

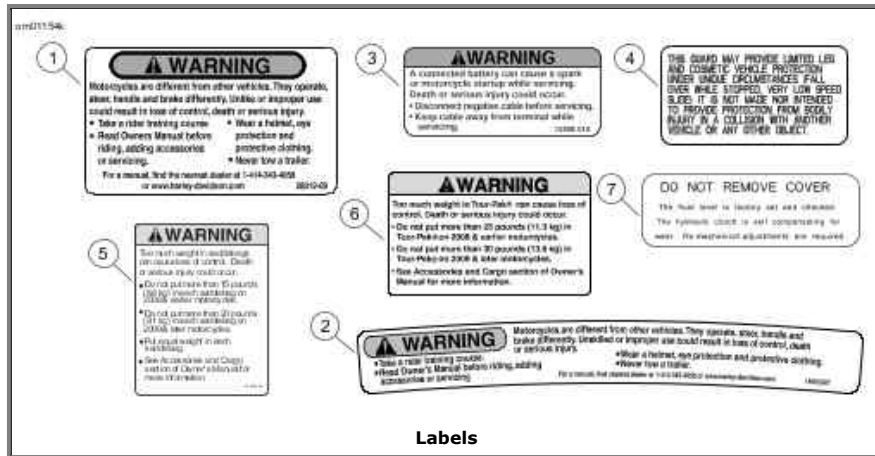
NOTE:

Some labels may be available in different languages for destinations outside the United States. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for all labels available for purchase.

Labels

ITEM	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	TEXT
1	28012-09	General warnings	Top of air cleaner cover : Models Except APC	WARNING: Motorcycles are different from other vehicles. They operate, steer, handle and brake differently. Unskilled or improper use could result in loss of control, death or serious injury. • Take a rider training course. • Read Owner's Manual before riding, adding accessories or servicing. • Wear a helmet, eye protection and protective clothing. • Never tow a trailer. For a manual, find nearest dealer at 1-800-443-2153 or www.harley-davidson.com
2	14000347	General warnings	Top of air cleaner cover : APC Models	WARNING: Motorcycles are different from other vehicles. They operate, steer, handle and brake differently. Unskilled or improper use could result in loss of control, death or serious injury. • Take a rider training course. • Read Owner's Manual before riding, adding accessories or servicing. • Wear a helmet, eye protection and protective clothing. • Never tow a trailer. For a manual, find nearest dealer at 1-800-443-2153 or www.harley-davidson.com
3	15368-01A	Battery warning	Under seat, behind fuel tank	WARNING: A connected battery can cause a spark or motorcycle startup while servicing. Death or serious injury could occur. • Disconnect negative cable before servicing. • Keep cable away from terminal while servicing.
4	14148-86	Engine guard label	Front of engine guard, and on each saddlebag guard	This guard may provide limited leg and cosmetic vehicle protection under unique circumstances (fall over while stopped, very low speed slide). It is not made nor intended to provide protection from bodily injury in a collision with another vehicle or any other object.
5	90820-93D	Saddlebag load limits	Inside saddlebag	WARNING: Too much weight in saddlebags can cause loss of control. Death or serious injury could occur. • Do not put more than 15 pounds (6.8 kg) in each saddlebag on a 2008 and earlier vehicles. • Do not put more than 20 pounds (9.1 kg) in each saddlebag on 2009 and later vehicles. • Put equal weight in each saddlebag. • See Accessories and Cargo section of Owner's Manual.
6	Not applicable	Tour-Pak load limits	Inside Tour-Pak lid	WARNING: Too much weight in Tour-Pak® can cause loss of control. Death or serious injury could occur.

				- Do not put more than 25 pounds (11.3 kg) in Tour-Pak® on 2008 and earlier motorcycles. - Do not put more than 30 pounds (13.6 kg) in Tour-Pak® on 2009 and later motorcycles. - See Accessories and Cargo section of Owner's Manual for more information.
7	14810-03 (not sold)	Hydraulic clutch service notice	On clutch cover	Do not remove cover. The fluid level is factory set and checked. The hydraulic clutch is self compensating for wear. No mechanical adjustments are required.



Harley-Davidson Power Lock Fob (P/N 76537-08 & P/N 76000262)

EU countries	CE 0682
Indonesia	For TX, P/N 76537-08: 05209/SDPPI/2011 2416 For RX, P/N 76000262: 28405/SDPPI/2013 4247
Mexico	RLVHD7612-0135 RLVHD7613-0631

Power Lock Fob Approval (EU countries, Indonesia and Mexico)

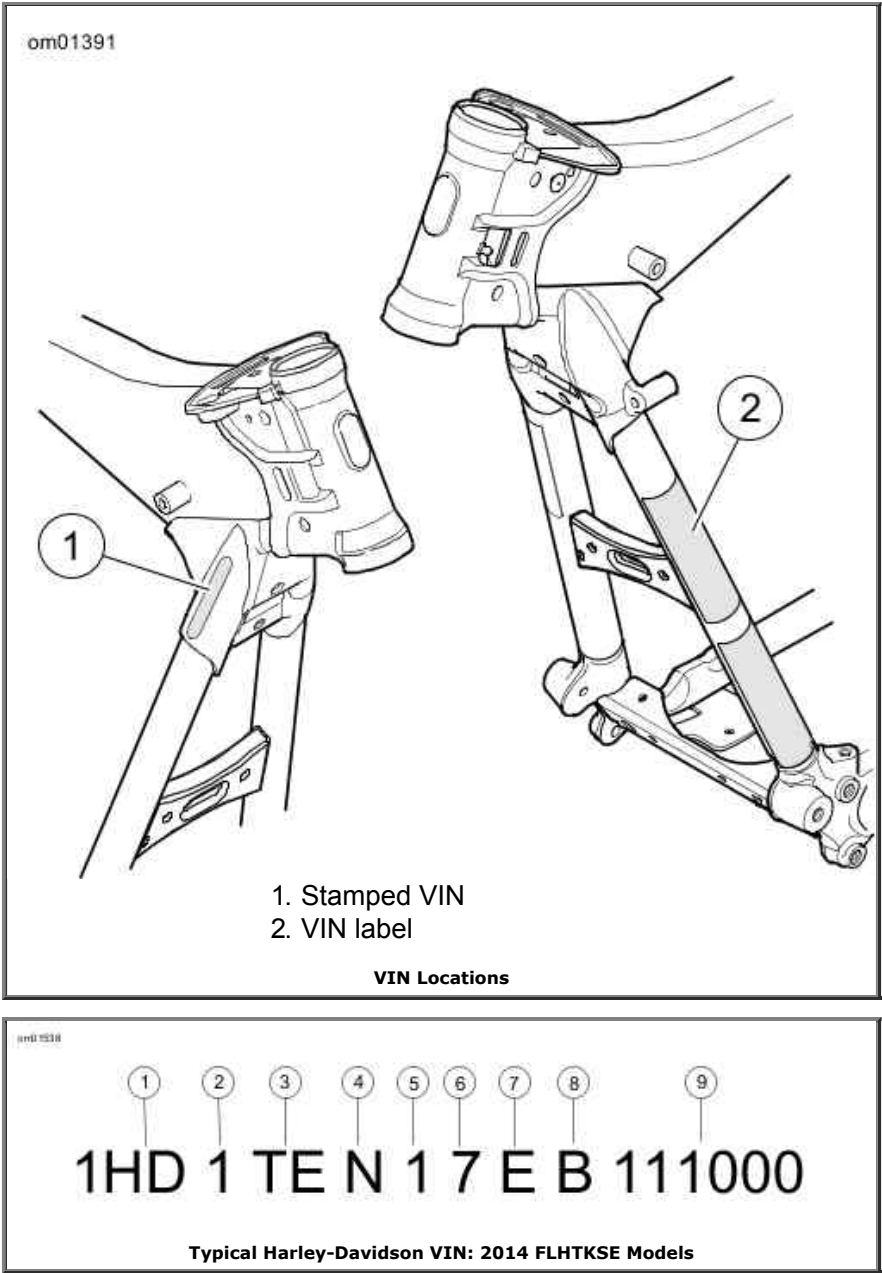
Brazil	 1897-07-4164  0107898901876038 * Este equipamento opera em caráter secundário, isto é, não tem direito a proteção contra interferência prejudicial, mesmo de estações do mesmo tipo, e não pode causar interferência a sistemas operando em caráter primário.
Israel	Approval # 51-12935 Valid until 09/20/2017 Approval # 51-36048 Valid until 04/07/2018

Power Lock Fob Approval (Brazil and Israel)

is stamped on the left side of the crankcase between the engine cylinders.

NOTE:

Always give the full 17-digit Vehicle Identification Number when ordering parts or making any inquiry about your motorcycle.



Harley-Davidson VIN Breakdown: 2014 FLHTKSE Models

POSITION	DESCRIPTION	POSSIBLE VALUES
1	World manufacturer identifier	1HD=Originally manufactured for sale within the United States 5HD=Originally manufactured for sale outside of the United States 932=Originally manufactured in and for sale only in Brazil market MEG=Originally manufactured in and for sale only in India market
2	Motorcycle type	1=Heavyweight motorcycle (901 cm ³ or larger)
3	Model	TE=FLHTKSE CVO™ Limited TE=FLHTK CVO™ Limited

4	Engine type	L=Twin-Cooled™ 1690 cm ³ High Output Twin Cam 103™, fuel-injected N=Twin-Cooled™ 1802 cm ³ High Output Twin Cam 110™, fuel-injected	
5	Calibration/configuration, introduction	Normal Introduction 1=Domestic (DOM) 3=California (CAL) A=Canada (CAN) C=HDI E=Japan (JPN) G=Australia (AUS) L=Asia Pacific (APC)	Mid-year or Special Introduction 2, 4=Domestic (DOM) 5, 6=California (CAL) B=Canada (CAN) D=HDI F=Japan (JPN) H=Australia (AUS) M=Asia Pacific (APC)
6	VIN check digit	Can be 0-9 or X	
7	Model year	E=2014	
8	Assembly plant	B=York, PA USA D=H-D Brazil-Manaus, Brazil (CKD) N=Haryana India (Bawal District Rewari)	
9	Sequential number	Varies	

Premium CVO Items

The following items are included with your new motorcycle. Some may be found loose while others were installed during dealer setup.

- Security fobs (2)
- Power lock fobs/keys (2)
- ABS DVD
- Owner's kit/manual
- CB radio information *
- Owners manual cover *
- Tour-Pak liner, carry out
- Saddlebag liner kit, carry out
- Tool kit
- Mid-frame air deflector kit **
- Highway peg kit */**
- Helmet headsets (2)
- License plate mounting kit, mounting hardware kit
- Rain sock, air cleaner *
- Motorcycle cover
- USB flash drive
- Jiffy stand puck
- Detailing cloth
- Garage door opener *
- Radio antenna **
- CB antenna **
- Rider backrest **

* Item not provided in all markets.

** Installed by dealer before purchase.

Specifications

Specifications

Transmission

TRANSMISSION	SPECIFICATION
Type	Constant mesh, foot shift
Speeds	6 forward

Engine: Twin-Cooled High Output Twin Cam 110

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	
Number of cylinders	2	
Type	4-cycle, 45 degree V-type, air cooled	
Compression ratio	9.2:1	
Bore	4.00 in	101.6 mm
Stroke	4.38 in	111.3 mm
Displacement	110.0 in ³	1802 cm ³
Lubrication system	Pressurized dry sump	
Cooling system	Liquid-cooled cylinder heads with lower fairing-mounted radiators, electric pump and thermostat	

Engine: Twin-Cooled High Output Twin Cam 103

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	
Number of cylinders	2	
Type	4-cycle, 45 degree V-Type, Twin-Cooled™	
Compression ratio	10.0:1	
Bore	3.875 in	98.42 mm
Stroke	4.38 in	111.3 mm
Displacement	103.0 in ³	1690 cm ³
Lubrication system	Pressurized, dry sump	
Cooling system	Liquid-cooled cylinder heads with lower fairing-mounted radiators, electric pump and thermostat	

NOTE:

Specifications in this publication may not match those of official certification in some markets due

to timing of publication printing, variance in testing methods, and/or vehicle differences.
Customers seeking officially recognized regulatory specifications for their vehicle should refer to certification documents and/or contact their respective dealer or distributor.

Electrical

COMPONENT	SPECIFICATION	
Ignition timing	Not adjustable	
Battery	12 V, 28 Ah, 405 CCA sealed and maintenance free	
Charging system	Three-phase, 53 A system (617 W @ 13 V, 2000 rpm, 690 W max power @13 V)	
Spark plug type	6R12	
Spark plug size	12 mm	
Spark plug gap	0.038-0.043 in	0.97-1.09 mm
Spark plug torque	12-18 ft-lbs	16.3-24.4 Nm

Sprocket Teeth

DRIVE	ITEM	NUMBER OF TEETH
Primary	Engine	34
	Clutch	46
Final	Transmission	32
	Rear wheel	68

Gear Ratios

GEAR	RATIO
1st Gear	9.593
2nd Gear	6.650
3rd Gear	4.938
4th Gear	4.000
5th Gear	3.407
6th Gear	2.875

Capacities

ITEM	U.S.	L
Fuel tank (total)	6.0 gal	22.7
Low fuel warning light on (approximate)	1.0 gal	3.8
Engine oil with filter * (approximate)	4.0 qt	3.8
Transmission ** (approximate)	1.00 qt	0.95
Primary chaincase	1.4 qt	1.3

(approximate)		
Coolant, Twin-Cooled models	1.1 qt	1.0
(approximate)		
* When refilling, initially add 3.0 qt 2.84 L and add as needed to bring level within specification. ** When refilling, initially add 28 oz 0.83 L and add as needed to bring level within specification.		

⚠ WARNING

Do not exceed the motorcycle's Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). Exceeding these weight ratings can lead to component failure and adversely affect stability, handling and performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00016f)

- GVWR is the sum of the weight of the motorcycle, accessories, and the maximum weight of the rider, passenger and cargo that can be safely carried.
- GAWR is the maximum amount of weight that can be safely carried on each axle.
- The GVWR and GAWR are shown on the information label, located on the frame down tube.

NOTE:

The maximum additional weight allowed on the motorcycle equals the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) minus the running weight. For example, a motorcycle with GVWR of 1200 lbs 544 kg having a running weight of 800 lbs 363 kg, would allow a maximum of an additional 400 lbs 181 kg combined weight of the rider, passenger, riding gear, cargo and installed accessories.

Weights

ITEM	FLHTKSE		FLHTK CVO	
	LB	KG	LB	KG
Running weight *	944	428	946	429
Maximum additional weight allowed **	416	189	414	188
GVWR	1360	617	1360	617
GAWR front	500	227	500	227
GAWR rear	927	420	927	420
* The total weight of the motorcycle as delivered with all oil/fluids and approximately 90% of fuel. ** The total weight of accessories, cargo, riding gear, passenger and rider must not exceed this weight.				

Dimensions

ITEM	FLHTKSE		FLHTK CVO	
	IN	MM	IN	MM
Overall length	102.4	2600	98.3	2496
Overall width	42.9	1090	37.8	960
Overall height	56.7	1440	52.9	1343
Wheel base	64.0	1625	64.0	1625

Road clearance	5.3	135	5.3	135
Seat height*	28.4	720	28.4	720
*With 180 lb. 81.7 kg rider on seat.				

Bulb Chart

LAMP	DESCRIPTION (ALL LAMPS 12 VOLT)	BULBS REQUIRED	HARLEY-DAVIDSON PART NUMBER
Headlamp	All models *	LED	67700066
Tail/stop lamp	Domestic/Canada models *	LED	67800205
	Other models	1	68167-04
Turn signal lamp	Front/running (Domestic)	2	69331-02
	Front international (HDI)	2	68163-84
	Rear (Domestic)	2	69330-02
	Rear international (HDI)	2	68163-84
Auxiliary lighting	License plate lamp international (HDI) *	LED	69378-09
	Tour-Pak lamps *	LED	See parts catalog
	Luggage lights *	LED	68000066
	Auxiliary/fog lamps *	LED	68000020
	Fender tip light (if equipped) *	LED	59600006
Instrument lamps	All models *	Illuminated with LEDs. Replace assembly upon failure.	
Items with *	Illuminated with LEDs. Replace assembly upon failure.		

Specified Tires

MOUNT	SIZE	APPROVED TIRE	PRESSURE (COLD)	
			psi	kPa
Front	17 in	Dunlop D408F 130/80B17	36	248
Rear	16 in	Dunlop D407T 180/65B16	40	276

Tire Data

WARNING

Match tires, tubes, rim strips or seals, air valves and caps to the correct wheel. Contact a Harley-Davidson dealer. Mismatching can lead to tire damage, allow tire slippage on the wheel or cause tire failure, which could result in death or serious injury. (00023c)

WARNING

Only install original equipment tire valves and valve caps. A valve, or valve and cap combination, that is too long or too heavy can strike adjacent components and damage the valve, causing rapid tire deflation. Rapid tire deflation can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00281a)

⚠WARNING

Use only Harley-Davidson specified tires. See a Harley-Davidson dealer. Using non-specified tires can adversely affect stability, handling or braking, which could result in death or serious injury. (00024b)

Refer to Specified Tires for specified tires and recommended pressures.

Tubeless tires are used on all Harley-Davidson cast and disc wheels.

⚠WARNING

Harley-Davidson front and rear tires are not the same. Interchanging front and rear tires can cause tire failure, which could result in death or serious injury. (00026a)

⚠WARNING

Be sure tires are properly inflated, balanced, undamaged, and have adequate tread. Inspect your tires regularly and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for replacements. Riding with excessively worn, unbalanced, improperly inflated, overloaded or damaged tires can lead to tire failure and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00014b)

Always maintain proper tire pressure as specified in Specified Tires. Do not load tires beyond the GAWR specified in Weights. Under inflated, over inflated, or over loaded tires can fail.

Harley-Davidson does not perform any testing with only nitrogen in tires. Harley-Davidson neither recommends nor discourages the use of pure nitrogen to inflate tires.

⚠WARNING

Do not use liquid tire balancers or sealants in aluminum wheels. Using liquid tire balancers or sealants can cause rapid corrosion of the rim surface, which could cause tire deflation. Tire deflation can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00631b)

⚠WARNING

Replace tire immediately with a Harley-Davidson specified tire when wear bars become visible or only 1/32 in (0.8 mm) tread depth remains. Riding with a worn tire could result in death or serious injury. (00090c)

Harley-Davidson tires are equipped with wear bars that run horizontally across the tread. When a tire is worn to the point the tread wear indicator bars become visible on the tread surfaces, or 1/32 in 0.8 mm tread depth remains, the tires can:

- Be more easily damaged leading to tire failure
- Provide reduced traction
- Adversely affect stability and handling

India Tire Compliance Statement: Harley-Davidson Motor Company declares that the tires listed in the specifications section meet the Indian Standard 15627 requirement of the Bureau of Indian Standards (as amended from time to time) required for registration of vehicles assembled in India.

These tires also comply with the Central Motor Vehicle Rules requirements, 1989.

Fuel

Always use a good quality unleaded gasoline. Octane ratings are usually found on the pump. Refer to Octane Ratings.

⚠WARNING

Avoid spills. Slowly remove filler cap. Do not fill above bottom of filler neck insert, leaving air space for fuel expansion. Secure filler cap after refueling. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00028a)

⚠WARNING

Use care when refueling. Pressurized air in fuel tank can force gasoline to escape through filler tube. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00029a)

Modern service station pumps dispense a high flow of gasoline into a motorcycle fuel tank. This can cause air entrapment and pressurization.

Octane Ratings

SPECIFICATION	RATING
Pump Octane (R+M)/2	91 (95 RON)

Gasoline Blends

Your motorcycle was designed to get the best performance and efficiency using unleaded gasoline. Most gasoline is blended with alcohol and/or ether to create oxygenated blends. The type and amount of alcohol or ether added to the fuel is important.

CAUTION

Do not use gasoline that contains methanol. Doing so can result in fuel system component failure, engine damage and/or equipment malfunction. (00148a)

- Gasoline/METHYL TERTIARY BUTYL ETHER (MTBE) blends are a mixture of gasoline and as much as 15 percent MTBE. Gasoline/MTBE blends use in your motorcycle is approved.
- ETHANOL fuel is a mixture of ethanol (grain alcohol) and unleaded gasoline and can have an impact on fuel mileage. Fuels with an ethanol content of up to 10 percent may be used in your motorcycle without affecting vehicle performance. U.S. EPA regulations currently indicate that fuels with 15 percent ethanol (E15) are restricted from use in motorcycles at the time of this publication. Some motorcycles are calibrated to operate with higher ethanol concentrations to meet the fuel standards in certain countries.
- REFORMULATED OR OXYGENATED GASOLINES (RFG) describes gasoline blends that are specifically designed to burn cleaner than other types of gasoline. This results in fewer tailpipe emissions. They are also formulated to evaporate less when filling the tank. Reformulated gasolines use additives to oxygenate the gas. Your motorcycle will run normally using this type of fuel. Harley-Davidson recommends using it whenever possible as an aid to cleaner air in our environment.
- Do not use racing fuel or fuel containing methanol. Use of these fuels will damage the fuel system.

- Using fuel additives other than those approved for use by Harley-Davidson may damage the engine, fuel system and other components.

Some gasoline blends might adversely affect starting, driveability or fuel efficiency. If any of these problems are experienced, try a different brand of gasoline or gasoline with a higher octane blend.

Catalytic Converter

The motorcycle is equipped with a catalytic converter in the exhaust pipe collector.

CAUTION

Do not operate catalytic converter-equipped vehicle with engine misfire. If you operate the vehicle under this condition, the exhaust will become abnormally hot, which can cause vehicle damage, including emission control loss. (00149c)

CAUTION

Use only unleaded fuel in catalytic converter-equipped motorcycles. Using leaded fuel will damage the emission control system. (00150b)

Controls and Indicators

General: Controls and Indicators

⚠ WARNING

Read the CONTROLS AND INDICATORS section before riding your motorcycle. Failure to understand the operation of the motorcycle could result in death or serious injury. (00043a)

Some features explained are unique to certain models. These features may be available as accessories for your Harley-Davidson motorcycle. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for a complete list of accessories that will fit your specific motorcycle.

Keyless Ignition

⚠ WARNING

The automatic-on headlamp feature provides increased visibility of the rider to other motorists. Be sure headlamp is on at all times. Poor visibility of rider to other motorists can result in death or serious injury. (00030b)

⚠ WARNING

Do not operate vehicle with forks locked. Locking the forks restricts the vehicle's turning ability, which could result in death or serious injury. (00035a)

The motorcycle has keyless ignition. A key is not required to operate the motorcycle. Instead, an assigned security fob must be present or the PIN must be used before the motorcycle can be started.

The key supplied with the motorcycle is for the fork lock and luggage. See Fork Lock.

Ignition Mode

With the security fob present and the fork lock rotated fully to the unlocked position, set the OFF/RUN switch to RUN. The lights and instruments become operational and the motor can be started. To disarm the security system using the PIN, see Arming and Disarming.

The motorcycle will remain on (or the engine will continue running) until the OFF/RUN switch is set to OFF. Taking the security fob out of range will not shut down the engine or turn off the motorcycle after it is turned on. However, the speedometer will display a NO FOB message if the motorcycle is driven away without the fob present.

When parked, set the OFF/RUN switch to OFF and take the security fob from the motorcycle to prevent unauthorized startup. With the motorcycle turned off and the security fob out of range, the starter, ignition system, and OFF/RUN switch remain disabled, immobilizing the motorcycle.

Accessory Mode

With the security fob present, press and hold the trigger switch. The instruments and accessory circuit will be powered. The headlamp and turn signal lamps will remain off. While in accessory mode, the instruments display the fuel gauge and odometer functions. The headlamp can be activated by pressing the headlamp flash to pass switch.

To turn the motorcycle back off, press and hold the trigger switch.

Do not leave the motorcycle in accessory mode for an extended time. This can discharge the battery. If the vehicle is left in accessory mode for two hours, the vehicle will automatically shut off to prevent complete battery discharge. To resume accessory mode, press and hold the trigger switch again.

Fork Lock

WARNING

Do not operate vehicle with forks locked. Locking the forks restricts the vehicle's turning ability, which could result in death or serious injury. (00035a)

CAUTION

Protect your vehicle against theft. Failure to lock the motorcycle after parking could result in theft and/or equipment damage. (00151b)

See Fork Lock Switch. The fork lock switch is on the inner fairing cap. Using the fork lock immediately after parking your motorcycle will discourage unauthorized use or theft. The fork lock switch can be locked with the key, power lock fob or power lock switches in the fairing cap.

The fork lock switch must be rotated to the LOCKED position **before** using the key or power lock features to lock the switch. Forcing the switch into the LOCKED position can damage the switch.

The engine will not start unless the fork lock switch is fully in the UNLOCKED position. Turning the fork lock switch out of the UNLOCKED position at any time causes the engine to shut off. Only use the fork lock switch when the motorcycle is parked.

NOTE:

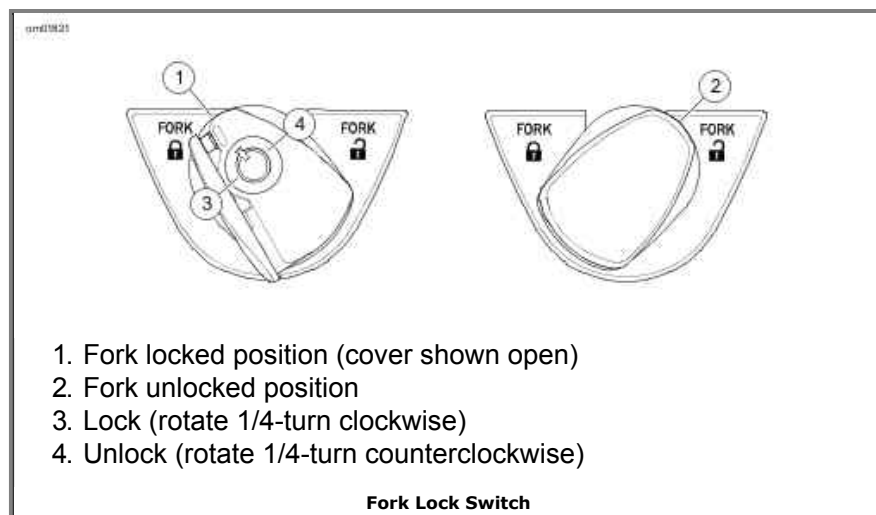
Do not open the switch cover unless the fork lock switch is in the LOCKED position. Opening the cover when the switch is not in the LOCKED position can damage the inner fairing.

Locking Fork

1. Turn fork to **full left** position.
2. See Fork Lock Switch. Rotate switch to LOCKED position.
3. Lock the switch as follows:
 - a. **Key:** Insert key and turn 1/4-turn counterclockwise to lock switch. Remove key.
 - b. **Power lock fob:** See Power Lock Fob. Press the lock button on the power lock fob.
 - c. **Power lock switch:** See Power Lock Switches. With motorcycle turned on, press the lock switch in the fairing cap.

Unlocking Fork

1. Unlock the fork lock switch:
 - a. **Key:** Insert key and turn 1/4-turn clockwise to unlock switch. Remove key.
 - b. **Power lock fob:** See Power Lock Fob. Press the unlock button on the power lock fob.
 - c. **Power unlock switch:** See Power Lock Switches. With motorcycle turned on, press the unlock switch in the fairing cap.
2. See Fork Lock Switch. Rotate switch fully to the UNLOCKED position.



Power Locks

The fork lock, saddlebags and Tour-Pak can be locked using the key, power lock fob or power lock switches in the fairing cap panel.

Key

See Power Lock Fob. Use the key supplied with the vehicle to manually lock and unlock the fork lock switch, saddlebags and Tour-Pak.

Power Lock Fob

See Power Lock Fob. The power lock fob remotely locks and unlocks the fork lock knob, saddlebags and Tour-Pak. The power lock fob can actuate the locks while the motorcycle is on or

off.

1. Close the saddlebag and Tour-Pak lids. Secure latches.
2. If locking the forks, turn the handlebars to the full left position. Rotate the fork lock switch to the LOCKED position. Check that fork lock is engaged by pushing handlebars toward the right.
3. Press the lock button on the power lock fob. The turn signals flash twice to indicate the vehicle is locked.
4. To unlock, press the unlock button on the power lock fob. The turn signals flash once to indicate the vehicle is unlocked.
5. Rotate the fork lock to the UNLOCKED position. Open saddlebags and Tour-Pak as needed.

NOTE:

*Rotate the fork lock switch to the locked position **before** pressing the lock button on the power lock fob. Rotating the switch after pressing the lock button will cause the forks to remain unlocked.*

Power Lock Switches

See Power Lock Switches. The power lock switch in the inner fairing cap activates the power locks in the fork lock switch, saddlebags and Tour-Pak.

The power lock switches only actuate the locks when the motorcycle is turned on. The OFF/RUN switch must be set to RUN or the motorcycle must be in accessory mode.

1. Close saddlebag and Tour-Pak lids. Secure latches.
2. If locking the forks, turn the handlebars to the full left position. Rotate the fork lock switch to the LOCKED position. Check that fork lock is engaged by pushing handlebars toward the right.
3. To lock, push the OFF/RUN switch to RUN or hold the trigger switch to enter accessory mode. Press the lock switch in the fairing cap. The turn signals flash twice to indicate the vehicle is locked.
4. To unlock, push the OFF/RUN switch to RUN or hold the trigger switch to enter accessory mode. Press the unlock switch in the fairing cap. The turn signals flash once to indicate the vehicle is unlocked.
5. Rotate the fork lock to the UNLOCKED position. Open the saddlebags and Tour-Pak as needed.

Power Lock Fob Programming

The power lock fob must be programmed before using the fob with the vehicle.

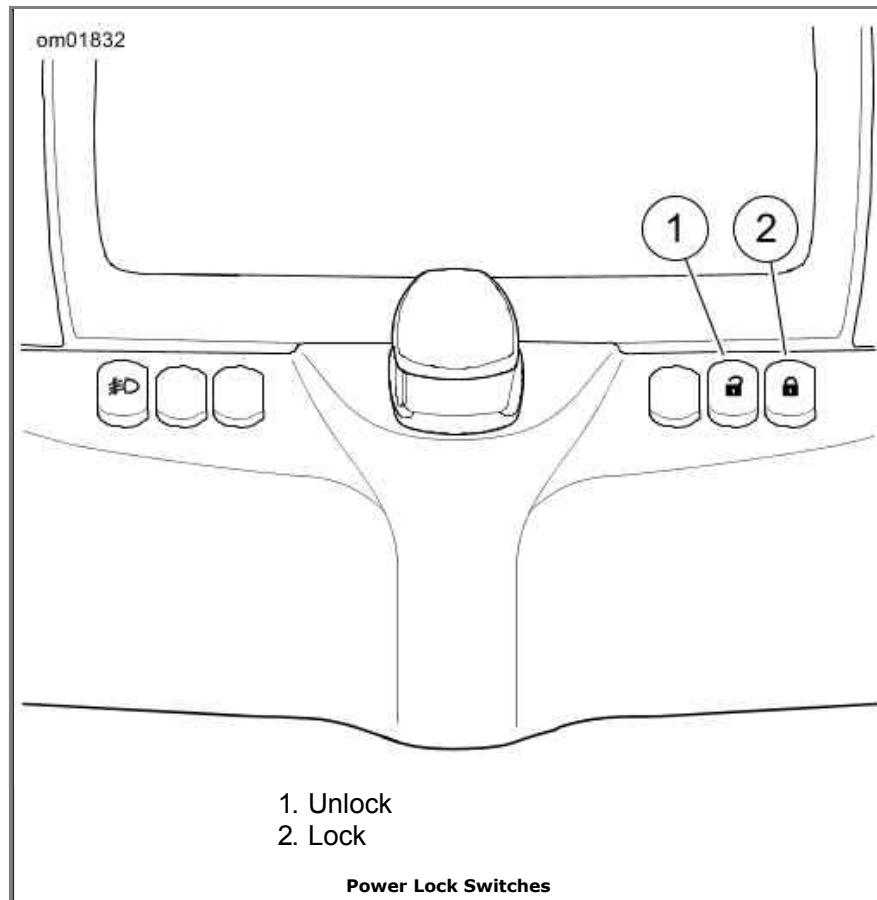
NOTES:

- *Verify that both saddlebags and the Tour-Pak power locks are functioning correctly when using the saddlebag/Tour-Pak lock switch.*
- *Leave the Tour-Pak lid open during programming to see the Tour-Pak power lock hook move during lock and unlock events.*

Entering Program Mode

1. Push the OFF/RUN switch to RUN.
2. See Power Lock Switches. Press the UNLOCK switch in the fairing cap panel. Wait 5 seconds.

3. Press LOCK switch.
4. Press UNLOCK switch 3 times.
5. Press LOCK switch 3 times.
6. Press and hold UNLOCK for 5 seconds. After 5 seconds, the actuators cycle the locks to locked then back to unlocked. Release the switch.
7. Wait 11 more seconds. The actuators will once again cycle to lock then back to unlock. The turn signals flash twice. The receiver enters program mode and remains in program mode for 30 seconds.



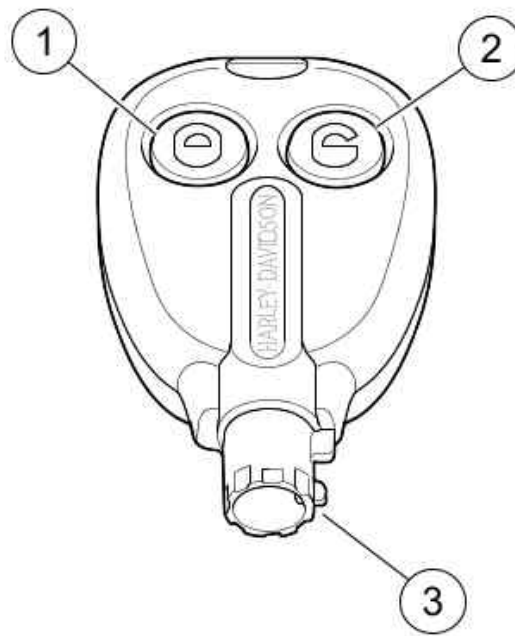
Program Mode

NOTE:

Pressing lock or unlock switches in the fairing cap panel during program mode will cause program mode to end.

1. See Power Lock Fob. Press and release the LOCK button on fob number 1 repeatedly until you hear the actuators lock. Verify the fob is programmed by pressing UNLOCK.
2. After fob number 1 is programmed, wait 5 seconds until the actuators cycle to lock then back to unlock. Now program fob number 2.
3. Repeat previous steps to program fob number 2.
4. The receiver will remain in program mode for 30 seconds. Repeat steps 1 and 2 to program any other fobs.
5. To exit program mode, perform one of the following:
 - a. Wait 30 seconds.
 - b. Press lock or unlock switch in the fairing cap panel.

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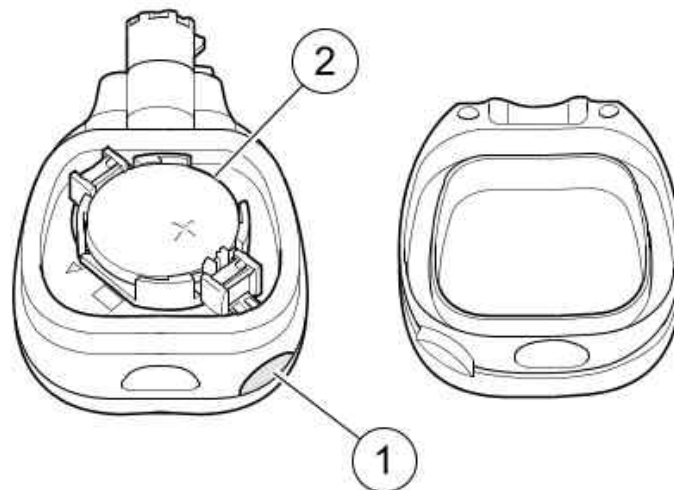


- 1. Lock
- 2. Unlock
- 3. Key

Power Lock Fob

Replacing the Battery

1. See Power Lock Fob Battery. Slowly turn a thin screwdriver blade in the thumbnail slot on the side of the fob to separate the two halves.
2. Remove the battery and discard.
3. Install a **new** battery (CR2032 or equivalent) with the positive (+) side facing up.
4. Align the two halves of the fob and snap together.



1. Thumbnail slot
2. Battery

Power Lock Fob Battery

FCC Regulations: Power Locks

FCC ID: VCR421860, IC ID: 7158A-42160

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with RSS-210 of Industry Canada rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

WARNING: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

The term "IC:" before the radio certification number only signifies that Industry Canada technical specifications were met.

Instruments

Speedometer

⚠WARNING

Travel at speeds appropriate for road and conditions and never travel faster than posted speed limit. Excessive speed can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00008a)

See Instruments. The speedometer registers forward vehicle speed in miles per hour (U.S.) or kilometers per hour (international).

Instrument backlighting activates after a slight delay. The backlighting may briefly fluctuate when ambient lighting changes (such as going through a tunnel).

Tachometer

CAUTION

See OPERATING RECOMMENDATIONS section. Do not operate the engine above maximum safe RPM as shown under OPERATION (red zone on tachometer). Lower the RPM by upshifting to a higher gear or reducing the amount of throttle. Failure to lower RPM may cause equipment damage. (00159a)

See Instruments. The tachometer measures the engine speed in revolutions per minute (rpm x 100).

Fuel Gauge

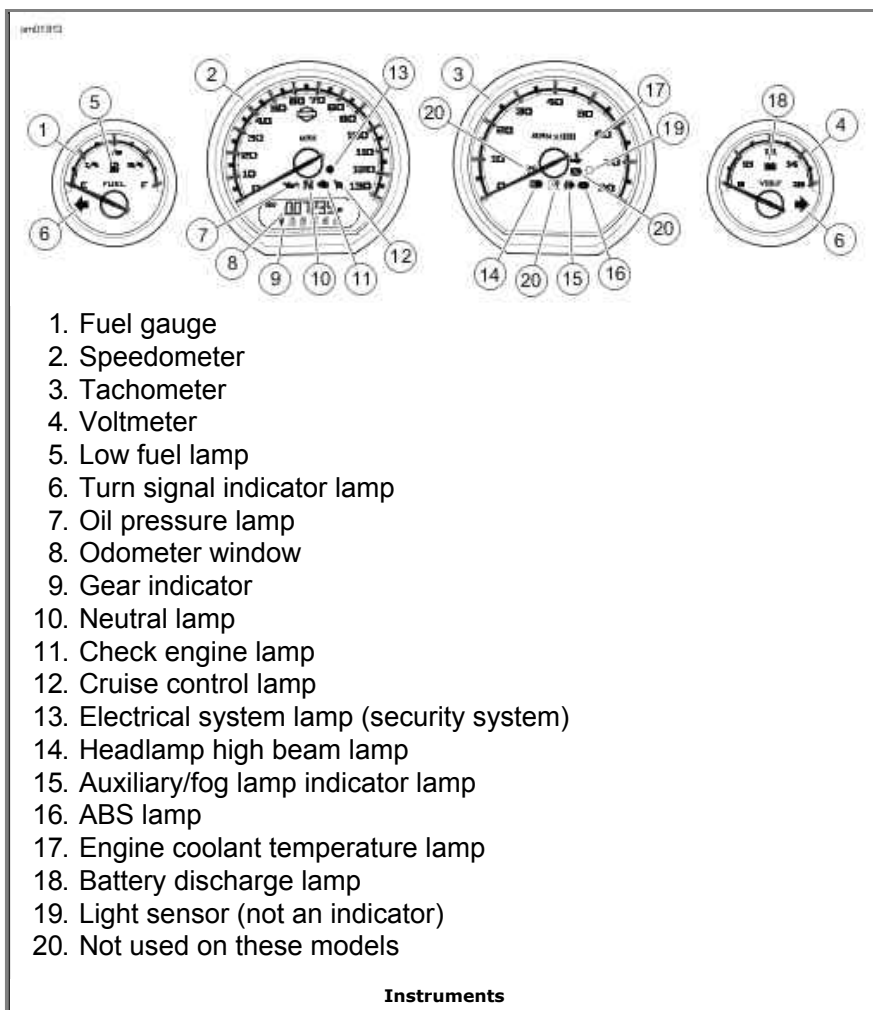
See Instruments. The fuel gauge indicates the approximate amount of fuel in the fuel tank.

Voltmeter

See Instruments. The voltmeter indicates the measured electrical system voltage. With the engine running above 1500 rpm, the voltmeter should register 13.0-14.5 volts with battery at full charge.

Vehicle Information

Additional vehicle information can be displayed within the infotainment system by pressing the vehicle information switch. See Hand Controls.



Indicator Lamps

Check Engine Lamp

See Instruments. The check engine lamp indicates the condition of the engine/engine management system.

The check engine lamp normally comes on when the motorcycle is first turned on and remains on for approximately 4 seconds. During this time, the engine management system runs a series of self-diagnostics.

If the engine lamp comes on at any other time, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

Low Fuel Lamp

Solid: See Instruments. The low fuel warning lamp indicates when the gasoline in the tank reaches the low fuel level (approximate). Refer to Capacities for the low fuel level. See Odometer Functions for fuel range features.

Flashing: If the low fuel lamp flashes continuously or remains on after filling the fuel tank, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

Battery Discharge Lamp

See Instruments. The battery discharge lamp indicates overcharging or undercharging of the battery. Refer to Battery Maintenance.

Electrical System Lamp

See Instruments. The electrical system lamp displays the status of the security system and electrical self-diagnostics for the motorcycle. Refer to Security System for security system operation.

Flashing: The security system is armed.

Solid (security system armed): The alarm has been activated.

Solid (security system disarmed): If the lamp remains on, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

Turn Signal Indicator Lamps

Flashing: A turn signal is activated. When the 4-way hazard flashers are operating, both turn indicators flash simultaneously.

Rapid flashing: A turn signal bulb is not operating. Exercise caution and use hand signals. Replace inoperative components at earliest opportunity.

Headlamp High Beam Lamp

See Instruments. The headlamp high beam lamp is on when the high beam or flash to pass switch is activated.

Neutral Lamp

See Instruments. The neutral lamp is on when the transmission is in neutral.

Cruise Control Lamp

Off: Cruise control is not enabled.

Orange: Cruise control is enabled. Cruising speed is not set or has been disengaged.

Green: Cruising speed is set. Vehicle speed is being maintained by the cruise control system.

Auxiliary/Fog Lamp Indicator Lamp

The auxiliary/fog lamp indicator is on when the auxiliary/fog lamps are turned on.

Gear Indicator

See Instruments. The currently selected gear (1-6) is displayed in the odometer window. The gear indicator is calculated from the vehicle speed and engine speed. The gear indicator remains blank when the transmission is in neutral, the clutch lever is pulled in or the vehicle is not moving.

The gear indicator may be momentarily inaccurate depending on rider clutch use characteristics and clutch wear. This can occur if the clutch is allowed to slip either due to excessive wear, misadjusted clutch or if the operator rides the clutch.

ABS Lamp

WARNING

If ABS lamp continues flashing at speeds greater than 3 mph (5 km/h) or remains on continuously, the ABS is not

operating. The standard brake system is operational, but wheel lock up can occur. Contact a Harley-Davidson Dealer to have ABS repaired. A locked wheel will skid and can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00361b)

Flashing: See Instruments. The ABS lamp begins flashing when the vehicle is turned on. The flashing lamp indicates that the system is in self-diagnosis mode. It continues to flash until motorcycle speed exceeds 3 mph 5 km/h . ABS is not operational until the lamp turns off.

Solid: Continuous illumination of the lamp indicates an ABS malfunction. ABS is disabled and the brakes are operating as if they were non-ABS brakes. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for service.

Engine Coolant Temperature Lamp

CAUTION

If the engine coolant temperature indicator lamp remains lit, always check the coolant level. If the coolant level is normal and the lamp is still lit, stop the engine at once and do not ride further until the trouble is located and the necessary repairs are made. Failure to do so may result in engine damage. (00158a)

⚠WARNING

Do not loosen or remove pressure cap when engine is hot. The cooling system is under pressure and hot coolant and steam can escape from pressure cap, which could cause severe burns. Allow engine to cool before servicing the cooling system. (00091b)

The engine coolant temperature lamp is on when the coolant has exceeded threshold temperature.

Check and add coolant as necessary. See Cooling System. For other possible coolant system issues, see Cooling System: Twin-Cooled Models.

If coolant level is sufficient and the lamp remains on, stop the engine immediately and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for service.

Oil Pressure Lamp

CAUTION

If the oil pressure indicator lamp remains lit, always check the oil supply first. If the oil supply is normal and the lamp is still lit, stop the engine at once and do not ride further until the trouble is located and the necessary repairs are made. Failure to do so may result in engine damage. (00157a)

See Instruments. The oil pressure lamp turns on when the motorcycle is turned on. The lamp remains on until the engine is started.

If the lamp is on while the engine is running, sufficient oil is not circulating through the engine.

Check and add engine oil as necessary. See Engine Oil Level. For other possible causes, see Engine.

If the engine oil level is sufficient and the lamp remains on, stop the engine immediately and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for service.

Odometer Functions

CAUTION

Never attempt to tamper with or alter the vehicle odometer. This is illegal. Tampering with or altering a vehicle odometer may cause equipment damage. (00160a)

Odometer

The odometer shows the total accumulated mileage for the motorcycle. Press the trigger switch to cycle through different odometer functions. The odometer can be displayed while the motorcycle is turned off by pressing the trigger switch.

Changing units: Motorcycles equipped with the BOOM! BOX INFOTAINMENT SYSTEM use the setup function in the radio to change the odometer units to ENGLISH or METRIC. See BOOM! BOX OWNER'S MANUAL. All odometer functions will display the selected units.

Trip Odometers

The two trip odometers (A and B) display the total accumulated mileage since they were last reset. To check, press and release the trigger switch until the desired trip odometer (A or B) is displayed.

Reset: With the desired trip odometer displayed (A or B), press and hold the trigger switch until the selected trip odometer resets to zero.

Fuel Range

The fuel range display shows the approximate mileage available with the amount of fuel left in the fuel tank. The range display is only updated when the vehicle is moving.

Display Fuel Range: With the motorcycle turned on or in accessory mode, press the trigger switch until fuel range is displayed. The fuel range is indicated by the letter "R" in the left side of the display. The calculated remaining distance (miles or kilometers) to empty is displayed, based on the amount of fuel in the tank.

Low Fuel: Refer to Capacities. The fuel range is automatically displayed in the odometer window when the low fuel lamp is on. When fuel range drops to 10 miles or 10 kilometers remaining, the odometer window displays "LO RNG" to indicate that the motorcycle is nearly out of fuel. Refuel as soon as possible.

Turn Off Automatic Low Fuel Popup: With the fuel range displayed, hold the trigger switch until the fuel range flashes two times. To turn this feature back on, hold the trigger switch until the fuel range flashes once.

Reset: Resetting the low fuel warning lamp and fuel range requires sufficient fuel in the tank and an ignition cycle change (RUN-OFF-RUN).

Adding at least 2 gallons 7.5 liters of fuel allows the fuel range to update. The fuel range slowly updates over the next 30 miles 50 kilometers after refueling.

Battery Reconnection and Initialization: If the battery is disconnected and reconnected, the gauge requires approximately a half tank of fuel to initialize fuel range functionality.

Tip Indicator

⚠ WARNING

If tip occurs, check all controls for proper operation. Restricted control movement can adversely affect the performance of the brakes, clutch or ability to shift, which could result in loss of vehicle control and death or serious injury. (00350a)

See Tip, Sidestand and Fork Locked Messages. If the motorcycle is tipped over, the word "tiP" appears in the odometer window. The engine will not start until the tip condition is reset.

Reset: Bring the motorcycle to the upright position. Push OFF/RUN switch to OFF. Push OFF/RUN switch to RUN.

No Fob Message

If the motorcycle has a security system and is driven off leaving the fob behind, 'NO FOB' temporarily displays in the odometer window.

With the motorcycle separated from its assigned fob, the motorcycle can only be started with a manual PIN entry to disarm the security system. See Arming and Disarming.

Sidestand Message

See Tip, Sidestand and Fork Locked Messages. Some vehicles have a jiffy stand interlock feature. A "Side Stand" message scrolls across the odometer if the jiffy stand is lowered while the motorcycle is in gear or while riding. See Jiffy Stand Interlock: International Models.

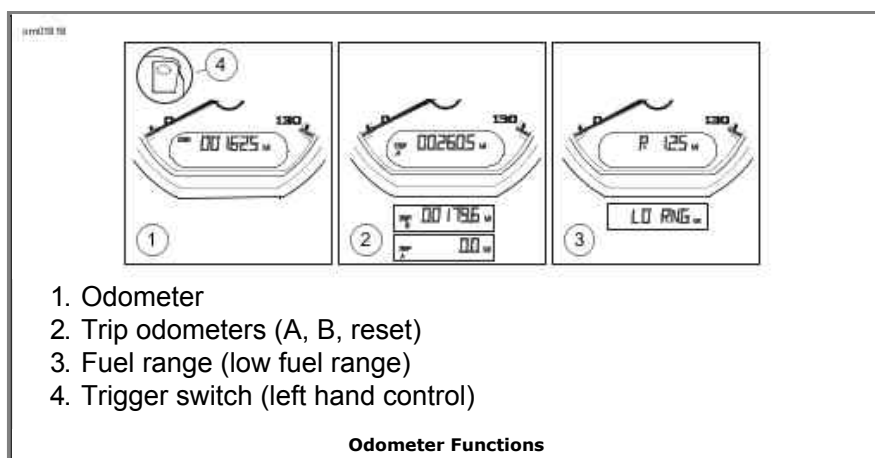
Clearing message (before starting motorcycle): Place transmission in neutral or raise jiffy stand.

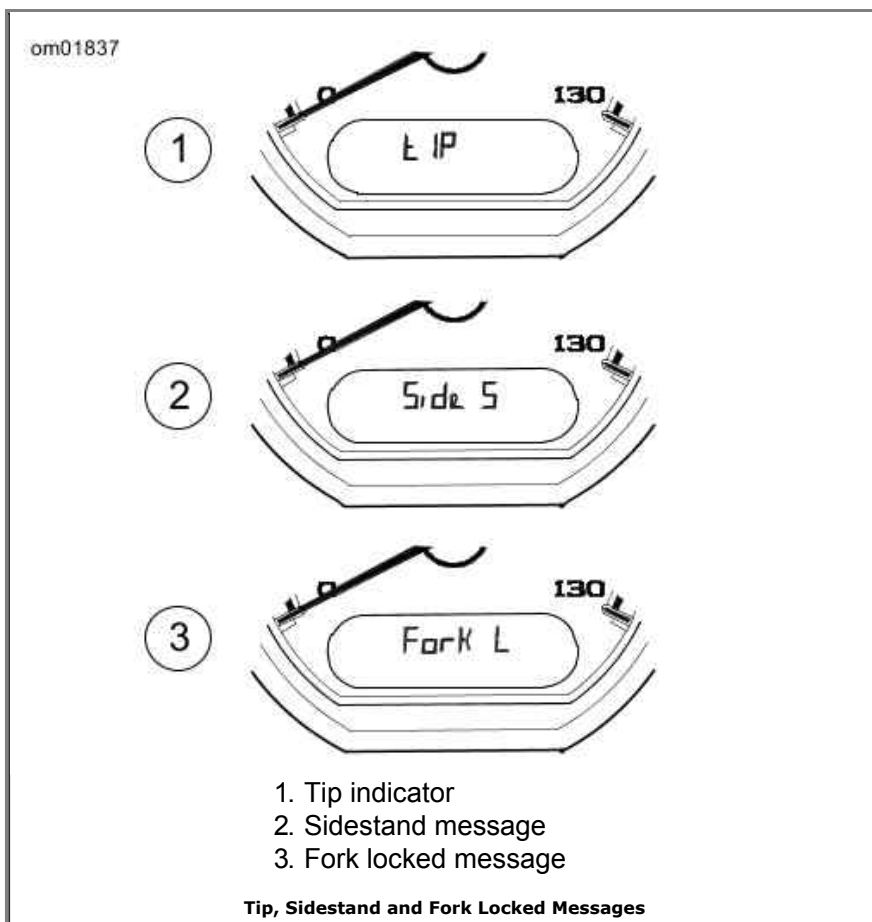
Clearing message (while riding): Safely bring the motorcycle to a stop. Raise jiffy stand.

Clearing message (temporarily): Press the trigger switch. The message clears momentarily before displaying again.

Fork Locked Message

See Tip, Sidestand and Fork Locked Messages. A "Forked Locked" message scrolls across the odometer to indicate that the fork lock knob is not in the unlocked position. Fully rotate the fork lock knob into the unlocked position to clear the message and enable the engine to be started.





Hand Controls

Engine OFF/RUN Switch

See Hand Controls. The engine OFF/RUN switch turns the engine power ON or OFF. The switch is in the right hand controls.

OFF: Press the top of the OFF/RUN switch to turn off the engine and shut down the motorcycle.

RUN: Press the bottom of the OFF/RUN switch to turn on ignition power before starting the motorcycle.

Engine Start/Hazard Warning Switch

See Hand Controls. The engine start/hazard warning switch is in the right hand controls.

START: Pressing the bottom of the switch operates the starter motor. See Starting the Engine.

1. Rotate the fork lock switch fully into the unlocked position.
2. Press the engine OFF/RUN switch to the RUN position. Put the transmission in neutral (neutral indicator lamp lit).
3. Press the START switch to operate starter motor (with security system fob present).

NOTE:

- The **START** switch does not attempt to start the engine when the vehicle is in gear and the clutch is engaged.
- If the engine does not start, the starter motor will operate for five seconds and then stop. Release and press the **START** switch. After several unsuccessful start attempts, see Engine. See an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for service.

Hazard Warning: Pressing the top of the switch (triangle symbol) operates the four-way flashers. This system allows a stranded motorcycle to be left in the four-way flashing mode and secured until help is found.

1. Press the OFF/RUN switch to RUN (or hold the trigger switch to enter accessory mode).
2. Press the hazard warning switch (triangle) to activate the four-way flashers.
3. Press the OFF/RUN switch to OFF (or hold the trigger switch to turn off accessory mode) (with security system fob present). The four-way flashers continue flashing for two hours or until the rider cancels operation. The security system will arm.
4. To cancel, press the OFF/RUN switch to RUN (with security system fob present). Press the hazard warning switch (triangle) to cancel the flashers.

Horn Switch

See Hand Controls. The horn is operated by pressing the HORN switch in the left hand controls. The horn can be activated for up to 10 seconds at a time. If the HORN switch is held for a longer period, the horn will automatically deactivate.

Headlamp Dimmer Switch

See Hand Controls. The headlamp dimmer switch is in the left hand controls. The switch has three positions.

High beam: Press the top of the switch to activate the high beam. The high beam indicator shows when the high beam is turned on.

Low beam: Press the lower portion of the switch to activate the low beam.

Flash to pass: Press and hold the bottom of the switch to flash the high beam lamp. When in accessory mode, press the flash to pass switch to activate the headlamp.

Turn Signal Switches

See Hand Controls. The turn signal switches are in the left and right hand controls.

Activating: Press and release the left or right turn signal switch to activate the turn signal lamps. The lamps flash until they are automatically canceled or manually canceled by the rider.

Automatic canceling: The turn signal lamps automatically cancel when a full turn has been detected. The lamps also cancel if the turn signal has been activated for a prolonged period while riding. The lamps will not cancel while the motorcycle remains stopped or at a very low speed.

Manual canceling: To cancel the turn signal, press and release the turn signal switch a second time. To activate the opposite turn signal, press and release the turn signal switch for the new direction. The first turn signal cancels and the opposite turn signal lamps begin flashing.

NOTES:

- If a turn signal indicator flashes rapidly, a turn signal bulb is not operating. Exercise caution and use hand signals. Replace inoperative components at earliest opportunity.
- Front turn signal lamps also function as running lamps on some vehicles.

Cruise Control Switch

See Hand Controls. The CRUISE/SET/RESUME switch automatically regulates the speed of the vehicle. See Cruise Control for detailed operation.

CRUISE: Press the CRUISE switch straight in to enable cruise control. The cruise control

indicator lights orange. Pressing the CRUISE switch again turns off cruise control.

SET/-: With cruise control enabled, press SET/- to set the cruising speed. The cruise control indicator lights green. While at cruising speed, press SET/- to decrease the regulated speed.

RESUME/+: If cruise control is disengaged (such as a braking event), press RESUME/+ to resume the previous cruising speed. While at cruising speed, press RESUME/+ to increase speed.

Push-To-Talk (PTT)/Squelch Switch

See Hand Controls. The Push-To-Talk (PTT)/Squelch (SQ+/SQ-) switch is used to operate the CB radio or rider/passenger intercom on equipped vehicles. See the BOOM! BOX OWNER'S MANUAL for complete instructions.

PTT: With the CB or intercom turned on and headset connected, press and hold the PTT switch to transmit over the CB or through the intercom. Release the PTT switch to end transmission.

SQ+/SQ-: The CB audio remains muted until a CB signal stronger than the squelch level is received. Press SQ- to decrease the squelch threshold (allowing more signals and noise). Press SQ+ to raise the squelch threshold (allowing only stronger signals).

Voice Command Switch

See Hand Controls. The voice command switch activates the voice recognition features on equipped vehicles. With a headset connected, press the voice command switch. The radio shows a list of available commands. Speak the desired command into the headset microphone. See the BOOM! BOX OWNER'S MANUAL.

Vehicle Information Switch

See Hand Controls. On equipped vehicles, press the vehicle information switch to display the following items on the radio screen when the radio is turned on. See the BOOM! BOX OWNER'S MANUAL.

Air Temperature: Displays the measured ambient air temperature.

Engine Oil Pressure: Displays the engine oil pressure. Engine oil pressure will normally vary from 5 psi 34 kPa at idle speed to 30-38 psi 207-262 kPa at 2000 rpm when engine is at normal operating temperature of 230 °F 110 °C .

EITMS: Displays the status of the Engine Idle Temperature Management System (EITMS). The status may be ACTIVE, ENABLED or DISABLED. See Engine Idle Temperature Management System.

HOME/VOLUME/SEEK Switch

See Hand Controls. The HOME/VOLUME/SEEK five-way switch operates radio features on equipped vehicles. See the BOOM! BOX OWNER'S MANUAL.

HOME: Press the HOME switch straight in to transition to the HOME screen on the radio.

VOLUME: Press the switch up to increase volume or down to decrease volume.

SEEK: Press the switch to the left or right to seek up/down for a radio station or to select the previous/next media file.

CURSOR/SELECT Switch

See Hand Controls. The CURSOR/SELECT five-way switch operates radio features on equipped vehicles. See the BOOM! BOX OWNER'S MANUAL.

SELECT: Press the SELECT switch straight in to select or toggle a feature on the radio screen.

CURSOR: Press the switch in the desired direction to move the cursor or selection on the radio screen.

Trigger Switch

See Hand Controls. The trigger switch is on the front of the left hand controls.

Vehicle off: Press the trigger switch to display the accumulated mileage in the odometer.

Vehicle in accessory/ignition mode: Press the trigger switch to cycle through the odometer functions. See Odometer Functions.

Front Brake Lever

WARNING

Do not position fingers between hand control lever and handlebar grip. Improper hand positioning can impair control lever operation and cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00032a)

See Hand Controls. The front brake lever is on the right handlebar and is operated with the fingers of the right hand. Squeeze the brake lever to actuate the front brakes. See Brake System.

Throttle Control Grip

See Hand Controls. The throttle control grip is on the right handlebar and is operated with the right hand.

Decelerate: Slowly turn throttle control grip clockwise (toward front of motorcycle) to close the throttle.

Accelerate: Slowly turn throttle control grip counterclockwise (toward rear of motorcycle) to open the throttle.

Roll-off position: The throttle control grip can be turned clockwise slightly past the idle position. Turning to the roll-off position disengages cruising speed. The roll-off position is also used when enabling/disabling EITMS. See Engine Idle Temperature Management System.

Clutch Hand Lever

WARNING

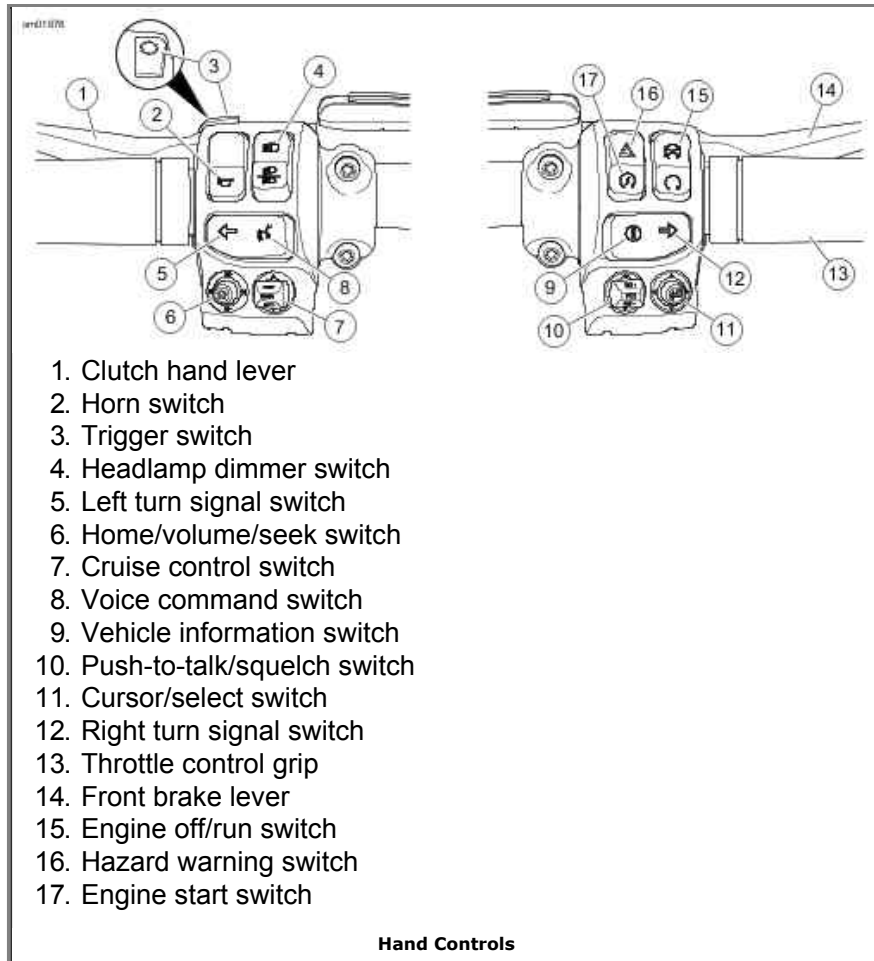
Do not position fingers between hand control lever and handlebar grip. Improper hand positioning can impair control lever operation and cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00032a)

See Hand Controls. The clutch hand lever is on the left handlebar and is operated with the fingers of the left hand.

1. Slowly pull clutch hand lever in against handlebar grip to fully disengage clutch.

2. Shift to first gear using the gear shifter lever. See Gear Shift Lever.
3. Slowly release the clutch hand lever to engage clutch.

The vehicle can be started in any gear as long as the clutch lever is pulled in. If the clutch is not disengaged, the vehicle will not start when in gear.



Heated Hand Grips

See Heated Hand Grips. Models with heated hand grips have a variable heat control dial located on the end of the left hand grip.

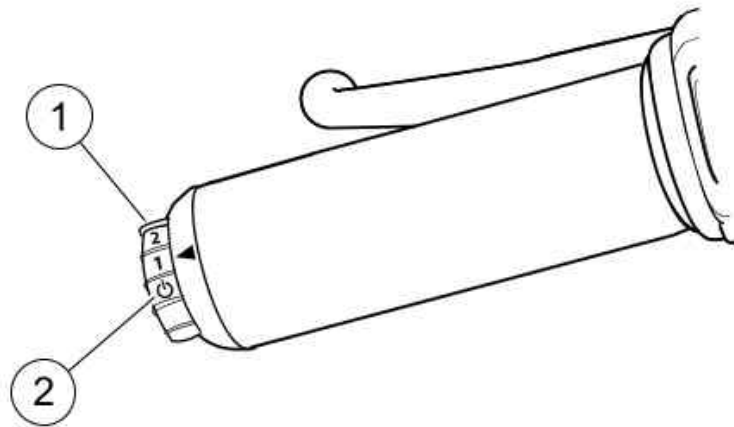
Rotate the control dial to align the desired setting with the arrow on the grip. The heat settings range from 1 (minimum) to 6 (peak). Rotate to the OFF icon to turn off heat.

The hand grips are thermostatically-controlled, providing a constant grip temperature regardless of changes in the outside temperature. To prevent battery drain, heated hand grips should only be used while the engine is running.

The sensor for thermostatic control is housed in the left hand grip. Maintaining consistent hand contact with both left and right hand grips will produce the most consistent results. If the hand grips are not producing heat, see Heated Hand Grips.

NOTE:

Allow approximately 20 minutes for grips to reach final operating temperature.



1. Control dial
2. Heat off

Heated Hand Grips

Cruise Control

⚠ WARNING

Do not use the cruise control system in heavy traffic, on roads with sharp or blind curves or on slippery roads of any kind. Using the cruise control in these circumstances can cause loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00083a)

⚠ WARNING

Travel at speeds appropriate for road and conditions and never travel faster than posted speed limit. Excessive speed can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00008a)

Cruise control can be engaged to automatically maintain the cruising speed of the motorcycle. The rider remains in control and may disengage cruise control at any time by applying the brakes, pulling the clutch lever, rolling back the throttle or turning off cruise control.

Cruise control can be engaged at speeds between 30 mph 48 km/h and 90 mph 145 km/h . The system will not engage at speeds outside this range.

While cruising, the rider can increase speed 10 mph 16 km/h or more (depending on how hard the rider rolls on the throttle and the condition of the vehicle) over the SET point before the system automatically deactivates. This allows the rider to momentarily increase speed, if necessary. Rolling on the throttle too greatly may disengage the system.

NOTE:

Non-specified tires or gearing impact cruise control operation.

Set Cruising Speed

1. See Hand Controls. Press the CRUISE switch straight in to enable cruise control. The cruise control lamp turns orange to indicate that cruise control is enabled. See Instruments.
2. With the motorcycle traveling at the desired cruising speed of 30-90 mph 48-145 km/h , momentarily press SET to engage cruise control at the current vehicle speed. The cruise control lamp turns green to indicate that the selected cruising speed is locked in.

Disengage Cruising Speed

When cruising speed is disengaged, the cruise control indicator lamp turns orange. Cruise control is still enabled and the previous cruising speed can be resumed. Cruising speed automatically disengages when any of the following events are detected.

- Front or rear brake is applied.
- Motorcycle clutch is disengaged (module senses too great an increase in engine rpm).
- Throttle is rolled off or closed, actuating roll-off (disengage) switch.
- Rolling on the throttle more than 10 mph 16 km/h above the SET speed (depending on how hard the rider rolls on the throttle and the condition of the vehicle).
- The CRUISE switch is pressed straight in (cruise control turns off).
- Vehicle speed is out of the operating range.

Resume Cruising Speed

If the system is disengaged using one of the methods described in DISENGAGE CRUISING SPEED, the system is still enabled. The previous SET speed is retained and can be resumed until cruise control is turned off.

See Hand Controls. To resume the previous SET speed, press RESUME.

Cruise control will not resume if the vehicle speed is more than 15 mph 24 km/h below the previous SET speed. In this case, press SET to engage a new cruising speed.

Increase/Decrease Cruising Speed

With the cruising speed set, momentarily press RESUME/+ to increase speed, or press SET/- to decrease speed. The cruising speed increases or decreases by 1 mph 1.6 km/h .

Holding the switch increases or decreases speed in increments of 1 mph 1.6 km/h until the switch is released. There is a delay of about 2 seconds before the speed changes.

Deactivate Cruising Speed

Press the CRUISE switch straight in to turn off cruise control. The cruise control lamp turns off to indicate that the system is off. Cruise control must be turned back on before setting a new cruising speed. Cruise control also deactivates when shutting off and restarting the motorcycle.

Accessory Switch Panel

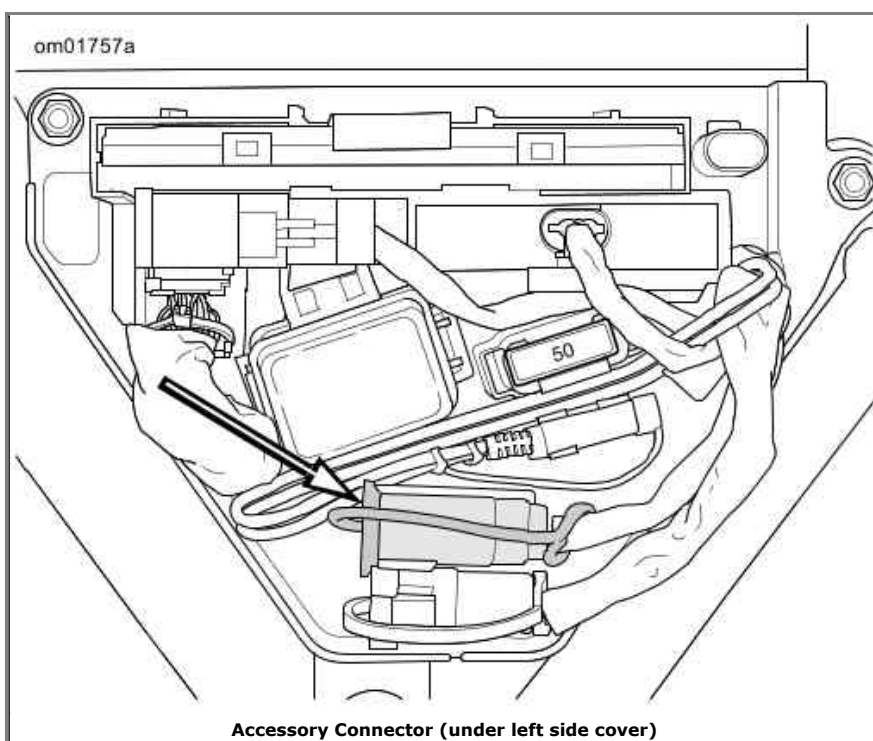
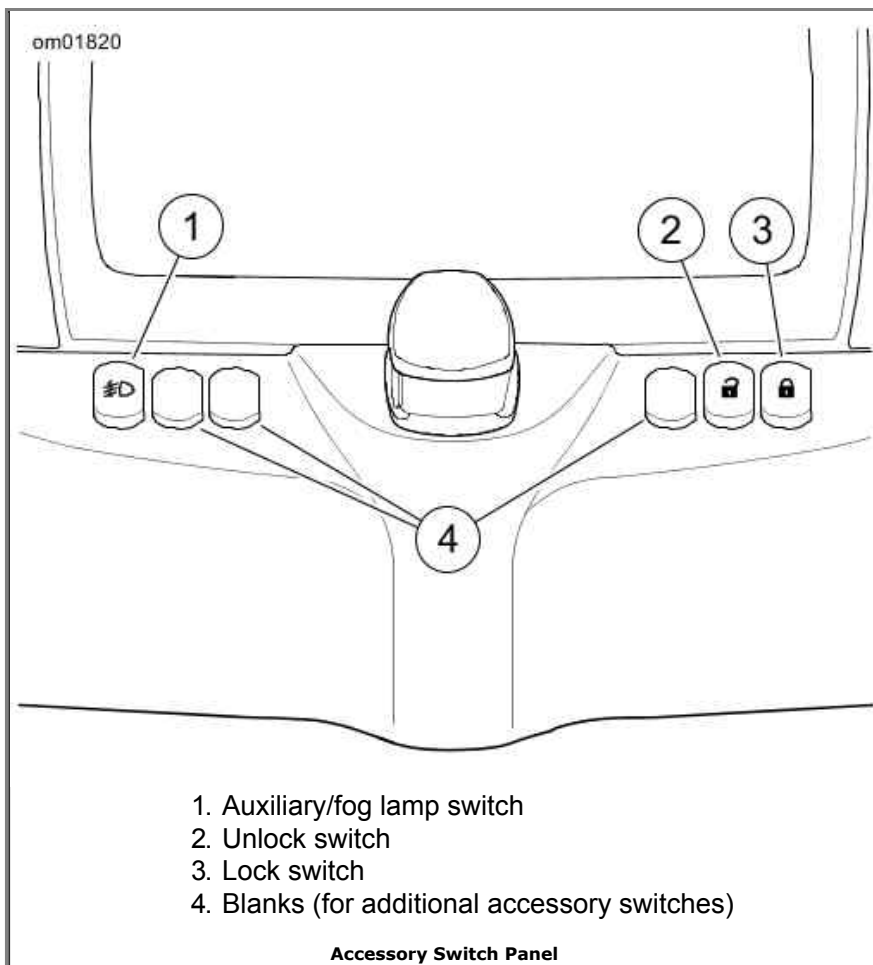
CAUTION

It is possible to overload your vehicle's charging system by adding too many electrical accessories. If the combined electrical accessories operating at any one time consume more electrical current than the vehicle's charging system can produce, the electrical consumption can discharge the battery and cause damage to the vehicle's electrical system. See an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for advice about the amount of current consumed by

additional electrical accessories or for necessary wiring changes. (00211c)

See Accessory Switch Panel. A panel for accessory switches is in the fairing cap. Switches can be added for installed accessories. The maximum load per switch is 2 amps.

See Accessory Connector (under left side cover). An accessory connector is under the left side cover. See a Harley-Davidson dealer or www.harley-davidson.com for electrical accessories that may be purchased and installed on the motorcycle.



Auxiliary/Fog Lamps

The auxiliary/fog lamps provide additional light to the road and surrounding environment in dark or rainy conditions. The lamps also give the motorcycle more visibility to other motorists.

See Accessory Switch Panel. The auxiliary/fog lamp switch is on the left side of the fairing cap. When the lamps are on, the auxiliary/fog lamp indicator is displayed in the instruments as shown in Instruments.

Domestic/Canada configurations: The auxiliary/fog lamps are configured to automatically turn off when the high beam headlamp is turned on, except as required by state/province.

Auxiliary/fog lamps can be configured to turn on or off with high beam by the dealer, based on legal requirements for each location.

Passenger Controls

See Passenger Controls. Some vehicles have passenger controls on the right side of the Tour-Pak. These controls allow the passenger to operate functions in the infotainment system. See BOOM! BOX OWNER'S MANUAL for detailed instructions.

Mode Switch

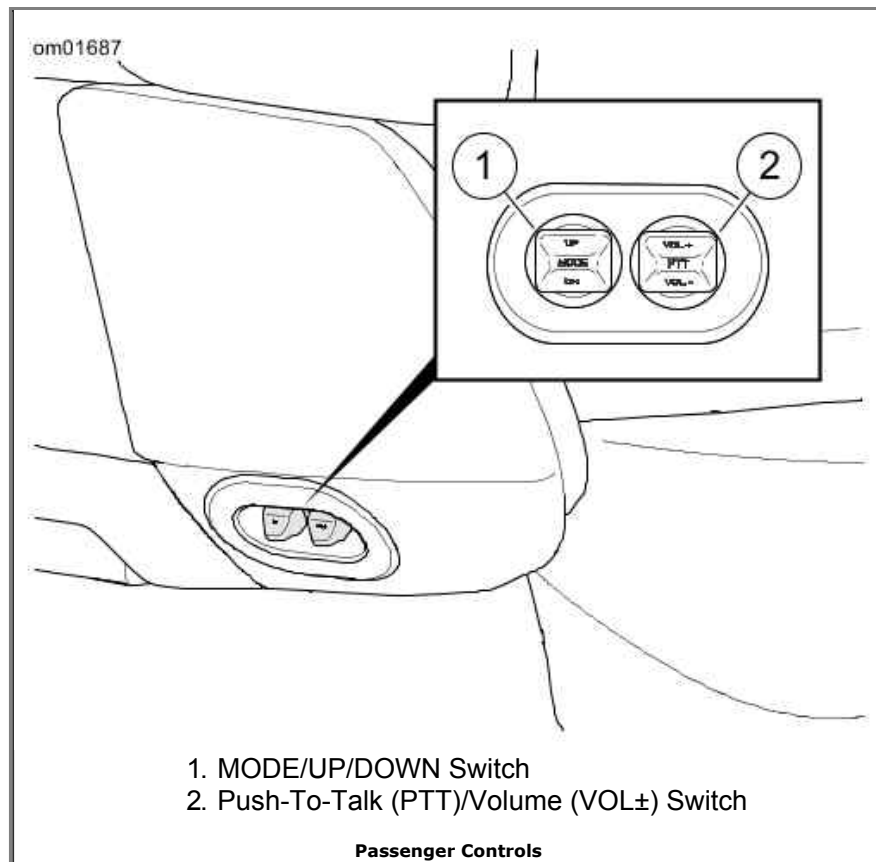
MODE: Press switch straight in to select the next available audio source.

UP/DN: Press switch up/down to select the previous/next radio station or media file.

Push-To-Talk (PTT)/Volume (VOL) Switch

PTT: Press switch to transmit over CB or intercom.

VOL+/VOL-: Press switch up/down to raise/lower the volume to the passenger headset.



Boom! Box Infotainment System

⚠WARNING

Set volume levels and other controls on audio and electronic devices before riding. Distractions can lead to loss of control, resulting in death or serious injury. (00088b)

⚠WARNING

Set CB channel, squelch threshold and volume before riding to minimize adjustments on the road. Distractions can lead to loss of control, resulting in death or serious injury. (00089a)

⚠WARNING

Do not select a volume level that blocks out traffic noise or interrupts the concentration necessary for safe operation of the motorcycle. Distractions or a volume level that blocks out traffic noise could cause loss of control resulting in death or serious injury. (00539b)

NOTES:

- See *BOOM! BOX OWNER'S MANUAL* for a complete description of features and instructions for operation.
- Perform system setup and get familiar with the controls and features of the infotainment system before operating the motorcycle on the road.
- For additional instruction and information, see an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer and online resources at www.harley-davidson.com/touring.

See Boom! Box Infotainment System. Some vehicles have a Boom! Box infotainment system. The system operates while the motorcycle is turned on or in accessory mode. The following controls are on the radio.

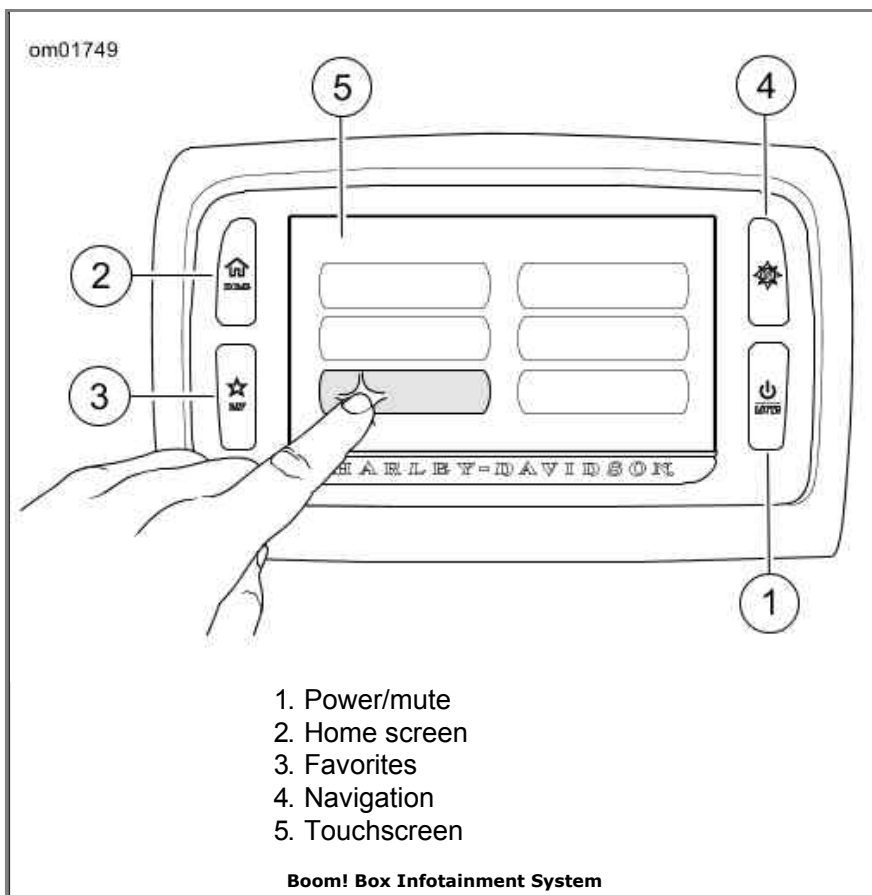
Power/Mute: Press and hold to turn the system on/off. Press briefly to mute/unmute audio and pause media.

Home: Press to display the home screen.

Favorites: Press to display the saved favorite.

Navigation: On equipped models, press this switch to enter GPS navigation (or to display compass on some models).

Touchscreen: Select items on the touchscreen to operate the infotainment system. The touchscreen can be operated while wearing riding gloves. The touchscreen has a replaceable screen protector which must remain on the screen. Damage to the screen due to use without a screen protector will not be covered under warranty.



Media Compartment

See Media Compartment. The Jukebox media compartment is an enclosure in the dash which may be used to connect a media device or store small items. Media players and USB storage devices with media files can be connected to the USB port. Radio system updates are also performed through a USB storage device.

The USB port charges the connected device while the motorcycle is turned on or while in accessory mode. See BOOM! BOX OWNER'S MANUAL to install updates or play files.

Open: See Media Compartment. Push lower portion of door and release.

Close: Firmly push the door shut until latch engages.

Install USB or media device: See USB Port. Connect device to the USB port. Rest device in the padded cradle. Close the compartment door.

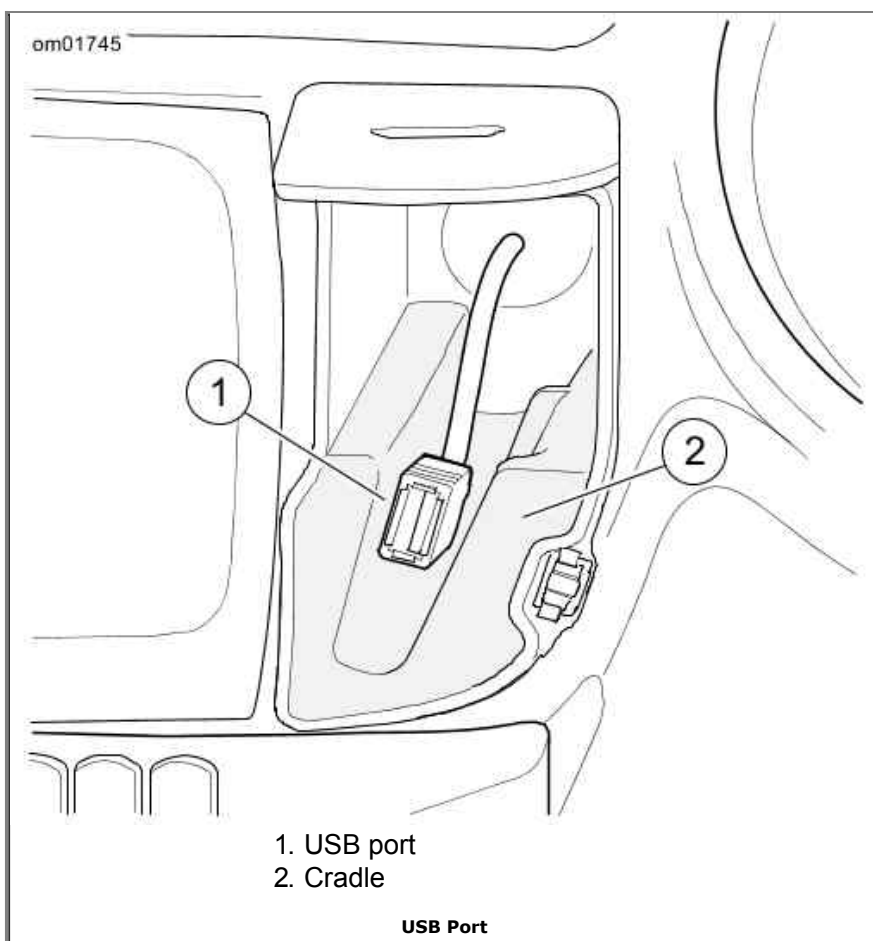
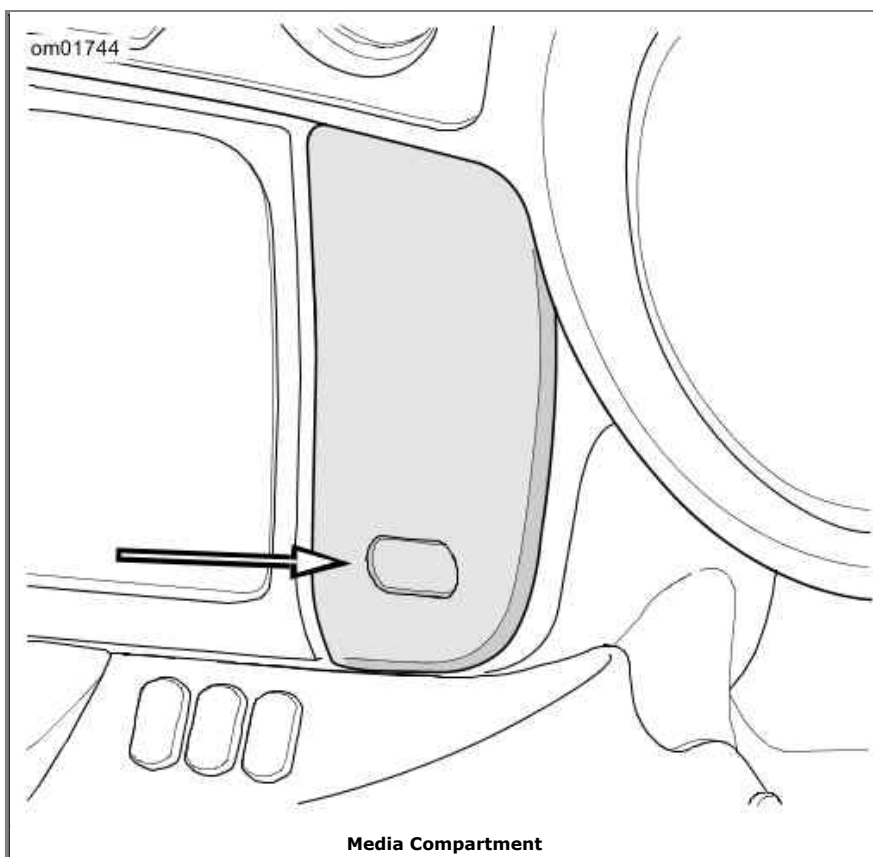
Door latch reset: If compartment door was forced open or is not latching properly, the door latch may need to be reset. Push the door shut. Open the door. Close the door again to engage the latch mechanism.

Keep door closed while riding to prevent items from falling out. Remove valuable items from the media compartment before leaving the vehicle unattended.

The cradle can be removed to clean within the media compartment. Install the cradle before riding to prevent media devices from moving in the compartment and to minimize vibration.

NOTE:

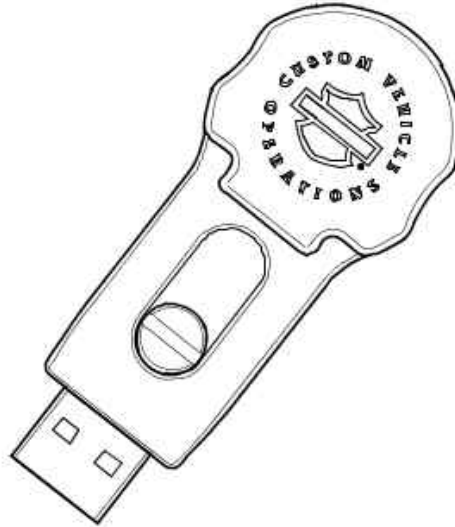
*Do **not** use media players with hard drives. Vibration may cause internal damage.*



USB Flash Drive

See USB Flash Drive. The motorcycle includes a 16 GB USB flash drive which can be used for media files, software updates to the radio or other general use.

om01833



USB Flash Drive

Headset Connectors

CAUTION

Do not pull on the cord to remove the headset from the socket. Pull on the headset jack to disconnect the headset from the socket. (00174a)

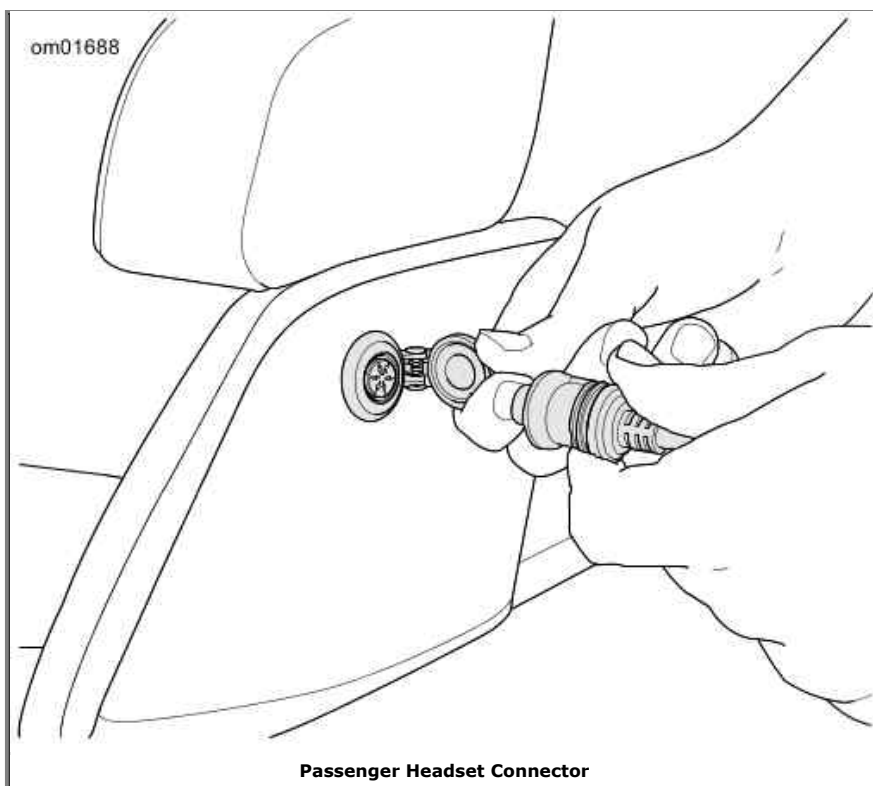
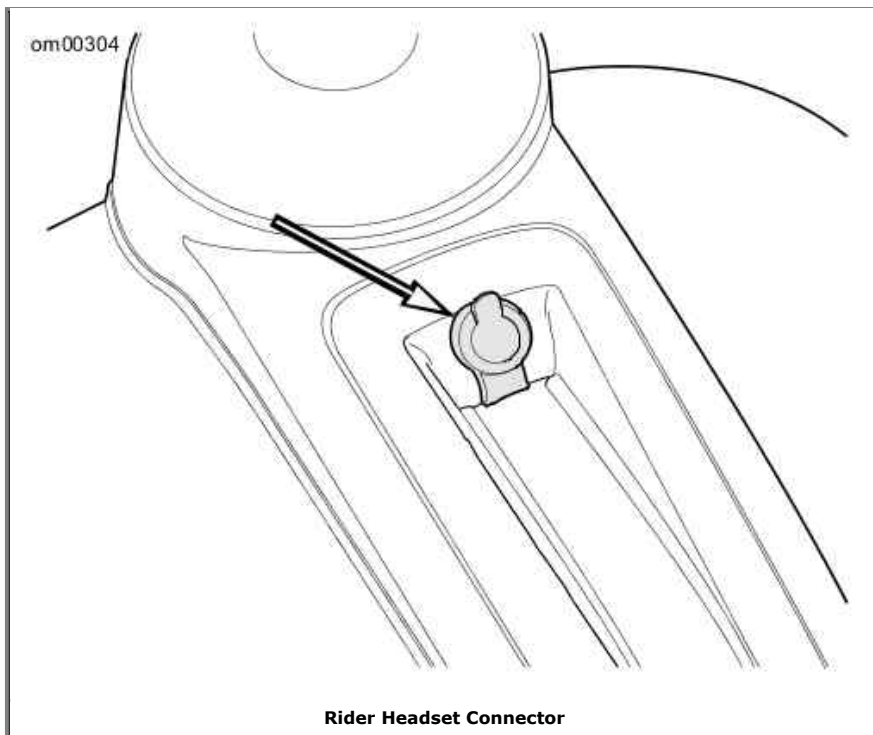
See Rider Headset Connector and Passenger Headset Connector. Some vehicles have a rider headset connector on the fuel tank panel and a passenger headset connector on the left speaker pod. The headsets are used to operate the CB, intercom, voice command and other features on equipped models.

Use the Harley-Davidson 7-pin DIN headset that is supplied with equipped models or purchased from a Harley-Davidson dealer. Other headset microphones will not work. See the instructions that are included with the headset to install in a helmet.

Connect the headset by aligning the ridge on the headset with the slot on the connector.

Audio routing for the headset is controlled through the radio. Volume and push-to-talk functions are done using the rider and passenger hand controls. See the BOOM! BOX OWNER'S MANUAL.

The socket caps remain shut when not in use to prevent dirt and water from entering the socket. Close both socket caps before washing the motorcycle.



Electronic Throttle Control (ETC)

The motorcycle is equipped with Electronic Throttle Control (ETC). Instead of using a mechanical cable connection to the throttle body, this technology uses redundant grip sensors to indicate rider requested throttle position to the Electronic Control Module (ECM). The ECM then regulates proper fuel/air intake and ignition timing based on the rider's actions. The grip sensor is manufactured with internal cams and spring retainer for natural feel and operation.

In the event of a component failure, the ETC operation is designed for rider safety and continued motorcycle operation. The Electronic Control Module monitors the status of the grip sensors, throttle plate actuation and airflow. If any problems are detected, the motorcycle will disable cruise control, illuminate the check engine lamp and revert to one of the following fallback modes.

ETC Limited Performance Mode

The rider will experience near-normal operation. The motorcycle will operate with provisions to guard against unintended acceleration.

ETC Power Management Mode

The throttle plate actuator returns to an "idle detent" or "limp-home" position, which will provide enough torque to achieve speed of about 25 mph 40 km/h . The motorcycle's response to grip sensor input is significantly reduced.

ETC Forced Idle Mode

The throttle plate actuator is forced to a "fast idle" position, which will provide enough torque to crawl, but not enough torque to operate at traffic speeds.

ETC Forced Shutdown Mode

The engine is forced to shut down.

Gear Shift Lever

Location

See Gear Shift Lever. The gear shift lever is located on the left side of the motorcycle and is operated with the left foot. The shift lever changes gears in a sequential six-speed transmission.

Shift Pattern

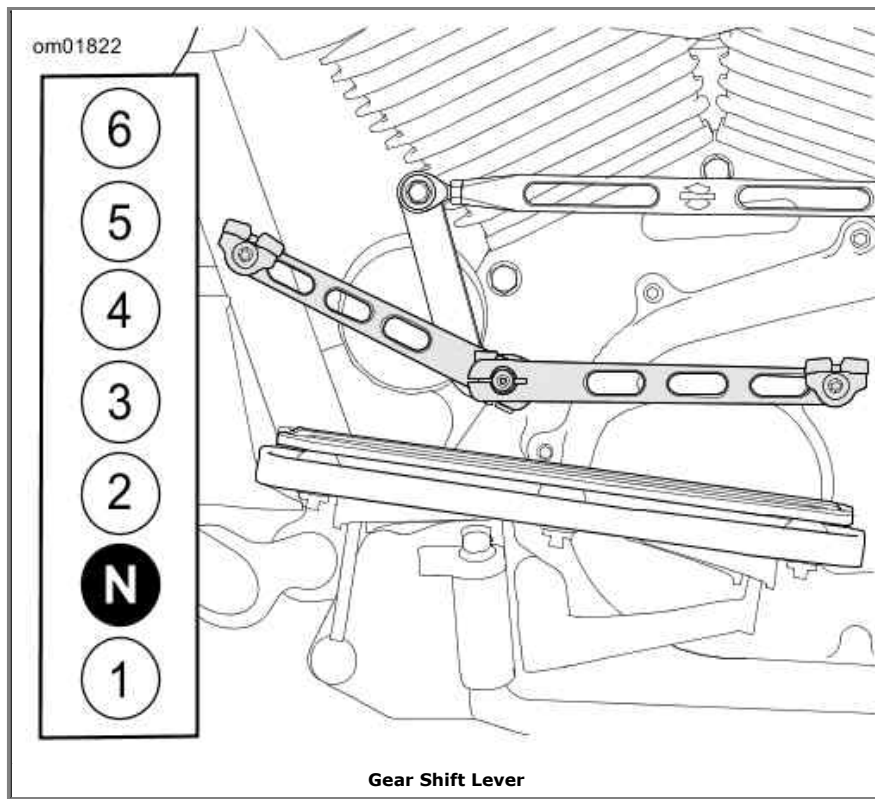
CAUTION

The clutch must be fully disengaged before attempting a gear shift. Failure to fully disengage the clutch can result in equipment damage. (00182a)

See Gear Shift Lever. Each gear must be engaged in sequence. Lift the gear shift lever to upshift and press the lever to downshift. After each gear change, release the gear shift lever to allow it to return to its resting position. See Shifting Gears.

Neutral

Neutral is located between first and second gear. The transmission can be shifted to neutral from either first or second gear. Lift or press the gear shift lever 1/2 of its stroke. In neutral, the indicator lamp will light.



Heel-Toe Foot Shifter

See Heel-Toe Foot Shift Lever. Some motorcycles have a heel-toe shifter lever. Upshifts can be made with the heel of the left foot. Upshifts and downshifts can be made with the toe.

Downshift (toe): Push toe shift lever all the way down (full stroke)

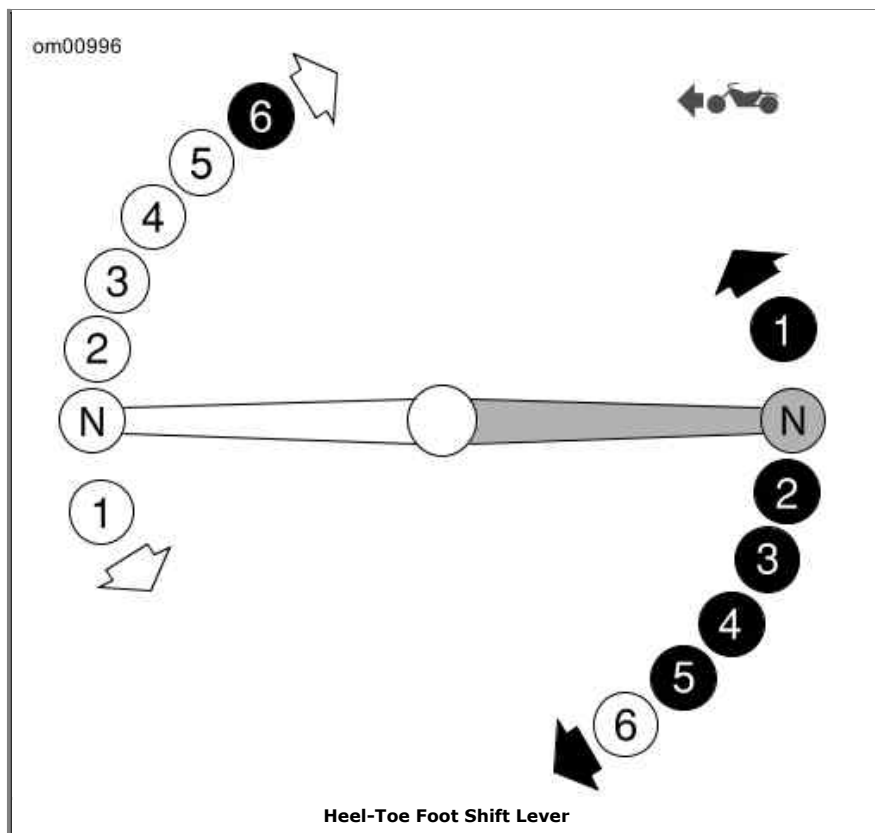
Upshift (toe): Lift the toe shift lever all the way up (full stroke)

Upshift (heel): Push the heel shift lever all the way down (full stroke)

Release the foot shift lever after each gear change to allow the lever to return to its center position before another gear change.

NOTE:

The height of the heel and toe shift levers can be adjusted for rider preference. Verify that full lever movement is available after adjustment. See the service manual.



Reflex Linked ABS Brake System

The motorcycle is equipped with a Reflex™ Linked ABS Brake System. See Brake System and Reflex Linked Brake Operation for operation.

Also see the ABS DVD originally provided with the motorcycle when purchased. For a replacement DVD, see an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer.

Brake System

General

The rear brake pedal controls the rear wheel brake and is located on the motorcycle's right side. Operate the rear brake pedal with the right foot.

The front brake hand lever controls the front wheel brake and is located on the right handlebar. Operate the hand lever with the fingers of the right hand.

⚠ WARNING

Do not position fingers between hand control lever and handlebar grip. Improper hand positioning can impair control lever operation and cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00032a)

Anti-lock Brake System (ABS)

Harley-Davidson's anti-lock brake system assists the rider in maintaining control when braking in a straight-line emergency situation. ABS operates independently on front and rear brakes to keep the wheels rolling and prevent uncontrolled wheel lock-ups either on dry pavement or on slick surfaces such as gravel, leaves or when riding in wet conditions.

How ABS Works

The ABS monitors sensors at the front and rear wheels to determine wheel speed. If the system detects one or both wheels are slowing down too quickly, which indicates they are close to locking, or if the deceleration rate does not match a criteria stored in memory, the ABS reacts. The system rapidly opens and closes valves to modulate the brake pressure being applied by the rider. During ABS activation, the system provides the electronic equivalent of manually pumping the brakes and is capable of cycling up to seven times per second.

The rider will recognize ABS activation by the slight pulsing sensation in the hand lever or the rear brake pedal. The pulsing sensation may also be accompanied by a clicking sound from the ABS module. Both are the result of normal operation. Refer to ABS Symptoms and Conditions.

How To Use ABS

While an advantage in emergency braking, ABS is not a substitute for safe riding. The safest way to stop a motorcycle is upright with both wheels straight.

Harley-Davidson ABS is a manual assist system. When in an emergency stopping situation, maintain pressure on the brakes through all ABS events. Do not modulate or "pump" the brake controls. The wheels will not lock until the end of the stop when motorcycle speed reaches approximately 4 mph 6 kph and ABS is no longer needed.

⚠WARNING

ABS cannot prevent lockup of rear wheel due to engine braking. ABS will not aid in cornering or on loose/uneven surfaces. A locked wheel will skid and can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00362a)

ABS: Tires and Wheels

Motorcycles equipped with ABS must always use Harley-Davidson tires and wheels. The ABS monitors the rotational speed of the wheels through individual wheel speed sensors. Changing to different diameter wheels or different sized tires can alter the rotational speed. This can upset the calibration of the ABS and have an adverse effect on its ability to detect and prevent uncontrolled wheel lockups. Operating at tire pressures other than those specified in Specified Tires can reduce ABS braking performance.

ABS Symptoms and Conditions

SYMPTOM	CONDITION
ABS lamp continuously lit	ABS malfunction detected. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for service.
ABS lamp flashing	This indicates a normal self-diagnostics process when the motorcycle is first turned on and the speed is under 3 mph 5 km/h . ABS is not operational until the lamp turns off. If the lamp continues flashing at speeds greater than 3 mph 5 km/h , see a Harley-Davidson dealer for service.
Pulsing brake lever or pedal during an ABS event	Normal condition.
Clicking sound during an ABS event	Normal condition.
"Surge"	Normal condition. This is most noticeable when braking with one brake (front only)

sensation while braking	or rear only). Result of a reduction in deceleration which can be caused by cracks or bumps in road, engine braking (high engine RPMs causing the rear wheel to slow down), hard braking at slow speeds, and other conditions. This is due to ABS modulating caliper brake pressure to prevent uncontrolled wheel lock.
Temporarily stiff rear brake pedal	Normal condition. Engine braking (high engine RPMs causing the rear wheel to slow down) or down shifting can activate ABS. If applying the rear brake at the same time or immediately after, the ABS may be closing a valve to prevent pressure to the rear brake. This is due to ABS modulating caliper brake pressure to prevent uncontrolled wheel lock.
Tire chirp	Normal condition. Depending on surface, tire can chirp without locking the wheel.
Black mark on pavement	Normal condition. Depending on surface, tire can leave a black mark without locking the wheel.
Wheel lock at low speed	Normal condition. ABS will not activate on front wheel below 3 mph 5 km/h or on rear wheel below 5 mph 8 km/h .

Reflex Linked Brake Operation

2014 and later Touring motorcycles with the Reflex anti-lock brake system have electronically linked brake functionality. This linked brake system provides more responsiveness and allows for more balanced front and rear braking under a wide variety of brake applications.

At speeds greater than 20-25 mph 32-40 km/h , the system dynamically adjusts the linking for the amount of brake applied as well as vehicle speed to achieve a more optimized brake balance. The system provides more linking when the rider is applying heavier braking, and reduces or eliminates linking for light braking and low speeds.

When linked, applying the front brake lever alone will cause the system to also dynamically apply an amount of braking to the rear. Applying the rear brake pedal alone will cause the system to also apply an amount of braking to the left front caliper. When applying both brakes, the system attempts to dynamically balance braking across both the front and rear wheels.

At speeds less than 20-25 mph 32-40 km/h , the brakes are not linked so that low speed maneuverability is not adversely affected, such as when riding the motorcycle in a parking lot.

Jiffy Stand

WARNING

Always park motorcycle on a level, firm surface. An unbalanced motorcycle can fall over, which could result in death or serious injury. (00039a)

The jiffy stand is located on the left side of the motorcycle. The stand swings outward to support the motorcycle for parking.

WARNING

The jiffy stand locks when placed in the full forward (down) position with vehicle weight on it. If the jiffy stand is not in the full forward (down) position with vehicle weight on it, the vehicle can fall over which could result in death or serious injury. (00006a)

WARNING

Be sure jiffy stand is fully retracted before riding. If jiffy

stand is not fully retracted, it can contact the road surface causing a loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00007a)

Jiffy Stand Interlock: International Models

Some international models have a jiffy stand interlock.

The motorcycle will start and run with the jiffy stand down while the transmission is in neutral. If the jiffy stand is down and the transmission in gear, engaging the clutch stalls the motorcycle. The message "SidE StAnd" will scroll across the odometer. Raising the jiffy stand or putting the transmission in neutral, will permit the engine to run. The odometer will clear the message.

If the stand lowers at a speed greater than 10 mph 15 km/h , the engine will continue to run. It will illuminate the indicators (flash twice) and scroll the message "SidE StAnd" across the odometer. The message will remain until the system detects the jiffy stand in the fully retracted position again. The rider may continue to ride while in this mode.

The rider may clear the text messages at any time by pressing the function switch once while the vehicle is powered up.

Fuel Filler Cap

See Safe Operating Rules and review the following safety procedures.

⚠WARNING

Avoid spills. Slowly remove filler cap. Do not fill above bottom of filler neck insert, leaving air space for fuel expansion. Secure filler cap after refueling. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00028a)

⚠WARNING

Do not store motorcycle with gasoline in tank within the home or garage where open flames, pilot lights, sparks or electric motors are present. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00003a)

⚠WARNING

Do not use aftermarket fuel caps. Aftermarket fuel caps may fit improperly and leak, which could lead to death or serious injury. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for approved fuel caps. (00034a)

CAUTION

Do not spill fuel onto the motorcycle while refueling. Immediately wipe up fuel spills on your motorcycle. Fuel can cause damage to cosmetic surfaces. (00147b)

CAUTION

Use only unleaded fuel in catalytic converter-equipped motorcycles. Using leaded fuel will damage the emission control system. (00150b)

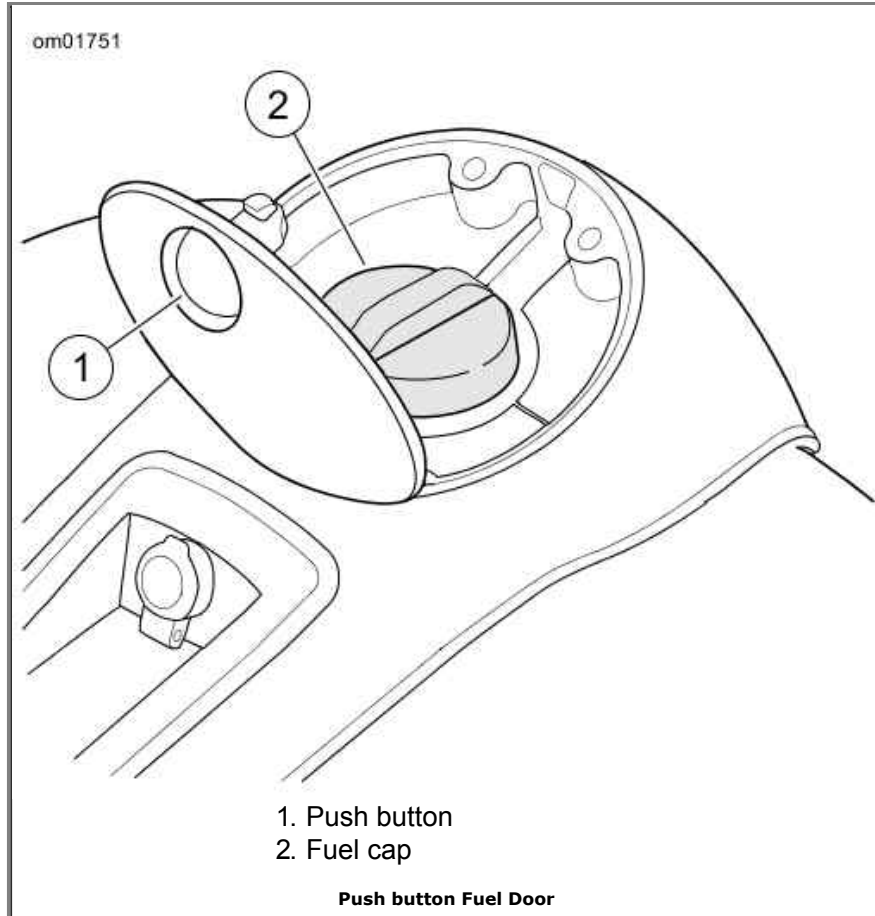
The fuel filler cap is beneath a pushbutton or locking door on the fuel tank.

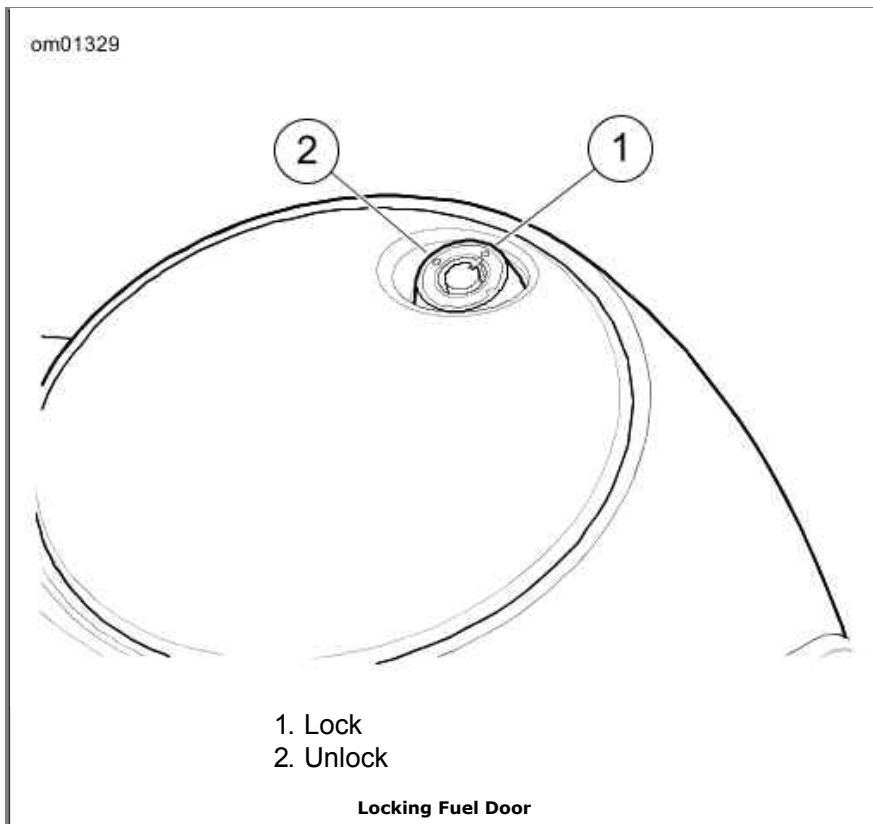
Pushbutton fuel door: See Push button Fuel Door. Push button to release the door.

Locking fuel door: See Locking Fuel Door. Lock and unlock fuel door with key.

Removing cap: Turn fuel filler cap counterclockwise to remove.

Installing cap: Turn fuel filler cap clockwise until it clicks. The ratchet action of the cap prevents over-tightening.





Rear View Mirrors

⚠ WARNING

Objects in mirrors are closer than they appear. Use caution when judging distance of objects in mirrors. Failure to judge correct distances could result in death or serious injury. (00033a)

Your vehicle is equipped with two convex rear view mirrors.

This type of mirror is designed to give a much wider view to the rear than a flat mirror. However, cars and other objects seen in this type of mirror will look smaller and farther away than they actually are.

- Use caution when judging the size or relative distance of objects seen in rear view mirrors.
- Always adjust the rear view mirrors to clearly reflect the area behind the motorcycle before riding.

NOTE:

Adjust mirrors so you can see a small portion of your shoulders in each mirror. This will help you establish the relative distance of vehicles to the rear of your motorcycle.

Heated Seat

Switch Controls

See Heated Seat Switches. The heated seat controls for the rider (1) and passenger (2) are three position rocker switches.

High Heat: Rock the switch at the top for high heat.

OFF: The OFF position is in the middle.

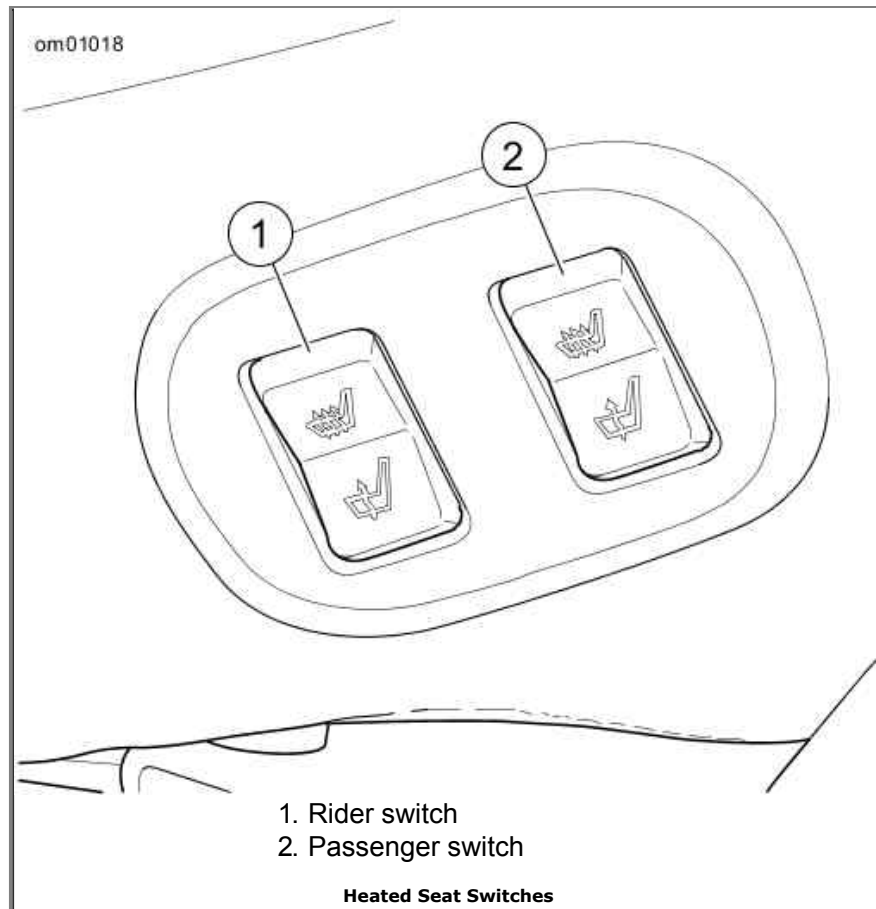
Low Heat: Rock the switch at the bottom for low heat.

NOTE:

Allow 8 to 10 minutes for the seat to warm up.

Automatic Shut-Off

For safety, the heated seat is designed to shut-off automatically after one hour of continuous use. The seat can be turned back on immediately after auto shut-off has accrued with no harm to the system. To reactivate the heated seat the seat switch must be turned OFF and then switched back to the desired setting.



Luggage

⚠WARNING

See the Accessories and Cargo section in your owner's manual. Improper cargo loading or accessory installation can cause component failure and adversely affect stability, handling and performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00021b)

⚠WARNING

Do not exceed the motorcycle's Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). Exceeding these weight ratings can lead to component failure and adversely affect stability, handling and performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00016f)

- GVWR is the sum of the weight of the motorcycle, accessories and the maximum weight of the rider, passenger and cargo that can be safely carried.

- GAWR is the maximum amount of weight that can be safely carried on each axle.
- The GVWR and GAWR are shown on the information label on the frame downtube.

WARNING

Improper loading of cargo or installation of accessories can affect motorcycle stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00095a)

- Keep cargo weight concentrated close to the motorcycle and as low as possible to minimize the change in the motorcycle's center of gravity. Distribute weight evenly on both sides of the vehicle. Do not load bulky items too far behind the rider or add weight to the handlebars or front forks. Do not exceed maximum load on the label within the luggage.
- Check that cargo is secure and will not shift while riding. Periodically recheck load.
- Close and lock luggage before riding or leaving the vehicle unattended.

Saddlebags

WARNING

Do not exceed saddlebag weight capacity. Put equal weight in each bag. Too much weight in saddlebags can cause loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00383a)

NOTE:

Maximum saddlebag weight capacity is 20 lbs 9.1 kg in each saddlebag.

Locking

Key: See Saddlebag. Insert key and rotate 1/4 turn toward front of vehicle. Return key to center and remove key.

Power lock switch: See Power Lock Switches. With vehicle turned on, press the power lock switch in the fairing cap panel. The turn signals flash twice to indicate the vehicle is locked.

Power lock fob: See Power Lock Fob. Press the LOCK button on the power lock fob. The turn signals flash twice to indicate the vehicle is locked.

Unlocking

Key: See Saddlebag. Insert key and rotate 1/4 turn toward rear of vehicle. Return key to center and remove key.

Power lock switch: See Power Lock Switches. With vehicle turned on, press the power unlock switch in the fairing cap panel. The turn signals flash once to indicate the vehicle is unlocked.

Power lock fob: See Power Lock Fob. Press the UNLOCK button on the power lock fob. The turn signals flash once to indicate the vehicle is unlocked.

Opening

1. See Saddlebag. Unlock saddlebag.
2. Lift the saddlebag lever.
3. Lift the lid from the inner side of the saddlebag.

Closing

1. See Saddlebag. Close the saddlebag lid.
2. Push the lever down to engage the latches. Check that the lid is secure.
3. Lock the saddlebag.

Removing

1. See Saddlebag. Open the saddlebag.
2. See Saddlebag Power Lock Connector. Disconnect the saddlebag power lock connector.
3. See Saddlebag Removal/Installation. Rotate the mounting studs 1/4 turn counterclockwise to disengage the saddlebag from the mounting bracket.

NOTE:

Some vehicles have mounting studs with a wire form "bail" for easy removal by hand. International models require a flat blade screwdriver.

4. Lift the saddlebag from the saddlebag rail.

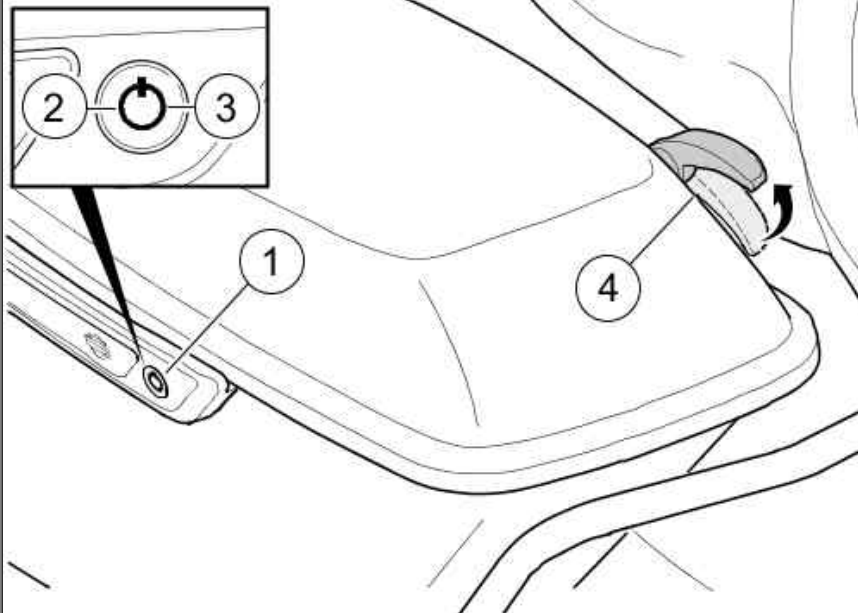
NOTE:

Do not drag or scrape saddlebags on the ground. Set saddlebags on a level surface to prevent tipping. Improper care can damage the saddlebags.

Installing

1. See Saddlebag. Carefully place saddlebag in position on saddlebag rail and align the mounting studs with the support bracket.
2. See Saddlebag Removal/Installation and Mounting Stud Installation (cutaway view). Push in the mounting studs and rotate 1/4 turn clockwise to mount the saddlebag to the bracket.
3. Check that the saddlebag is secure on the motorcycle.
4. See Saddlebag Power Lock Connector. Connect the saddlebag power lock connector.
5. Close and lock the saddlebag.

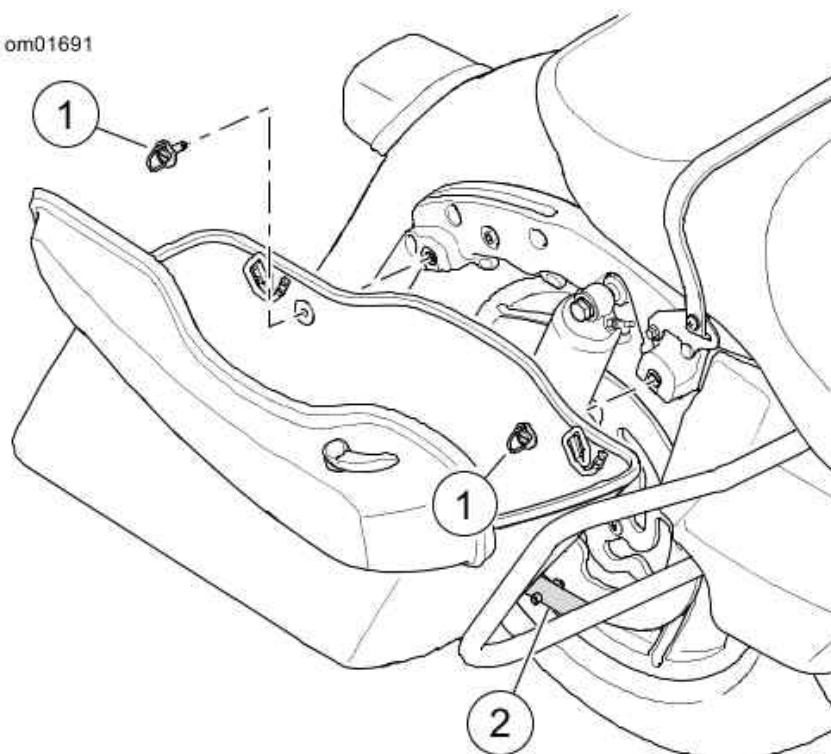
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1. Saddlebag lock
2. Unlock position (toward rear of vehicle)
3. Lock position (toward front of vehicle)
4. Lever

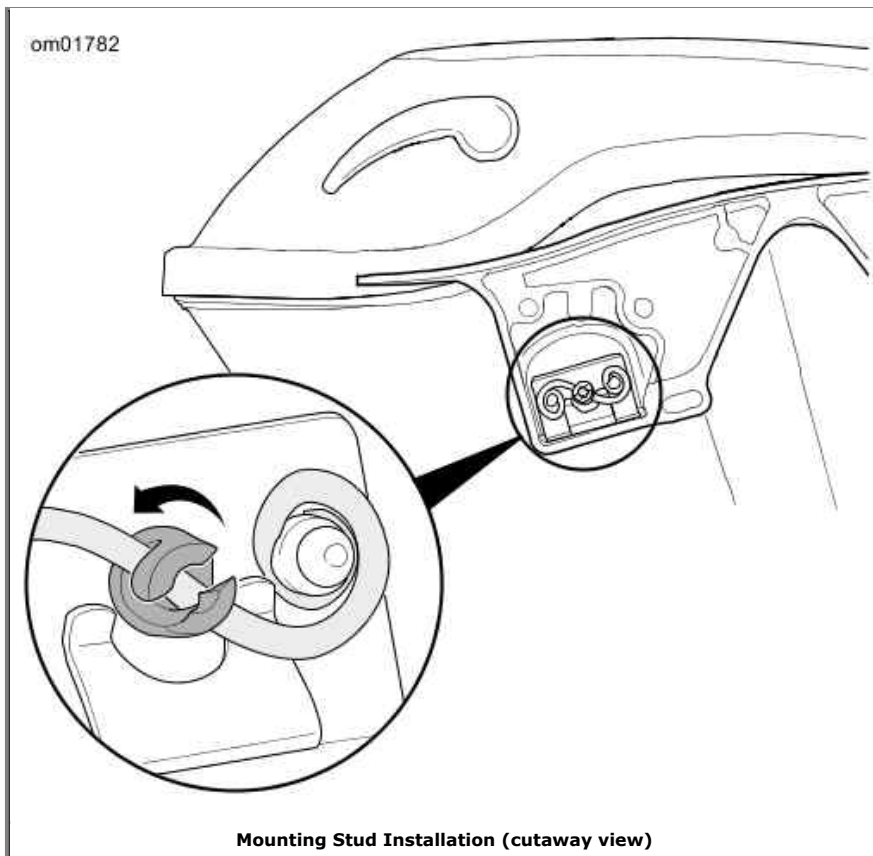
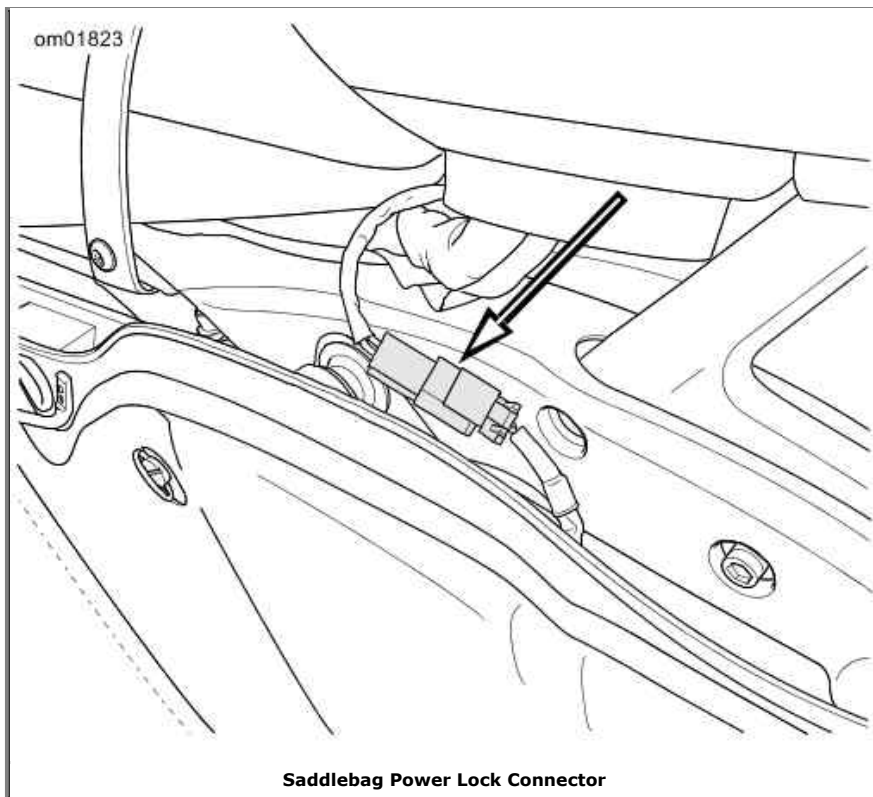
Saddlebag

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1. Mounting studs
2. Saddlebag rail

Saddlebag Removal/Installation



Tour-Pak

⚠CAUTION

Do NOT pull on any electrical wires. Pulling on electrical wires may damage the internal conductor causing high resistance, which may result in minor or moderate injury. (00168a)

⚠WARNING

Do not exceed Tour-Pak weight capacity. Too much weight can cause loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00401c)

NOTE:

Maximum luggage rack weight capacity is 10 lbs 4.5 kg . Combined load of luggage rack and Tour-Pak must not exceed 30 lbs 13.6 kg .

Lock/Unlock with power lock fob: See Power Lock Fob. Press the LOCK or UNLOCK button on the power lock fob.

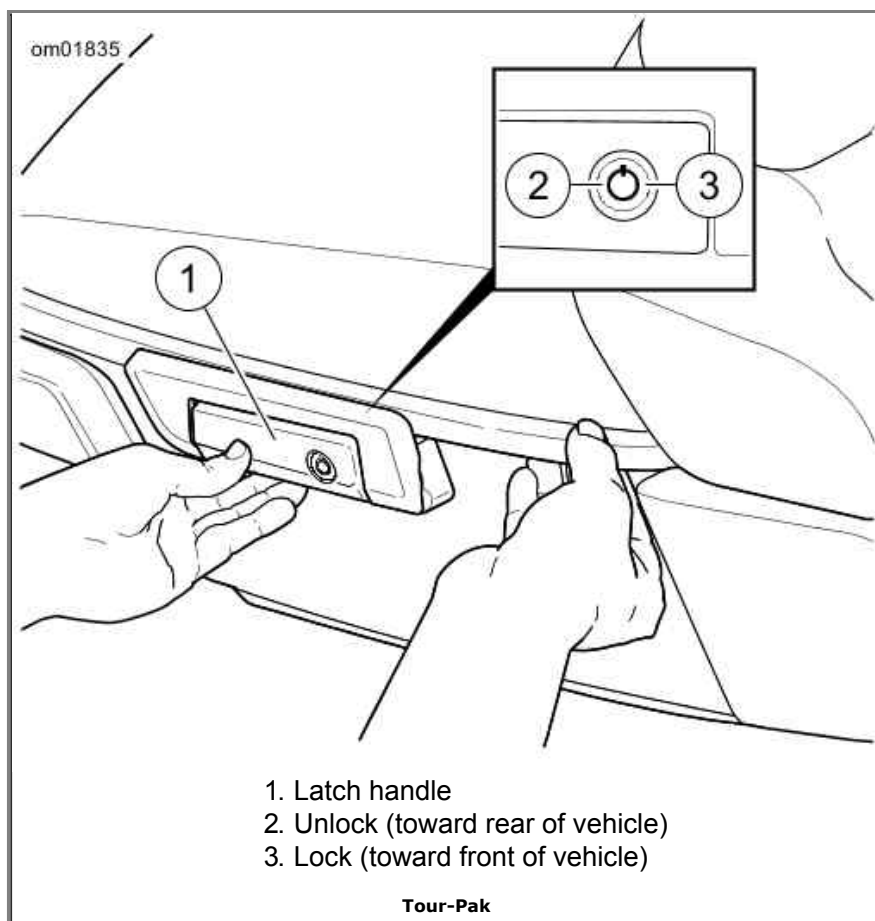
Lock/Unlock with power lock switches: See Power Lock Switches. With motorcycle turned on, press the lock or unlock switch in the fairing cap panel.

Lock/Unlock with key: See Tour-Pak. To lock, insert key and rotate 1/4 turn clockwise. To unlock, rotate key 1/4 turn counterclockwise.

Open: Pull the latch handle. Raise the lid.

Close: Close the lid. Push the latch handle to secure the lid. Lift on lid to check that it is secure.

Tie down and secure any cargo installed on the luggage rack before riding.



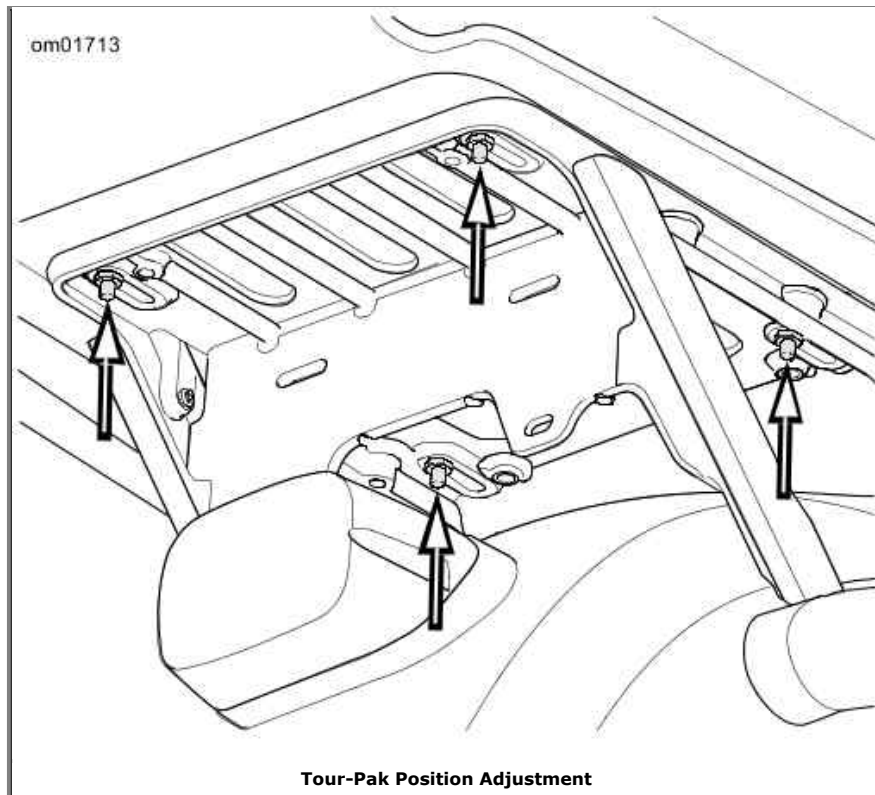
Adjustment

The position of the Tour-Pak can be adjusted forward or rearward for passenger comfort.

NOTE:

The Tour-Pak position cannot be adjusted on APC configuration motorcycles, except to access the seat screw. To determine vehicle configuration, check the VIN identifier in Harley-Davidson VIN Breakdown: 2014 FLHTKSE Models. See SEAT ACCESS (APC MODELS) to move the Tour-Pak on APC configuration vehicles.

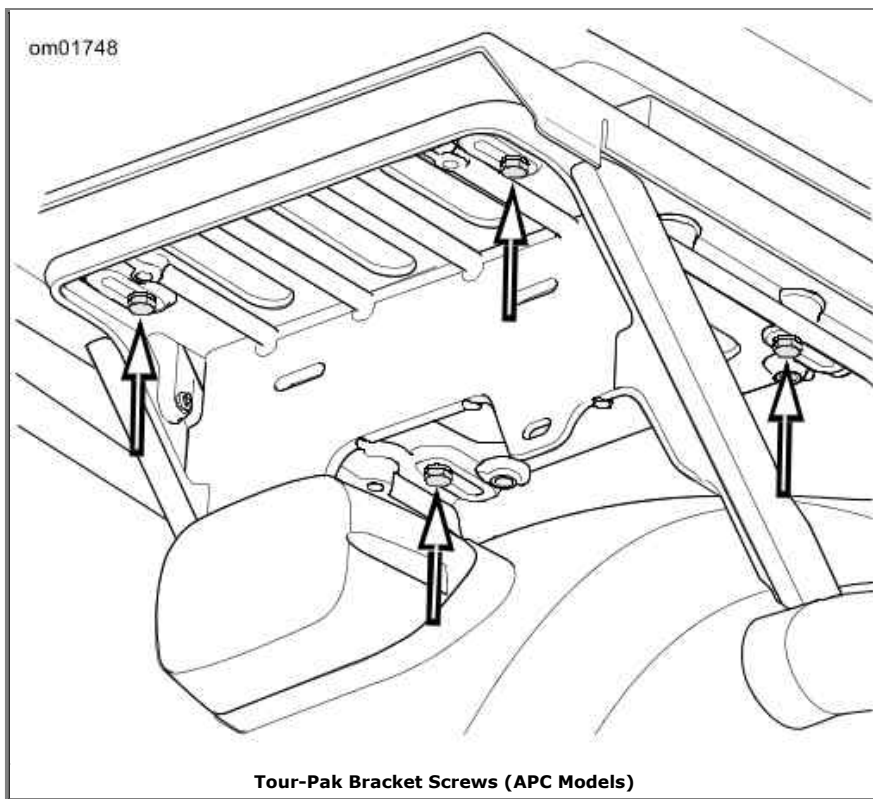
1. See Tour-Pak Position Adjustment. Loosen the four nuts securing the Tour-Pak to the support.
2. Slide the Tour-Pak to the desired position.
3. Tighten the four nuts to 60-72 in-lbs (6.8-8.1 Nm).



Seat Access: APC Models

On APC vehicles, the Tour-Pak can be moved rearward to access the seat screw. Refer to the vehicle configuration for the motorcycle in Harley-Davidson VIN Breakdown: 2014 FLHTKSE Models. The Tour-Pak must be installed in its original position before riding.

1. See Tour-Pak Bracket Screws (APC Models). Remove the four screws securing the Tour-Pak bracket to the support.
2. Pull the Tour-Pak rearward to access the seat screw.
3. When finished, move the Tour-Pak to its original position. Align all four holes in the bracket with the slots in the support.
4. Install the four screws. Tighten to 60-72 in-lbs (6.8-8.1 Nm).



Power Ports

See Fairing Power Port and Tour-Pak Power Port. Some models have up to two power ports. One port is on the right side of the fairing. The other port is in the Tour-Pak.

These ports can be used to power or charge 12 VDC accessories with a standard automotive power connector. Follow the manufacturer instructions when installing and operating accessories. Firmly push the accessory connector into the power port.

⚠WARNING

Be sure that steering is smooth and free without interference. Interference with steering could result in loss of vehicle control and death or serious injury. (00371a)

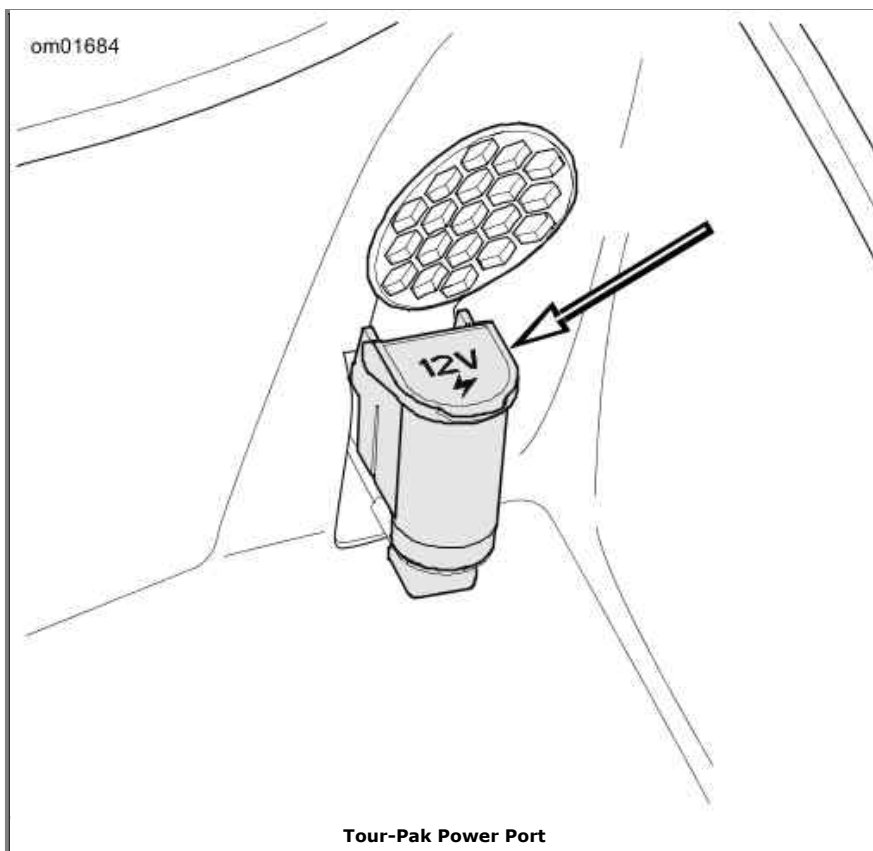
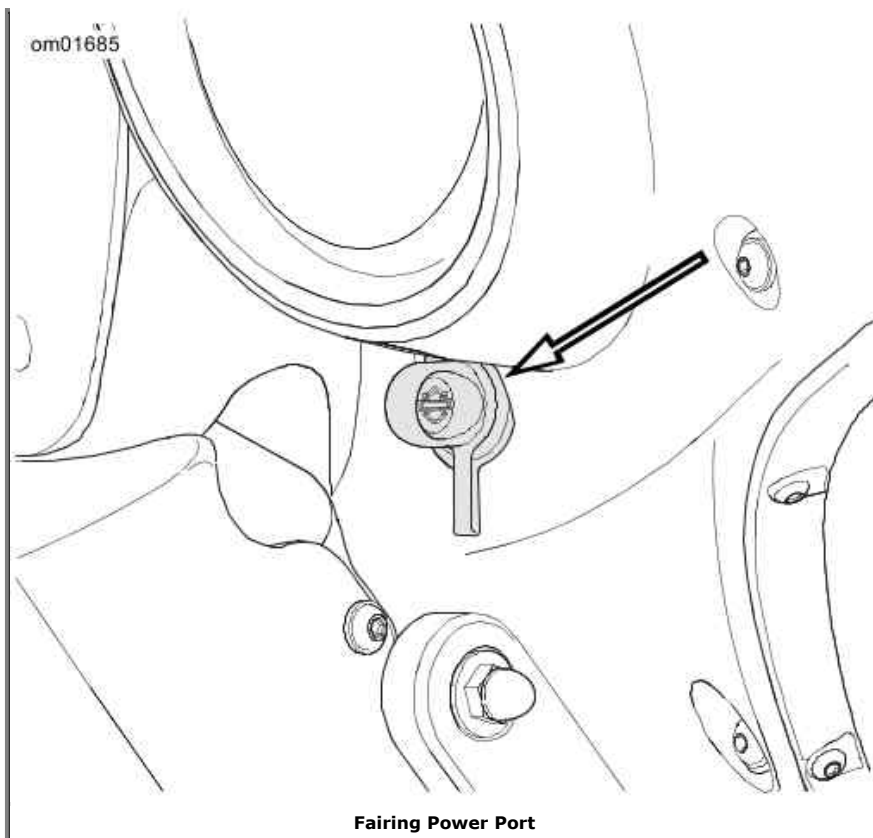
NOTE:

- *Before riding, rotate handlebars to the full right position and check for contact between installed accessories or wiring and the fuel tank.*
- *Do not use the power port as a cigarette lighter. Damage to the socket may occur. See an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for available accessories.*

The port is energized while the motorcycle is turned on or in accessory mode. Powering accessories for an extended time while the engine is not running will drain the battery.

The maximum current draw for all connected accessories is 15 amps. This includes the total current for all power ports and any other accessories installed on the motorcycle. If excessive current is detected, the system cuts off power to the port. The system automatically enables power to the port again when it senses the overcurrent situation has ceased (such as when a faulty or high powered accessory has been removed).

Items charging in the power port may cause interference with radio reception.



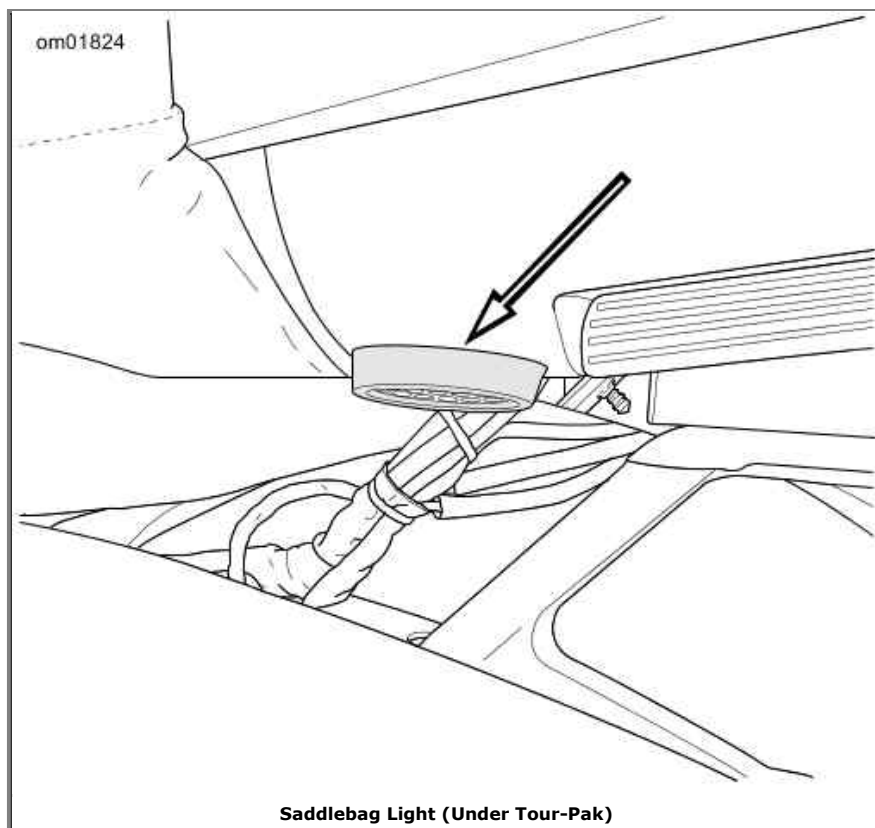
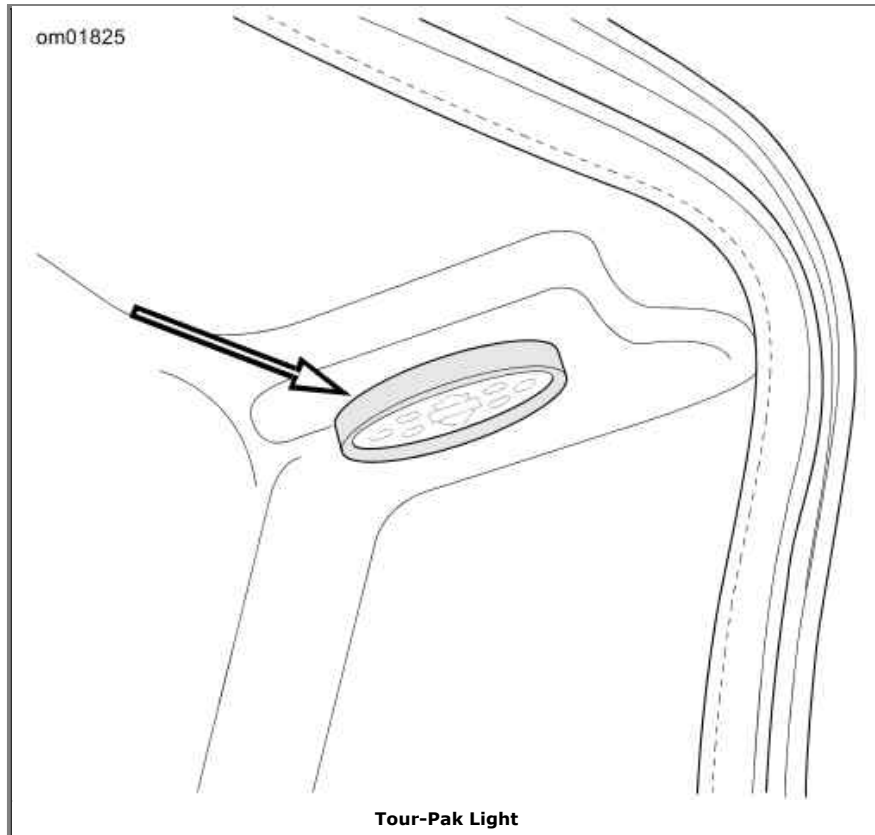
Luggage Lights

See Tour-Pak Light and Saddlebag Light (Under Tour-Pak). The Tour-Pak light is mounted in the lid. Additional lights, mounted under each side of the Tour-Pak, shine down into the saddlebags.

The luggage lights automatically turn on when the motorcycle is turned off (OFF/RUN switch set to OFF). The lights remain on for approximately two minutes.

The luggage lights also turn on and remain on while the motorcycle is in accessory mode (by

holding down the trigger switch).



Fairing Splitstream Vent

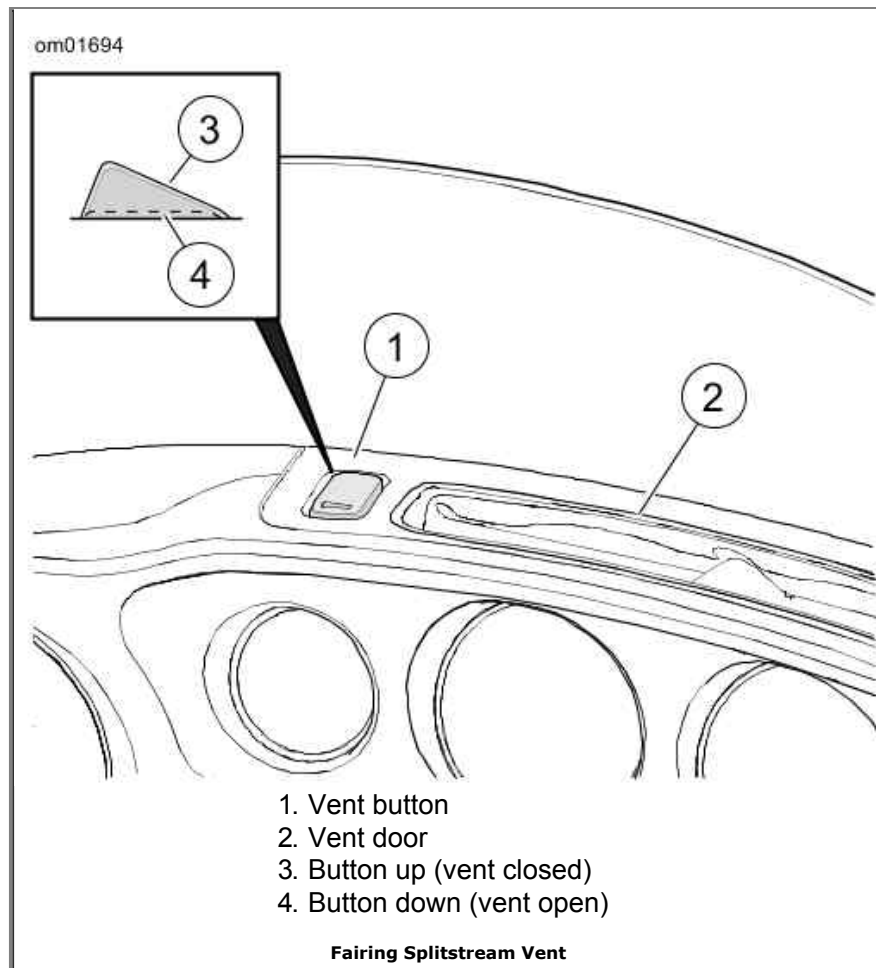
See Fairing Splitstream Vent. Vehicles with a fairing have a vent in the upper dash for ventilation. The vent can be closed or opened to provide a comfortable flow of air to the rider and to minimize wind buffeting. The preferred position is to keep the vent open for improved turbulence.

Open: Press down the vent button until it clicks. The vent door remains in the open position.

Close: Press down the vent button and release. The button pops up and the vent door closes.

Reset: If the latch does not catch, firmly press the button to open, close and reopen the vent until the mechanism engages.

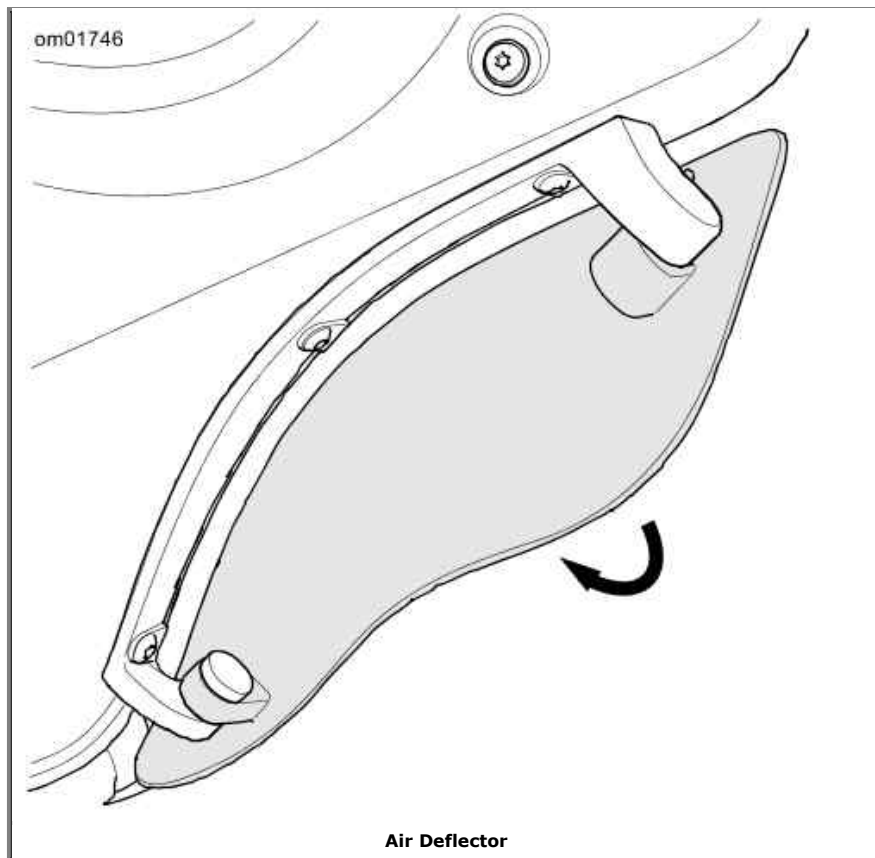
Keep the vent free of foreign objects. Periodically clean the vent mechanism to remove dirt, bugs and leaves, and to keep all parts from sticking. Clean the button and vent door if they become difficult to open or close. See Fairing Splitstream Vent Care.



Adjustable Air Deflectors

See Air Deflector. Some vehicles have adjustable air deflectors located along the left and right edge of the fairing. These deflectors can be rotated to direct airflow for rider and passenger comfort.

Adjust: With the vehicle parked, grasp the outer edge of the deflector and pivot to the desired position.



Fairing Lowers

The fairing lowers provide an additional level of riding comfort by blocking wind and water from the rider's legs.

Vent Door

See Fairing Lowers: Twin-Cooled Vehicles. The fairing lower vent door can be adjusted to direct airflow for rider comfort and circulate air across the engine. Slide the vent door lever to adjust or close the vent door.

Cooling System

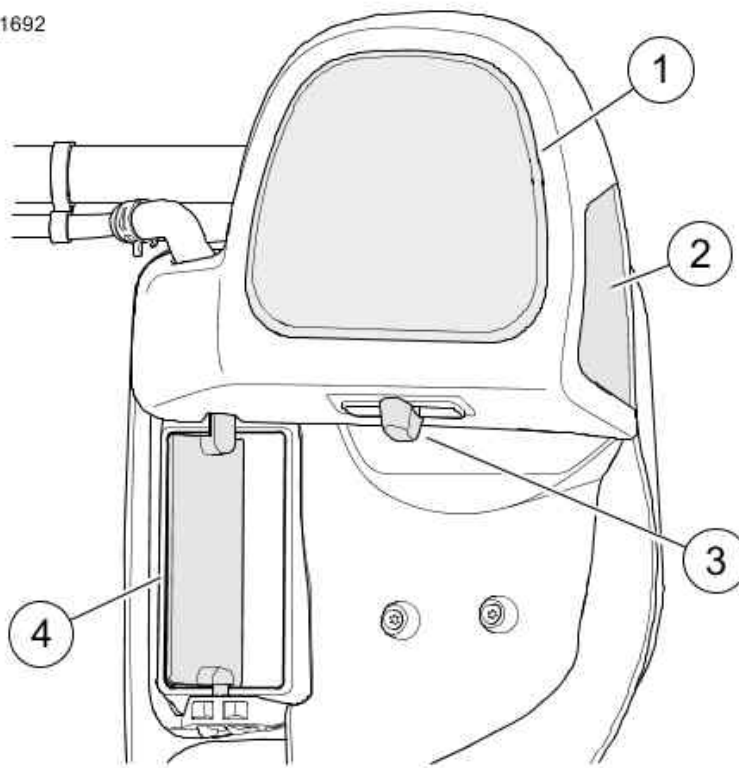
See Fairing Lowers: Twin-Cooled Vehicles. The fairing lowers include cooling system components. The coolant bottle is behind the access panel in the right side fairing lower. See Cooling System: Twin-Cooled Models to check the coolant level.

The access panel is secured with three retainers. Carefully pry at the top and pull panel out to remove. To install, push the panel until the retainers snap into place.

Keep the radiator screen and outlet duct clean and free from obstructions.

NOTES:

The fairing lowers do not have a storage compartment. The access area in the fairing lowers have a large opening at the bottom. Items placed in these access areas can fall out. Do not store any items in the fairing lowers.



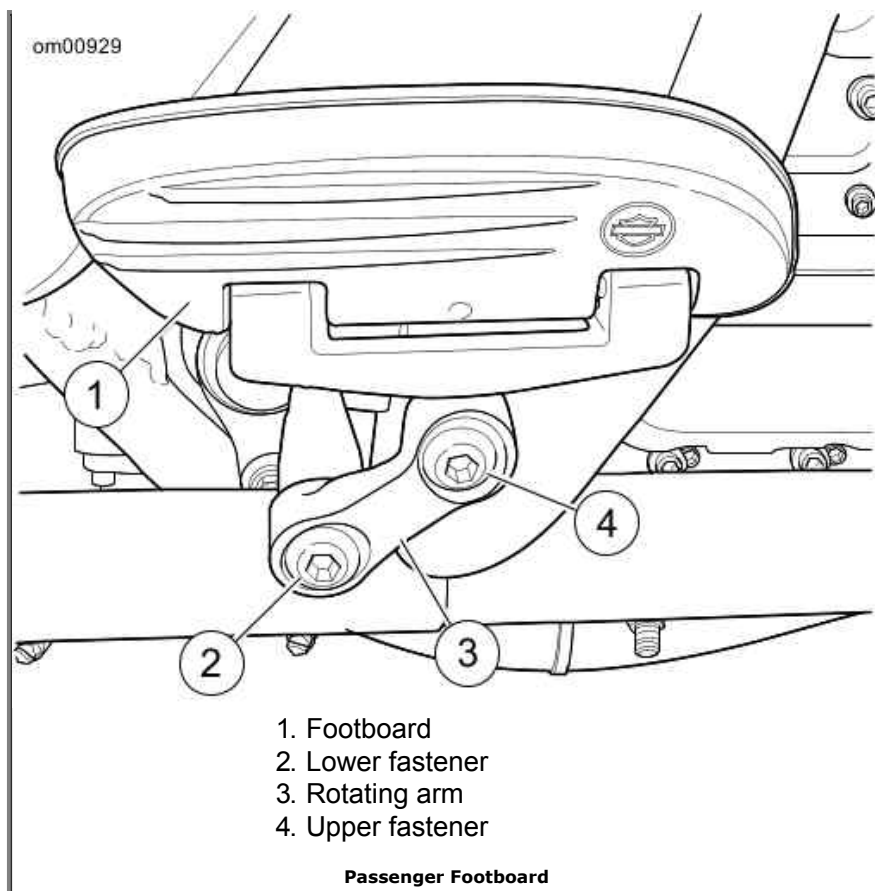
1. Access panel
2. Outlet duct
3. Vent door lever
4. Vent door

Fairing Lower: Twin-Cooled Vehicles

Adjustable Passenger Footboards

Passenger footboards may be adjusted to one of five positions. The horizontal position or tilt of the footboard may be further adjusted for passenger comfort.

1. See Passenger Footboard. Raise the footboard (1) and loosen lower fastener (2) enough to allow rotating arm (3) to be rotated. Move rotating arm to desired footboard height.
2. Tighten lower fastener to 25-30 ft-lbs (34-40 Nm).
3. Loosen upper fastener (4) enough to allow footboard mount to be rotated.
4. Move footboard mount to desired footboard horizontal position or tilt.
5. Tighten upper fastener to 25-30 ft-lbs (34-40 Nm).



Rear Air Suspension

The motorcycle has air-adjustable rear suspension. Adjust air pressure in the rear shock absorbers to suit load requirements, riding style and personal comfort.

CAUTION

Do not exceed maximum air pressure for suspension. Air components fill rapidly. Therefore, use low air line pressure. Failure to do so can result in possible damage to components. (00165b)

⚠ WARNING

Use caution when bleeding air from the suspension. Moisture combined with lubricant may leak onto the rear wheel, tire and/or brake components and adversely affect traction, which could result in death or serious injury. (00084a)

1. Remove the left saddlebag. See Saddlebags.
2. See Rear Suspension Air Valve. Remove the cap from the air valve located behind the shock absorber on the left side of the vehicle.

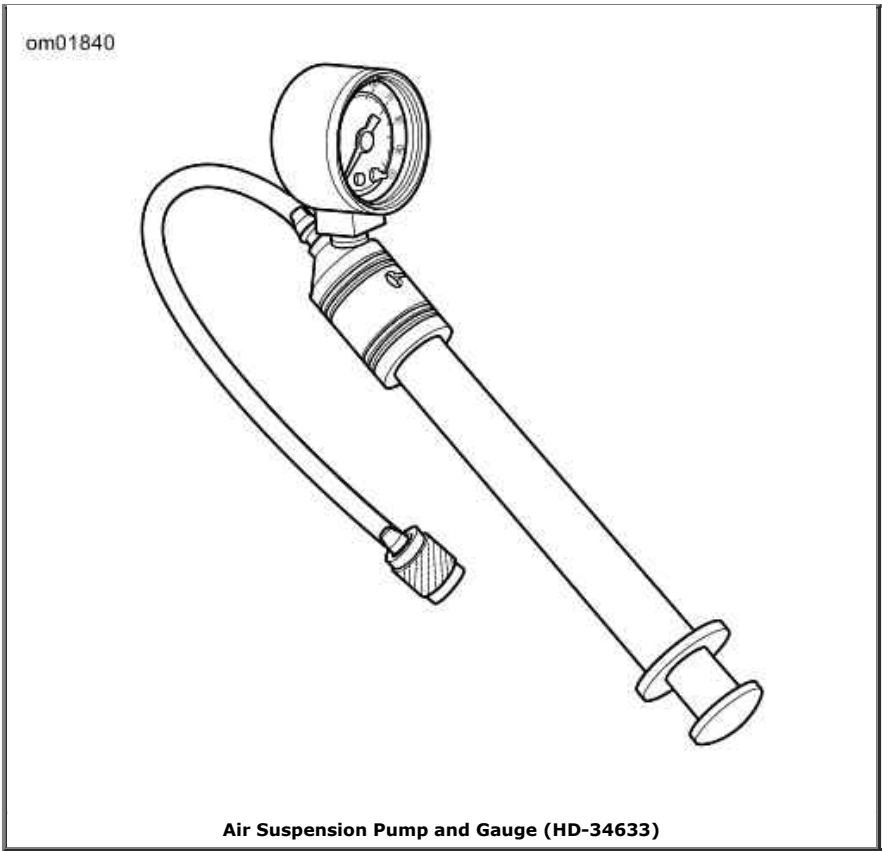
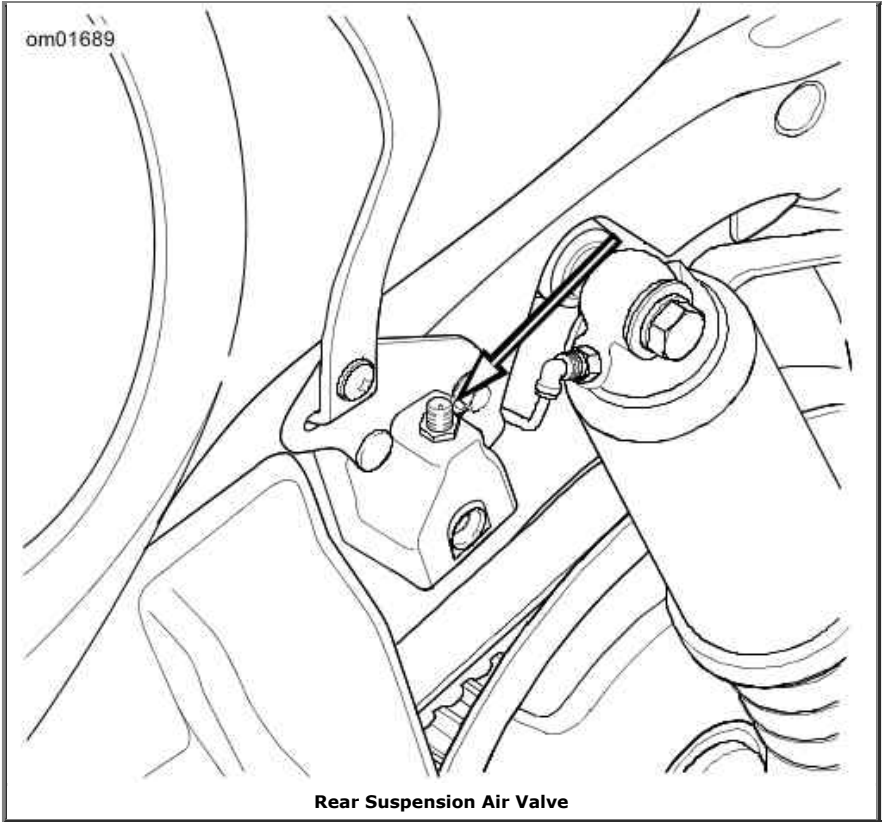
NOTES:

- Always add 3-5 psi 21-35 kPa to the existing pressure before releasing air from the system to prevent oil from exiting the air valve. NEVER exceed 50 psi 345 kPa .
 - Do not exceed maximum GVWR or GAWR.
3. See Air Suspension Pump and Gauge (HD-34633). Attach AIR SUSPENSION PUMP AND GAUGE HD-34633 to the air valve. Fill or release air from the shock absorber to the pressure specified for your model motorcycle and load. Refer to Rear Suspension Recommended Air Pressure.

NOTE:

The specified pressures are recommended starting points. Adjust pressure to suit load conditions, riding style and comfort desired. Less pressure does not necessarily result in a softer ride. Using pressures outside the recommended loading range will result in a reduction of available suspension travel and reduced rider comfort.

4. Install cap on air valve and install left saddlebag.



Rear Suspension Recommended Air Pressure

SHOCK LOAD	TOTAL WEIGHT	PRESSURE	
		PSI	KG

		PSI	kPa
Solo rider	up to 150 lb 68 kg	5-10	34-69
	150-200 lb 68-91 kg	10-20	69-138
	200-250 lb 91-113 kg	20-30	138-206
	250-300 lb 113-136 kg	30-40	206-276
	300 lb 136 kg to maximum added weight allowed*	40-50	276-345
Solo rider with capacity luggage of 70 lbs 32 kg	up to 150 lb 68 kg	25-30	172-206
	150-200 lb 68-91 kg	30-40	206-276
	200-250 lb 91-113 kg	40-50	276-345
	250 lb 113 kg to maximum added weight allowed*	50	345
Rider plus passenger	Any weight to to maximum added weight allowed*	50	345
Maximum loaded vehicle	Maximum added weight allowed*	50	345
Do not exceed 50 psi 345 kPa rear shock pressure.			
*Refer to Weights for maximum added weight allowed on the motorcycle.			

Remote Control Garage Door Opener

FCC Notices

NOTE:

Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for Class B digital devices pursuant to Part 15, Subpart B of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures.

1. Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
2. Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.
3. Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
4. Consult dealer or experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Receiver Installation

1. Unplug the power cord from the garage door drive unit to prevent door activation during

installation.

2. Select an unswitched 110V power outlet that is located either highest in the garage, or the closest to the front of the garage, or both.

NOTES:

- *With some brands of garage door opener systems, it may be necessary to plug in the Harley-Davidson receiver at a location some distance from the door opener. If the Harley-Davidson receiver is plugged in too close to the original opener receiver, effective transmission range may be significantly reduced on both systems.*
 - *Opener may not function properly with steel buildings.*
3. Connect the stripped end of the Harley-Davidson garage door opener receiver wires to the terminals that activate the door opener drive unit at one of these locations:
 - a. The existing wall mounted garage door opener button.
 - b. The garage door drive unit to which the garage door opener button is connected.

NOTES:

- *Refer to the door opener manufacturer's documentation for terminal locations and connections.*
 - *Do not remove original wires from the original connections on the door opener button or on the drive unit terminals.*
4. Route the receiver wires to the selected power outlet location.
 5. See Garage Door Opener Receiver. Plug the connector on the receiver wires into the receptacle (1) on the back of the receiver.
 6. Plug the receiver into the selected power outlet.
 7. Reconnect the garage door drive unit into the power outlet.
 8. Press the wall mounted garage door opener button to set the button operation.

Program the Receiver and Transmitter

The receiver must be programmed to receive the transmitter frequency. This process may require two people depending on how far apart the receiver and transmitter are during the programming process.

1. Check that a red light is visible on the front of the Harley-Davidson garage door opener receiver, indicating power to the receiver.
2. See Garage Door Opener Receiver. Press and hold the Set button (3) on the Harley-Davidson garage door opener receiver. The LED (2) blinks continuously while the Set button is pressed.
3. Push the OFF/RUN switch to RUN. Switch the headlamp beam switch using one of these sequences. When the receiver receives a signal from the transmitter, the LED on the transmitter turns off.
 - a. Starting from Low beam, switch High, then Low.
 - b. Starting from High beam, switch Low, then High.
4. Release the Set button on the receiver.

NOTE:

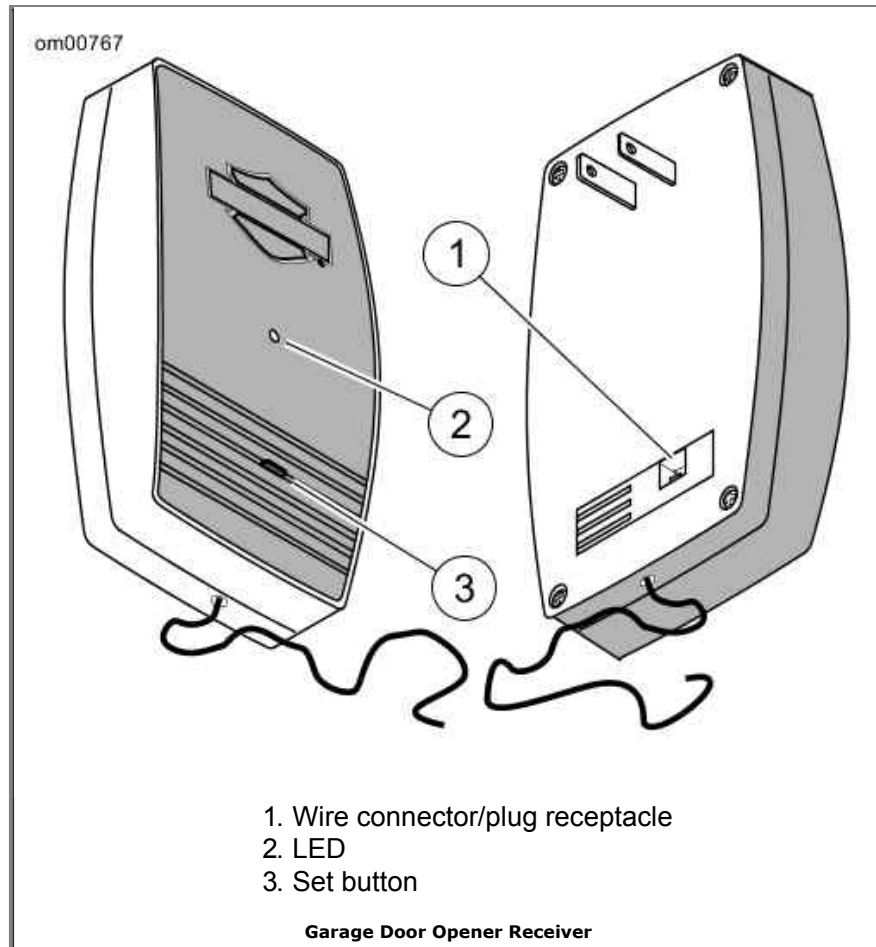
Clear all obstructions away from between the transmitter and receiver before testing the operation of the garage door opener.

5. Test the garage door opener, high beam, and low beam headlamp operation.

NOTE:

When the transmitter is activated by toggling the headlamp switch, the red LED on the transmitter illuminates for one second to indicate that the transmitter is functioning correctly.

6. Push the OFF/RUN switch to OFF.



Security System

Security System

Components

The security system is a self-arming system with an audible battery-backed alarm. The system is disarmed by a hands-free fob which is carried by the rider.

After parking the motorcycle, set the OFF/RUN switch to OFF, and the security system will automatically **arm** within five seconds. While armed, the starter and ignition are disabled and the rider may leave the motorcycle knowing that the module will activate an alarm if someone tampers with the ignition or attempts to move the motorcycle.

When the fob is present, the security system will automatically **disarm** when the OFF/RUN switch is set to RUN, or when the trip switch is pressed (for accessory mode).

Options

Several options are available for the Harley-Davidson Smart Security System from the Harley-Davidson Genuine Motor Accessories and Motor Parts catalog. Options include:

- Smart Siren and Smart Siren II.
- Security Pager and Security Pager Receiver II.
- Replacement Fobs.

See a Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

FCC Regulations

FCC ID: L2C0027TR IC ID: 3432A-0027TR

FCC ID: L2C0028TR IC ID: 3432A-0028TR

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with RSS-210 of Industry Canada rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE:

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

The term "IC:" before the radio certification number only signifies that Industry Canada technical specifications were met.

Security System Fob

Fob Assignment

See Fob: Security System. Key fobs are electronically assigned to the security system by a Harley-Davidson dealer so that the motorcycle can recognize a fob's unique signal. Only two fobs can be assigned at any one time.

Replacement fobs can be purchased from a dealership but can only be assigned to the motorcycle by a trained Harley-Davidson technician.

NOTES:

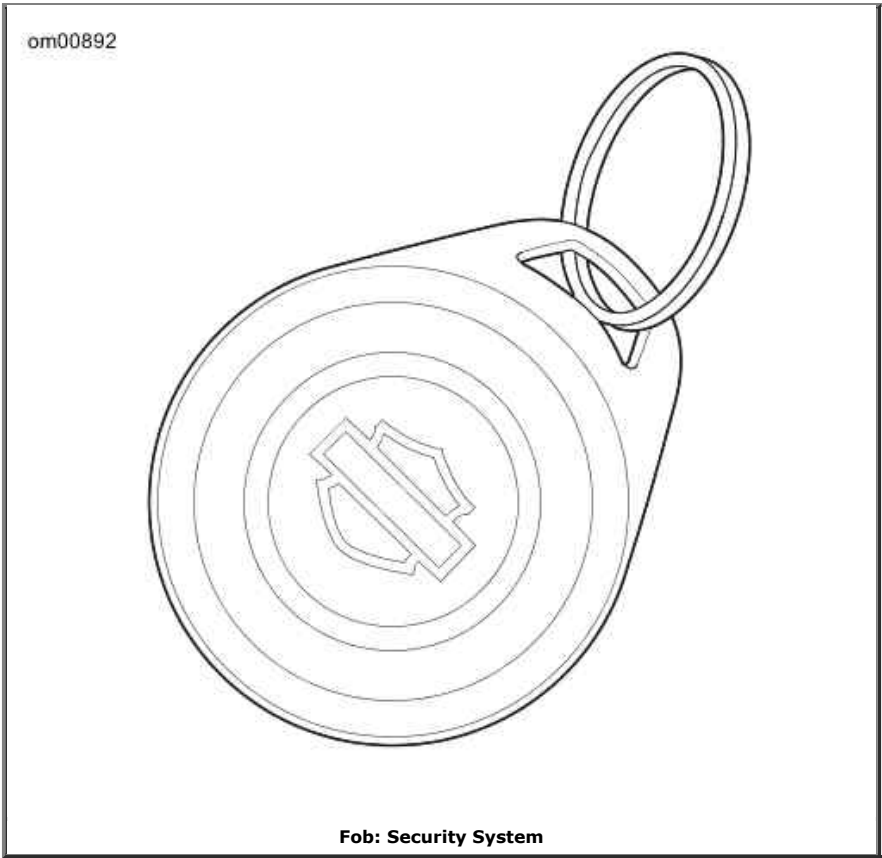
- *The reusable label found on the fob packaging lists the serial number of the fob. For reference, affix the label to a blank "NOTES" page in this Owner's Manual.*
- *The serial number of the fob is also found on the inside of the fob. See Fob Battery.*
- *The module will arm only if the fob has been assigned by a Harley-Davidson dealer and a Personal Identification Number (PIN) has been entered in the system. The PIN should be recorded on the Personal Information page in the front of this Owner's Manual and on the removable wallet card.*
- *Should the rider misplace the fob or if the fob fails, the rider can refer to the wallet card and use the PIN to manually disarm the system. Refer to Arming and Disarming and Troubleshooting.*
- *The PIN can easily be changed by the rider at any time. Refer to Personal Identification Number (PIN).*

Riding with a Fob

- Always carry the fob when riding, loading, fueling, moving, parking or servicing the motorcycle. Carry the fob in a convenient pocket.
- Do not leave the fob attached to the handlebars or store the fob in a luggage compartment. Unintentionally leaving the fob with the motorcycle when it is parked prevents the system from disabling the ignition and activating the alarm. The motorcycle can be turned on and started whenever the fob is within range.
- Do not ride with the fob stored in a metal case or with the fob closer than 3.0 in 76 mm to a cell phone, PDA, display or other electronic device. Any electromagnetic interference may prevent the fob from disarming the system.
- For added security, always lock the fork and remove the key when parked. If the fob is within range and the motorcycle is unlocked, tampering with the motorcycle will not activate the alarm.

Riding without a Fob

If the motorcycle is ridden off without the fob, the odometer window will temporarily display "NO FOB". If the motorcycle is stopped and the OFF/RUN switch is set to OFF, it will require a PIN entry to disarm the security system and restart the motorcycle.



Personal Identification Number (PIN)

The Personal Identification Number (PIN) is a number that can be used to disarm the security system in case an assigned fob is misplaced, fails or if the fob cannot communicate with the motorcycle because of electromagnetic interference.

A PIN is a five-digit number (1-9, no zeros).

Changing the PIN

To maintain security, the rider can change the PIN at any time. Refer to Changing the PIN.

Changing the PIN

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
1	Select a 5-digit (1 thru 9) PIN and record on the wallet card from Owner's Manual.		
2	With an assigned fob present, turn the OFF/RUN switch to RUN .		
3	Cycle the OFF/RUN switch twice: OFF - RUN - OFF - RUN .		
4	Press left turn signal switch 2 times .	ENTER PIN will scroll through the odometer window.	

5	Press right turn signal switch 1 time and release.	Turn signals will flash 3 times. Current PIN will appear in odometer. The first digit will be flashing.	
6	Enter first digit of new PIN by pressing and releasing the left turn signal switch until the selected digit appears.		
7	Press right turn signal switch 1 time and release.	The new digit will replace the current in odometer window.	
8	Enter second digit of selected PIN by pressing and releasing the left turn signal switch until the selected digit is present.		
9	Press right turn signal switch 1 time and release.	The new digit will replace the current in odometer window.	
10	Enter third digit of the selected PIN by pressing and releasing the left turn signal switch until the selected digit is present.		
11	Press right turn switch 1 time and release.	The new digit will replace the current in odometer window.	
12	Enter fourth digit of new PIN by pressing and releasing the left turn signal switch until the selected digit is present.		
13	Press right turn switch 1 time and release.	The new digit will replace the current in odometer window.	
14	Enter fifth digit of the new PIN by pressing and releasing the left turn signal switch until the selected digit is present.		
15	Press right turn switch 1 time and release.	The new digit will replace the current in odometer window.	
16	Push the OFF/RUN switch to the OFF position.		Pushing the OFF/RUN switch to OFF stores the new PIN in the module.

Security Status Indicator

See Instruments. The electrical system lamp in the speedometer face indicates the status of the security system.

- **Armed:** A lamp that blinks approximately every 3 seconds indicates that the system is armed.
- **Disarmed:** After the system disarms and the ignition is on, the lamp will remain illuminated for approximately four seconds and then turn off.
- **Service:** If the lamp remains lit continuously, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

Arming and Disarming

Arming

When the motorcycle is parked and the OFF/RUN switch is set to OFF, the security system arms automatically within five seconds if no motion is detected. Even when the fob is present, the

system will arm.

On arming, the turn signals will flash twice and the siren will chirp twice. While armed, the indicator lamp in the speedometer face will flash every three seconds.

NOTE:

The system must be in the Chirp Mode for the siren to chirp on arming or on disarming. See Siren Chirp Mode (Confirmation).

Disarming

Once disarmed, the rider may ride or move the motorcycle for parking, storage or service without setting off the alarm.

Fob: An armed security system is automatically disarmed when the fob is present and the OFF/RUN switch is set to RUN.

When the system disarms, the siren will chirp once and the security indicator lamp will illuminate for a solid four seconds and then turn off.

NOTE:

On any motion, like lifting the motorcycle up off of its jiffy stand, the system will electronically "poll" for the presence of the fob. If the fob is present, the system disarms.

Personal Identification Number (PIN): If the fob is misplaced or if the present fob fails to communicate, the system can be disarmed with the Personal Identification Number (PIN).

Disarming with a PIN

NOTES:

- *At any time during a PIN disarm, if the fob is brought within range of the motorcycle, the security system will disarm when the system receives the coded signal from the fob.*
- *If a mistake is made while entering PIN, wait two minutes before another disarming attempt.*
- *The security system will remain disarmed until the OFF/RUN switch is set to OFF.*

Entering a PIN to Disarm Security System

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
1	If necessary, verify the current 5-digit PIN.		Should be recorded on wallet card.
2	Push the OFF/RUN switch to RUN .	The odometer window display will show ENTER PIN.	
3	Press and release the left turn signal switch.	In the odometer window, a flashing 1 will appear.	
4	Increment the digit by tapping the left turn signal until the odometer window displays the first digit of the PIN.	The first digit in the odometer will be the first digit in the PIN.	
5	Press right turn switch 1 time .	The first digit is stored and the next digit will flash.	Serves as enter key.
6	Increment the second digit using the left turn switch until the digit reaches the second digit of the PIN.	The second digit in the odometer will be the second digit in the PIN.	
7	Press right turn switch 1 time .	The second digit is stored and the next digit will flash.	Serves as enter key.
8	Increment the third digit using the left turn switch until it reaches the third digit of the	The third digit in the odometer will be the third	

	PIN.	digit in the PIN.	
9	Press right turn switch 1 time .	The third digit is stored and the next digit will flash.	Serves as enter key.
10	Increment the fourth digit using the left turn switch until it reaches the fourth digit of the PIN.	The fourth digit in the odometer will be the fourth digit in the PIN.	
11	Press right turn switch 1 time .	The fourth digit is stored and the next digit will flash.	Serves as enter key.
12	Increment the fifth digit using the left turn switch until it reaches the fifth digit of the PIN.	The fifth digit in the odometer will be the fifth digit in the PIN.	
13	Press right turn switch 1 time .	The fifth digit is stored. The security system indicator lamp stops blinking.	Smart Security System is disarmed.

Alarm

Warnings

Once armed, if the motorcycle is moved or lifted up off of its jiffy stand and the fob is not present, the alarm will warn the operator with three alternate flashes of the turn signals and a chirp of the siren.

Within four seconds, if the motorcycle is back on its jiffy stand and no further motion is detected, the system will remain armed without activating the alarm.

If the motorcycle motion continues, the system will issue a second warning four seconds after the first.

NOTE:

During warnings and alarms, the starter motor and the ignition circuits remain disabled.

Alarm

If the security system is still detecting motion after a second warning, the system will activate the alarm.

When activated, the security system will:

- Alternately flash the four turn signals.
- Sound the siren.

Duration: The alarm will stop within 30 seconds and if no motion is detected, the alarm will not restart.

However, if motorcycle motion continues the system will repeat the 30 second alarm and recheck for motion. The alarm will repeat this 30 second alarm cycle for five minutes (10 cycles) or until the alarm is deactivated.

NOTE:

The alarm will also activate the LED, vibration or audible modes of an optionally purchased Harley-Davidson Security Pager. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

Deactivate the Alarm

Key fob: Bring the fob to the motorcycle. After the system identifies that the fob is present, the system will terminate the alarm.

Siren Chirp Mode (Confirmation)

Chirp Mode

Vehicles with a siren can be set to chirp upon arming and disarming. In chirp mode, the siren sounds two chirps when arming, and a single chirp when disarming.

Chirpless Mode

In chirpless mode, the siren does not chirp on arming or disarming.

The siren still provides warning chirps and sounds the alarm if the motorcycle is moved without the fob present.

Switching Modes

Perform the following to switch between chirp and chirpless modes.

1. With security fob present, set the OFF/RUN switch to RUN.
2. When the security lamp turns off, set the OFF/RUN switch to OFF.
3. When the security lamp turns off (but before the turn signals flash twice), immediately set the OFF/RUN switch to RUN.
4. When the security lamp turns off, immediately set the OFF/RUN switch to OFF.
5. When the security lamp turns off (but before the turn signals flash twice), immediately set the OFF/RUN switch to RUN. The system changes mode. The siren chirps or remains silent accordingly.

Transport Mode

It is possible to arm the security system without enabling the motion detector for one ignition cycle. This allows the vehicle to be picked up and moved in an armed state. The motorcycle cannot be turned on or started while in transport mode until the fob is present.

To Enter Transport Mode

1. With the fob present, set the OFF/RUN switch to RUN.
2. Set the OFF/RUN switch to OFF.
3. Simultaneously press both the left and the right turn signal switches. This must be done within five seconds of turning the OFF/RUN switch to OFF.
4. The turn signals flash once, then flash three times to indicate that the system is armed in transport mode.

To Exit Transport Mode

With the fob present, set the OFF/RUN switch to RUN to disarm the system and exit transport mode.

Storage and Service Departments

Long-Term Parking

To maintain arming, store the fob beyond the range of the antenna. The antenna range is approximately 20 ft 6 m . If the motorcycle is to be moved while parked, have the fob present.

If the motorcycle will not be operated for several months, such as during the winter season, refer to Motorcycle Storage.

Service Departments

When the motorcycle is to be left at a Harley-Davidson dealer, there are two options:

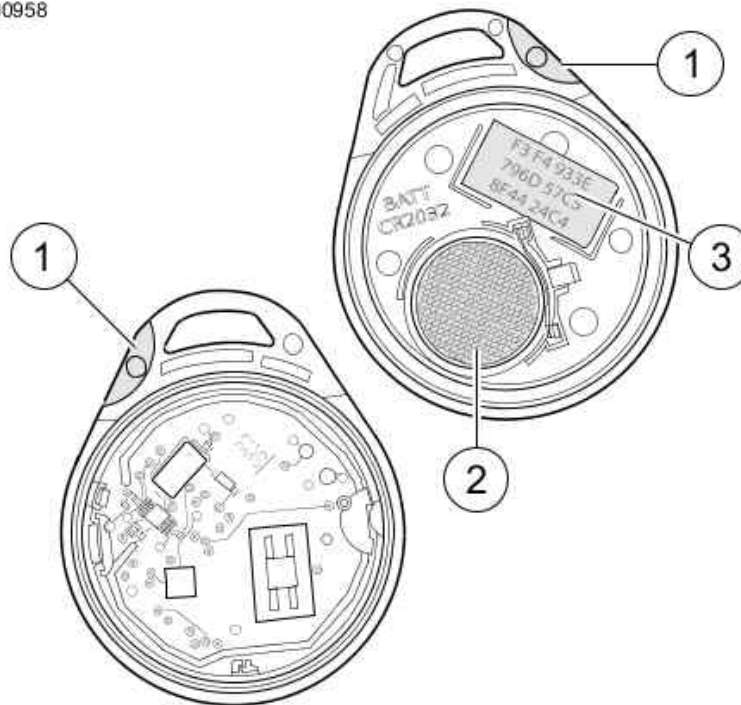
1. Leave an assigned fob with the dealer.
2. To maintain possession of the fob, ask the dealer to disable the system for service (service mode) before leaving the dealership.

Fob Battery

Replacing the Battery

Replace the fob battery every year.

1. See Fob Battery. Slowly turn a thin blade in the thumbnail slot (1) on the side of the fob to separate the two halves.
2. Remove the battery (2) and discard.
3. Install a **new** battery (Panasonic 2032 or equivalent) with the positive (+) side down.
4. Align the two halves of the fob and snap together.



1. Thumbnail slot
2. Battery
3. Fob serial number

Fob Battery

Disconnecting Power

Optional Siren

When disconnecting the battery or removing the main fuse, perform the following steps to prevent the optional siren from sounding.

1. Verify that the fob is present.
2. Set the OFF/RUN switch to RUN.
3. Pull the main fuse from its holder or disconnect the battery.

NOTE:

Set the OFF/RUN switch back to OFF before installing main fuse.

Troubleshooting

Security System Lamp

If the security system lamp stays illuminated while riding, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

Fob

If the security system continues to actuate warnings and alarms with the fob present, one of the following can be the cause:

1. **Electromagnetic interference:** Other electronic devices, power lines, or other electromagnetic sources can cause the security system to operate inconsistently.

- a. Verify that the fob is not in a metal enclosure or within 3.0 in 76 mm of any other electronic devices.
 - b. Place the fob on the seat and set the OFF/RUN switch to RUN. After the system disarms, return the fob to a convenient location.
 - c. Move motorcycle at least 15 ft 5 m from the spot of interference.
2. **Discharged fob battery:** Use the PIN to disarm the system. Replace the battery. Refer to Fob Battery.
 3. **Damaged fob:** Use the PIN to disarm the motorcycle. Replacement fobs are available for purchase from a Harley-Davidson dealer.

Siren

- If the siren does not chirp two or three times on a valid arming command from the security module, the siren is either in the Chirpless Mode, not connected, not working, or the siren wiring was opened or shorted while the siren was disarmed.
- If the siren is armed and the internal siren battery is dead, shorted, disconnected, or has been charging for a period longer than 24 hours, the siren will respond with three chirps on arming instead of two.
- The internal siren battery may not charge if the vehicle's battery is less than 12.5 volts.
- If the siren enters the self-driven mode where it is powered from the siren's internal 9 volt battery, the turn signal lamps may or may not alternately flash. If the security module activates the siren, the turn signal lamps will alternately flash. If the siren has been armed and a security event occurs, and the siren is in self-driven mode, the siren will alarm 20-30 seconds and then turn off for 5-10 seconds. This alarm cycle will be repeated ten times if the siren is in the self-driven mode.

Operation

Operating Recommendations

WARNING

Motorcycles are different from other vehicles. They operate, steer, handle and brake differently. Unskilled or improper use could result in loss of control, death or serious injury. (00556c)

- Take a rider training course.
- Read Owner's Manual before riding, adding accessories or servicing.
- Wear a helmet, eye protection and protective clothing.
- Never tow a trailer.

WARNING

Travel at speeds appropriate for road and conditions and never travel faster than posted speed limit. Excessive speed can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00008a)

CAUTION

Do not run the engine at extremely high RPM with clutch disengaged or transmission in neutral. Running an engine at high RPM can result in engine damage. (00177a)

CAUTION

Do not exceed the maximum safe RPM specified below under any conditions. Exceeding the maximum safe engine RPM can result in equipment damage. (00248a)

- The maximum recommended safe engine speed is 5500 rpm.
- Do not idle engine unnecessarily for more than a few minutes with motorcycle standing still.

An engine running long distances at high speed must be given closer than ordinary attention to avoid overheating and possible engine damage.

This applies particularly to a motorcycle equipped with windshield and fairing.

NOTE:

Have the engine checked regularly and keep it well tuned.

⚠WARNING

When riding on wet roads, brake efficiency and traction are greatly reduced. Failure to use care when braking, accelerating or turning on wet roads can cause loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00041a)

NOTE:

When descending upon a long, steep grade, downshift and use engine compression together with intermittent application of both brakes to slow the motorcycle.

⚠WARNING

Continuous use of brake causes overheating and reduced efficiency, which could result in death or serious injury. (00042a)

⚠WARNING

Do not tow a disabled motorcycle. Towing can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00017a)

Break-in Riding Rules

The First 500 Miles (800 Kilometers)

The sound design, quality materials, and workmanship that are built into your new Harley-Davidson will give you optimum performance right from the start.

To allow your engine to wear-in its critical parts, we recommend that you observe the riding rules provided below for the first 500 miles 800 kilometers . Adherence to these suggestions will help to provide good future durability and performance.

1. During the first 50 miles 80 kilometers of riding, keep the engine speed below 3000 RPM in any gear. Do not lug the engine by running or accelerating at very low RPM, or by running at high RPM longer than needed for shifting or passing.
2. Up to 500 miles 800 kilometers , vary the engine speed and avoid operating at any steady engine speed for long periods. Engine speed up to 3500 RPM in any gear is permissible.

3. Drive slowly and avoid fast starts at wide open throttle until the engine has warmed up.
4. Avoid lugging the engine by not running the engine at very low speeds in higher gears.
5. Avoid hard braking. Break-in new brakes by moderate use for the first 200 miles 300 kilometers .

Pre-Riding Checklist

WARNING

Read the CONTROLS AND INDICATORS section before riding your motorcycle. Failure to understand the operation of the motorcycle could result in death or serious injury. (00043a)

Before riding your motorcycle, make a general inspection to make sure that it is in safe riding condition.

WARNING

Stop the engine when refueling or servicing the fuel system. Do not smoke or allow open flame or sparks near gasoline. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00002a)

WARNING

Avoid spills. Slowly remove filler cap. Do not fill above bottom of filler neck insert, leaving air space for fuel expansion. Secure filler cap after refueling. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00028a)

WARNING

Use care when refueling. Pressurized air in fuel tank can force gasoline to escape through filler tube. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00029a)

1. Check fuel level. Add fuel if necessary.
2. Adjust mirrors to proper riding positions.
3. Check engine oil level. Add oil if necessary.
4. Check controls to make sure that they operate properly. Operate the front and rear brakes, throttle, clutch and shifter. All controls should operate freely without binding.
5. Check steering for proper operation by turning the handlebars through the full operating range. Handlebars should turn smoothly without binding.

WARNING

Be sure tires are properly inflated, balanced, undamaged, and have adequate tread. Inspect your tires regularly and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for replacements. Riding with excessively worn, unbalanced, improperly inflated,

overloaded or damaged tires can lead to tire failure and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00014b)

6. Check tire condition, pressure and motorcycle loading. Incorrect pressure and excessive loading can lead to tire or wheel failure, and can affect handling and stability. Refer to Specified Tires for correct inflation pressure.

⚠ WARNING

Be sure headlamp, tail and stop lamp and turn signals are operating properly before riding. Poor visibility of rider to other motorists can result in death or serious injury. (00478b)

7. Test all switches and lights for proper operation.
8. Check for any fuel, oil or hydraulic fluid leaks. Check for coolant leaks on applicable vehicles.
9. Check drive belt for wear or damage.
10. Service your motorcycle as necessary.

Starting the Engine

General

CAUTION

The engine should be allowed to run slowly for 15-30 seconds. This will allow the engine to warm up and let oil reach all surfaces needing lubrication. Failure to comply can result in engine damage. (00563b)

Rolling the throttle before starting the motorcycle is unnecessary.

Starting

⚠ WARNING

Shift transmission to neutral before starting engine to prevent accidental movement, which could result in death or serious injury. (00044a)

1. See Right Handlebar Controls. With the security system fob present, turn the OFF/RUN switch to RUN position. Do not roll the throttle.

NOTE:

The engine lamp will light for approximately 4 seconds and you will hear the fuel pump purr for approximately 2 seconds as it operates to fill the fuel lines with gasoline.

2. Rotate fork lock switch fully into the unlocked position.

NOTE:

Starter will not operate if fork lock switch is not in unlocked position.

3. Raise the jiffy stand (required on international models, unless transmission is in neutral).

4. Squeeze the clutch lever in against the handgrip. Shift transmission to neutral.

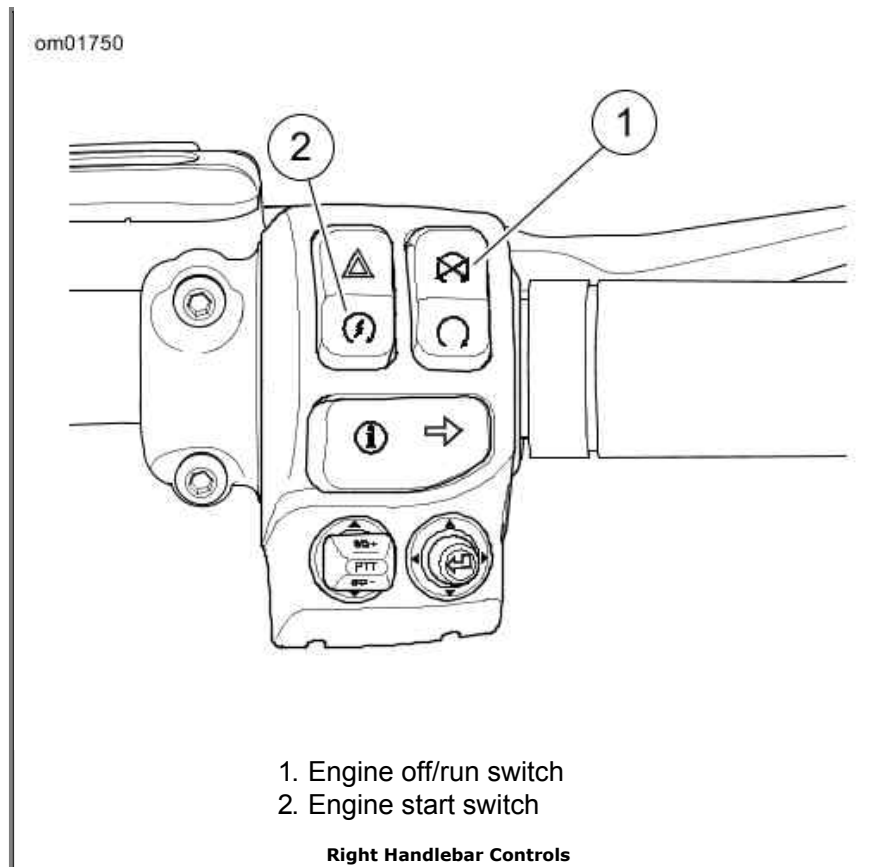
NOTE:

To activate the starting system, the clutch interlock circuitry requires that the clutch be disengaged. The clutch lever must be pulled in against the left handlebar grip and/or the transmission must be shifted to the neutral position (with the green neutral lamp lit). Apply the brake to prevent movement of the motorcycle.

5. Press the starter button to start the motorcycle.
6. When the engine has started, you can operate your motorcycle as you normally would after raising the jiffy stand.

NOTE:

The ABS indicator lamp will remain on until vehicle is moving approximately 3 mph 5 km/h .



Starting after Tip Over

⚠ WARNING

If tip occurs, check all controls for proper operation. Restricted control movement can adversely affect the performance of the brakes, clutch or ability to shift, which could result in loss of vehicle control and death or serious injury. (00350a)

After a tip over, reset the ignition before starting the engine.

NOTE:

The word "tIP" appears in the odometer window.

1. Set the motorcycle upright.
2. Reset the ignition by pressing the OFF/RUN switch to OFF then RUN.

Engine Idle Temperature Management System

The Engine Idle Temperature Management System (EITMS) can provide limited cooling of the rear cylinder for riders who frequently find themselves in prolonged idle conditions or traffic congestion.

Operation

When engine temperature reaches a predetermined point, the EITMS turns off the rear cylinder fuel injector. The rear cylinder becomes an "air pump" which works to cool the engine.

EITMS activates (rear cylinder turns off) when **all** of the following conditions are met:

NOTE:

EITMS does not activate within the first four minutes after starting the vehicle.

- Ambient temperature or engine temperature exceeds temperature threshold.
- Throttle control is at idle
- Vehicle speed under 1 mph 2 km/h
- Engine speed under 1200 rpm

EITMS disables (rear cylinder begins firing again) if **any one** of the following occurs:

- Ambient temperature or engine temperature falls below temperature threshold.
- Throttle control is above idle
- Vehicle speed exceeds 2 mph 3 km/h
- Engine speed exceeds 1350 rpm
- Clutch is released with vehicle in gear

When the engine is in EITMS operation, you may notice a difference in idle cadence. Additionally, there may be a unique exhaust odor. These are both considered to be normal conditions.

Enabling/Disabling EITMS

Enabled: The EITMS engine cooling feature automatically activates whenever the vehicle comes to a complete stop and is idling during elevated temperature conditions. When the feature is enabled, it may not activate under cool riding conditions.

Disabled: The EITMS feature is not active under any conditions.

EITMS can be enabled or disabled by performing the following procedure.

1. Turn ignition switch ON. Push the engine OFF/RUN switch on the right handlebar to the RUN position (the motorcycle may be running or not running).
2. Push the throttle to roll-off position and hold.
3. See Instruments. After approximately 3 seconds, the cruise indicator lamp will either flash green (EITMS enabled) or orange (EITMS disabled).
4. Repeat the procedure as necessary to enable or disable EITMS.

NOTES:

- *A flashing cruise lamp indicates the EITMS setting. A solid (non-flashing) lamp indicates the cruise control setting.*
- *The EITMS setting remains in effect until it is changed by the rider or dealer. There is no need to reconfigure EITMS at each startup.*

Stopping The Engine

1. Stop the engine by turning OFF the engine stop switch on the right handlebar.

2. Take the key fob from the motorcycle to arm the security system and prevent the motorcycle from being turned on or started.

Shifting Gears

Stopped, Engine Off

Squeeze in the clutch lever to fully disengage the clutch. Gears may not engage because the transmission shafts are not turning and shifter components are not lined up. Rock the motorcycle backward and forward while lightly pressing on the shift lever.

Starting from a Stop

CAUTION

The clutch must be fully disengaged before attempting a gear shift. Failure to fully disengage the clutch can result in equipment damage. (00182a)

NOTE:

Always start the engine with the transmission in neutral. Always start forward motion in first gear.

1. With the engine running and the jiffy stand retracted, pull the clutch hand lever in against the handlebar grip to fully disengage the clutch.
2. Press the gear shift lever down to end of its travel and release. The transmission is now in first gear.
3. Ease out the clutch lever and at the same time, gradually open the throttle.

Upshift (Acceleration)

See Shifting Sequence: Upshift. Engage the next higher gear when the motorcycle reaches the shifting speed. Refer to Upshift (Acceleration) Gear Speeds: Six Speed.

Upshift (Acceleration) Gear Speeds: Six Speed

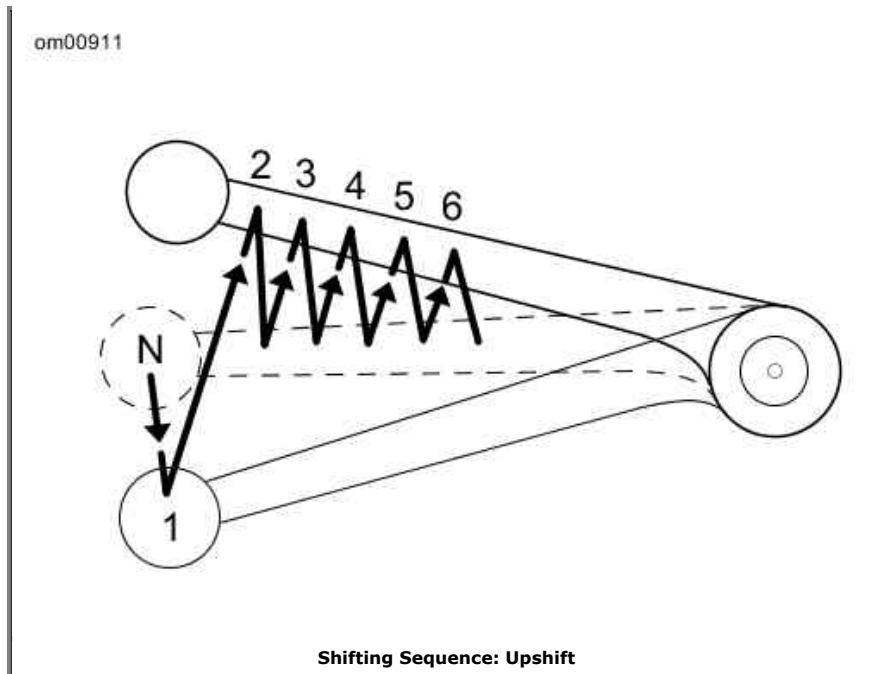
GEAR CHANGE	mph	km/h
First to second	15	25
Second to third	25	40
Third to fourth	35	55
Fourth to fifth	45	70
Fifth to sixth	55	85

1. Close the throttle.
2. Disengage the clutch (pull the clutch lever in).
3. Lift the gear shift lever up to the end of its travel and release.
4. Ease out the clutch lever and gradually open the throttle.
5. Repeat the previous steps to engage remaining gears.

NOTES:

- *Disengage the clutch completely before each gear change.*

- Partially open the throttle so the engine does not drag when the clutch lever is released.



Downshift (Deceleration)

⚠ WARNING

Do not downshift at speeds higher than those listed. Shifting to lower gears when speed is too high can cause the rear wheel to lose traction and lead to loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00045b)

See Shifting Sequence: Downshift. When engine speed decreases, as when climbing a hill or slowing for a turn, shift to the next lower gear. Refer to Downshift (Deceleration) Gear Speeds: Six Speed.

Downshift (Deceleration) Gear Speeds: Six Speed

GEAR CHANGE	mph	km/h
Sixth to fifth	50	80
Fifth to fourth	40	65
Fourth to third	30	50
Third to second	20	30
Second to first	10	15

NOTE:

The shifting points shown in the table are recommendations. Vehicle owners may determine that their own individual shifting patterns may differ from those stated and are additionally appropriate for individual riding styles.

1. Close the throttle.
2. Disengage the clutch (pull the clutch lever in).
3. Press the gear shift lever down to the end of its travel and release.
4. Ease out the clutch lever and gradually open the throttle.

5. Repeat the previous steps to engage remaining gears.

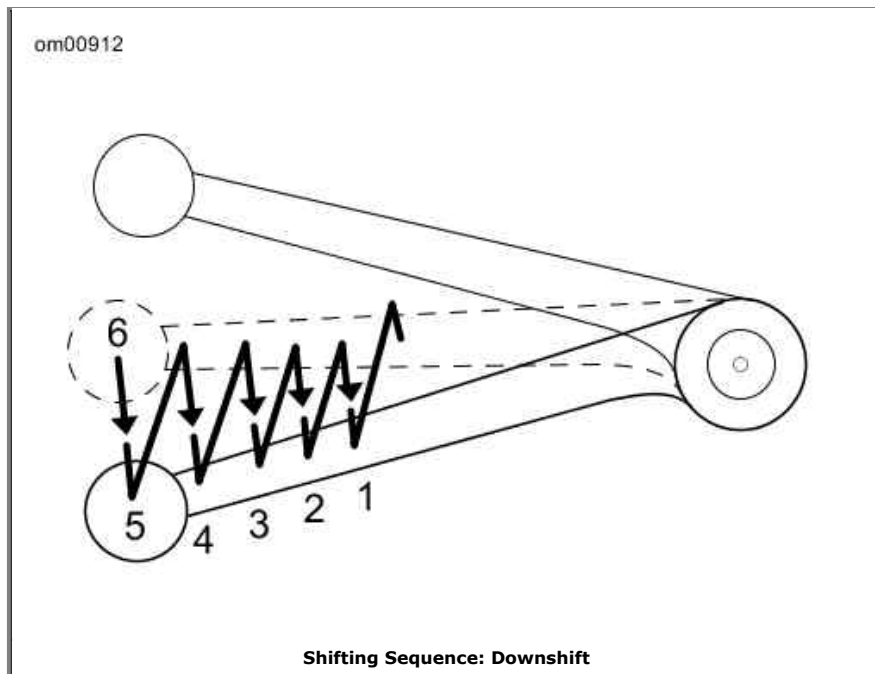
NOTES:

- *Disengage the clutch completely before each gear change.*
- *Partially open the throttle so the engine does not drag when clutch lever is released.*

CAUTION

Shift to neutral before stopping engine. Shifting mechanism can be damaged by shifting gears while engine is stopped. (00183a)

The gear shifter mechanism permits shifting the transmission to neutral from either first or second gear.



Maintenance and Lubrication

Safe Operating Maintenance

⚠WARNING

Perform the service and maintenance operations as indicated in the regular service interval table. Lack of regular maintenance at the recommended intervals can affect the safe operation of your motorcycle, which could result in death or serious injury. (00010a)

⚠WARNING

If you operate your motorcycle under adverse conditions (severe cold, extreme heat, very dusty environment, very bad roads, through standing water, etc.), you should perform the regular maintenance intervals more frequently to ensure the safe operation of your motorcycle. Failure to maintain your motorcycle could result in death or serious injury. (00094a)

CAUTION

When lifting a motorcycle using a jack, be sure jack contacts both lower frame tubes where down tubes and lower frame tubes converge. Never lift by jacking on cross-members, oil pan, mounting brackets, components or housings. Failure to comply can cause serious damage resulting in the need to perform major repair work. (00586d)

Keep the motorcycle maintained according to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE. Frequently inspect the motorcycle between regular service intervals and after periods of storage to determine if additional maintenance is necessary.

Check the following items:

1. Tires for correct pressure, excessive wear or any signs of tire damage.
2. Belt for proper tension, wear or damage.
3. Brakes, steering and throttle for responsiveness and freedom from binding.
4. Brake fluid level and condition. Hydraulic lines and fittings for leaks. Coolant level if applicable. Also, check brake pads and discs for wear.
5. Cables for fraying or crimping and free operation.
6. Engine oil and primary chaincase/transmission fluid levels.
7. Headlamp, tail lamp, brake lamp and turn signals for proper operation.

Break-in Maintenance

NOTE:

The performance of new motorcycle initial service is required to keep your new motorcycle warranty in force and for proper emissions system operation.

After a new motorcycle has been ridden 1000 mi 1600 km , visit an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for initial service. Refer to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE.

Disposal and Recycling

When servicing the motorcycle, properly recycle or dispose of all fluids, bulbs, batteries, filters and other scrap materials according to local regulations.

Engine Lubrication: Synthetic Oil

Engine oil is a major factor in the performance and service life of the engine. Always use the proper grade of oil for the lowest temperature expected before the next scheduled oil change. Your authorized dealer has the proper oil to suit your requirements.

Refer to Recommended Engine Oils. Motorcycles with a Twin Cam 110 engine are shipped from the factory with SCREAMIN' EAGLE SYN3 FULL SYNTHETIC MOTORCYCLE LUBRICANT 20W50. If SYN3 is not available and addition of motor oil is required, the first choice would be to add GENUINE HARLEY-DAVIDSON H-D 360 MOTORCYCLE OIL 20W50 to the SYN3 for engine lubrication. Although H-D 360 is compatible with SYN3, we suggest the mixture of the fluids be changed as soon as possible.

To switch lubricant to H-D 360, completely drain the SYN3 before filling with H-D 360. A residual amount of fluid will remain. It is not required to flush out the residual fluid.

Motorcycles with a Twin Cam 103 engine are shipped from the factory with GENUINE HARLEY-DAVIDSON H-D 360 MOTORCYCLE OIL 20W50. For these motorcycles, H-D 360 is the preferred oil under normal operation conditions. If operation under extreme cold or heat are expected, refer to Recommended Engine Oils for alternative choices.

If H-D 360 is not available, the second choice would be to add an acceptable diesel engine oil. We again suggest the mixture of the fluids be changed as soon as possible. DO NOT add diesel engine oil to the primary chaincase or transmission.

Acceptable diesel engine oil designations include: SH, CH-4, CI-4, and CJ-4. The preferred viscosities for the diesel engine oils in descending order are: 20W50, 15W40 and 10W40.

At the first opportunity, see an authorized dealer to change back to 100 percent Harley-Davidson oil.

CAUTION

Do not switch lubricant brands indiscriminately because some lubricants interact chemically when mixed. Use of inferior lubricants can damage the engine. (00184a)

Recommended Engine Oils

TYPE	VISCOSITY	RATING	LOWEST AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	COLD- WEATHER STARTS BELOW 50 °F (10 °C)
Screamin' Eagle SYN 3 Full Synthetic Motorcycle Lubricant	SAE 20W50	HD 360	Above 30 °F -1 °C	Excellent
Genuine Harley-Davidson H-D 360 Motorcycle Oil	SAE 20W50	HD 360	Above 40 °F 4 °C	Good
Genuine Harley-Davidson H-D 360 Motorcycle Oil	SAE 50	HD 360	Above 60 °F 16 °C	Poor
Genuine Harley-Davidson H-D 360 Motorcycle Oil	SAE 60	HD 360	Above 80 °F 27 °C	Poor
Genuine Harley-Davidson H-D 360 Motorcycle Oil	SAE 10W40	HD 360	Below 40 °F 4 °C	Excellent

Engine Oil Level

⚠CAUTION

Prolonged or repeated contact with used motor oil may be harmful to skin and could cause skin cancer. Promptly wash affected areas with soap and water. (00358b)

CAUTION

Do not overfill oil. Doing so can result in oil carryover to the air cleaner leading to equipment damage and/or equipment malfunction. (00190b)

NOTE:

The oil level marks for checking with motorcycle upright or on jiffy stand are on the same side of the dipstick. Carefully read dipstick when checking oil level.

Check engine oil level at each complete fuel refill.

Oil Level Cold Check

1. For pre-ride inspection, place vehicle on level ground resting on its jiffy stand.
2. See Engine Oil Filler Cap. Remove filler plug/dipstick and wipe off the dipstick. Insert the dipstick and tighten into the fill spout.

NOTE:

Oil level on a cold engine should never be above the midway point.

3. See Engine Oil Dipstick. Remove the dipstick and verify oil level. Remove filler plug/dipstick and check oil level. The correct oil level is midway (2) between the ADD QT and FULL HOT marks on the dipstick.

NOTE:

If oil level is at or below the ADD QT mark, add only enough oil to bring the level midway (2) between the ADD QT and FULL HOT marks. Never bring the level to the FULL HOT mark on a cold engine.

Oil Level Hot Check

CAUTION

Do not allow hot oil level to fall below Add/Fill mark on dipstick. Doing so can result in equipment damage and/or equipment malfunction. (00189a)

NOTE:

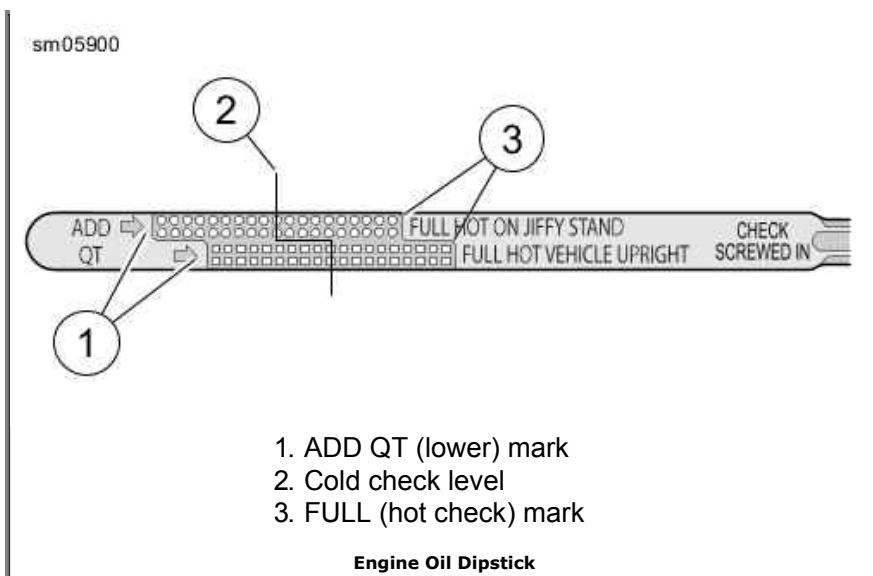
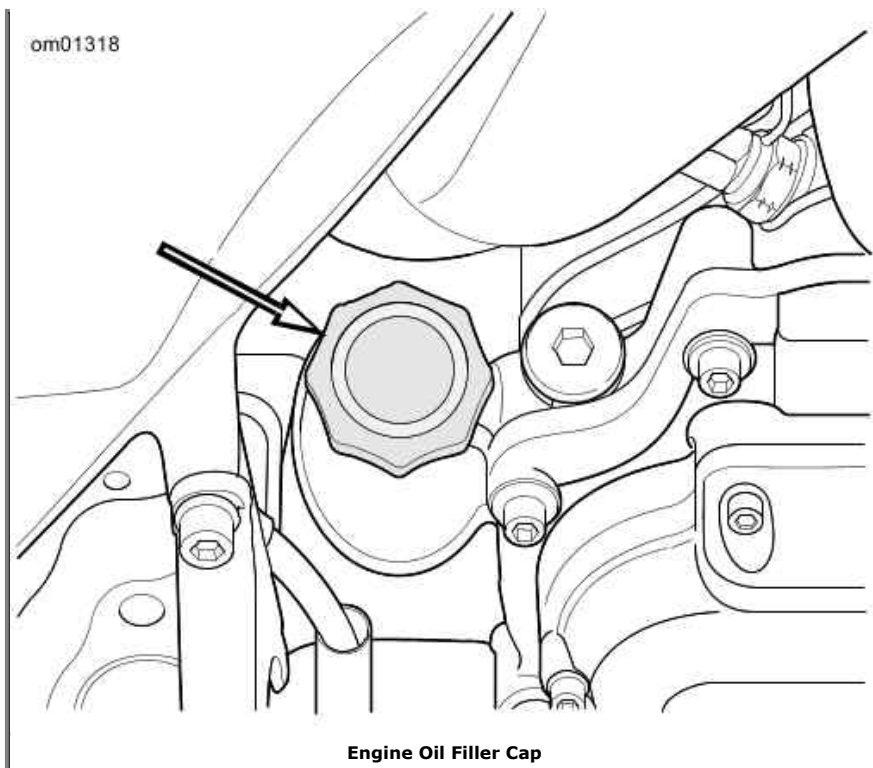
Perform engine oil level hot check only with engine at normal operating temperature.

1. Run motorcycle until engine is at normal operating temperature.
2. Place vehicle on level ground resting on its jiffy stand. Allow engine to idle for 1-2 minutes. Turn off engine.
3. See Engine Oil Filler Cap. Remove filler plug/dipstick and wipe off the dipstick. Insert the dipstick and tighten into the fill spout.
4. See Engine Oil Dipstick. Remove filler plug/dipstick and check oil level. Oil level must register between the ADD QT and FULL HOT marks. If oil level is at or below the ADD QT mark, add only enough oil to bring the level to the FULL HOT mark. Do not overfill.

NOTE:

Use only recommended oil specified in Engine Lubrication: Synthetic Oil.

5. Start engine and carefully check for oil leaks around drain plug and oil filter.



Changing Oil and Oil Filter

Refer to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE. Change engine oil at the first 1000 miles 1600 kilometers for a **new** engine and at regular intervals in normal service at warm or moderate temperatures.

Change oil change at more frequent intervals in cold weather or severe operating conditions. See Winter Lubrication.

Twin Cam equipped vehicles require the premium oil filter, available in chrome (Part No. 63798-99A) or black Part No. 63731-99A).

CAUTION

Do not switch lubricant brands indiscriminately because some lubricants interact chemically when mixed. Use of inferior lubricants can damage the engine. (00184a)

⚠WARNING

Be sure that no lubricants or fluids get on tires, wheels or brakes when changing fluid. Traction can be adversely affected, which could result in loss of control of the motorcycle and death or serious injury. (00047d)

1. Run motorcycle until engine is at normal operating temperature. Turn off engine.
2. Remove filler plug/dipstick.
3. See Oil Pan. Remove the oil drain plug (2). Do not remove hex plug (3) or transmission drain plug (1). Allow oil to drain completely.
4. Replace drain plug O-ring if damaged.

CAUTION

Use Harley-Davidson oil filter wrench for filter removal. This tool can prevent damage to crankshaft position sensor and/or sensor cable. (00192b)

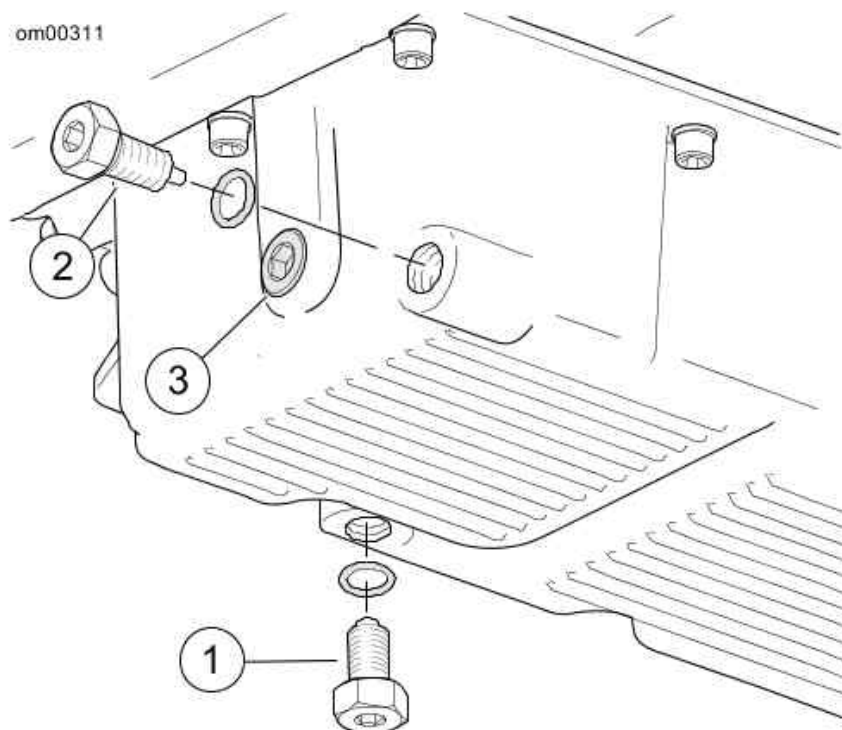
5. Remove the oil filter using OIL FILTER WRENCH HD-42311 or OIL FILTER WRENCH HD-44067-A and hand tools. Do not use with air tools.
6. Clean the oil filter mount flange of any old gasket material.
7. See Applying Thin Oil Film. Lubricate gasket with clean engine oil. Install **new** oil filter on filter mount. Hand-tighten oil filter one-half to three-quarters of a turn after gasket first contacts filter mounting surface. Do NOT use oil filter wrench for installation.
8. Install engine oil drain plug. Tighten to 14-21 ft-lbs (19.0-28.5 Nm).

NOTE:

Use the proper grade of oil for the lowest temperature expected before the next oil change. Refer to Recommended Engine Oils for recommended oil.

9. Initially add 3.0 quarts 2.8 liters of engine oil.
10. Verify proper oil level. See Engine Oil Level.
 - a. Perform engine oil level **cold check**.
 - b. Start engine and carefully check for oil leaks around drain plug and oil filter.
 - c. Perform engine oil level **hot check**.

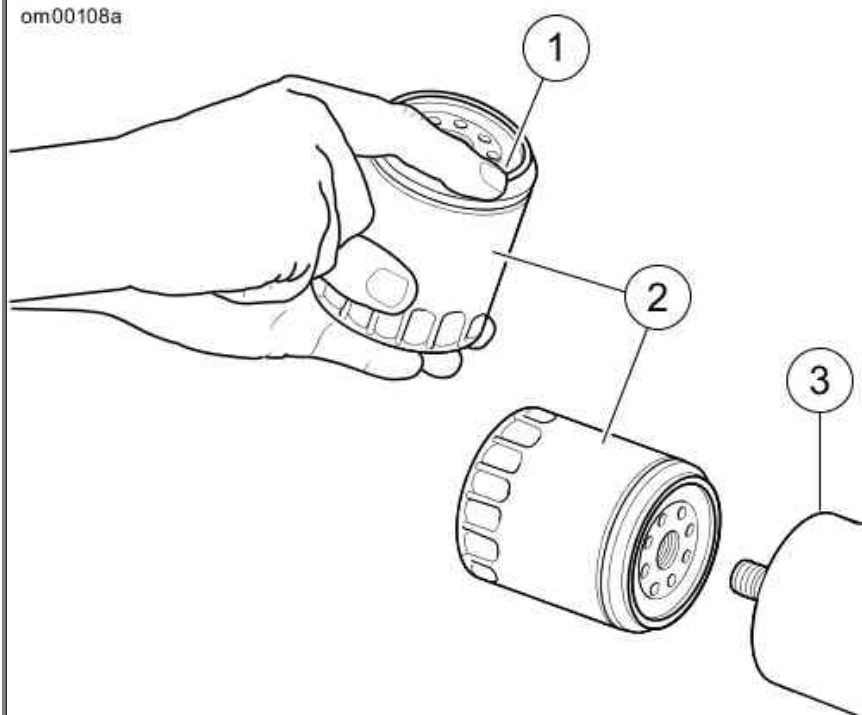
om00311



1. Transmission drain plug (right side)
2. Engine oil drain plug and O-ring
3. Hex plug (do not remove)

Oil Pan

om00108a



1. Thin film of oil ONLY
2. Oil filter
3. Mounting plate

Applying Thin Oil Film

Winter Lubrication

Change engine oil often in colder climates. If motorcycle is frequently used for trips less than 15 mi 24 km , in ambient temperatures below 60 °F 16 °C , reduce oil change intervals to 1500 mi

2400 km .

NOTE:

The further below freezing the temperature drops, the shorter the oil change interval should be.

Water vapor is a normal by-product of combustion in any engine. During cold weather operation, some water vapor condenses to liquid form on the cool metal surfaces inside the engine. In freezing weather this water will become slush or ice. Over time, accumulated slush or ice may block the oil lines and cause engine damage.

If the engine is run frequently and allowed to thoroughly warm up, most of this water will become vapor again and will be blown out through the crankcase breather.

If the engine is not run frequently and not allowed to thoroughly warm up, this water will accumulate, mix with the engine oil and form a sludge that is harmful to the engine.

Checking Transmission Lubricant

NOTE:

Check transmission fluid with the motorcycle at room temperature.

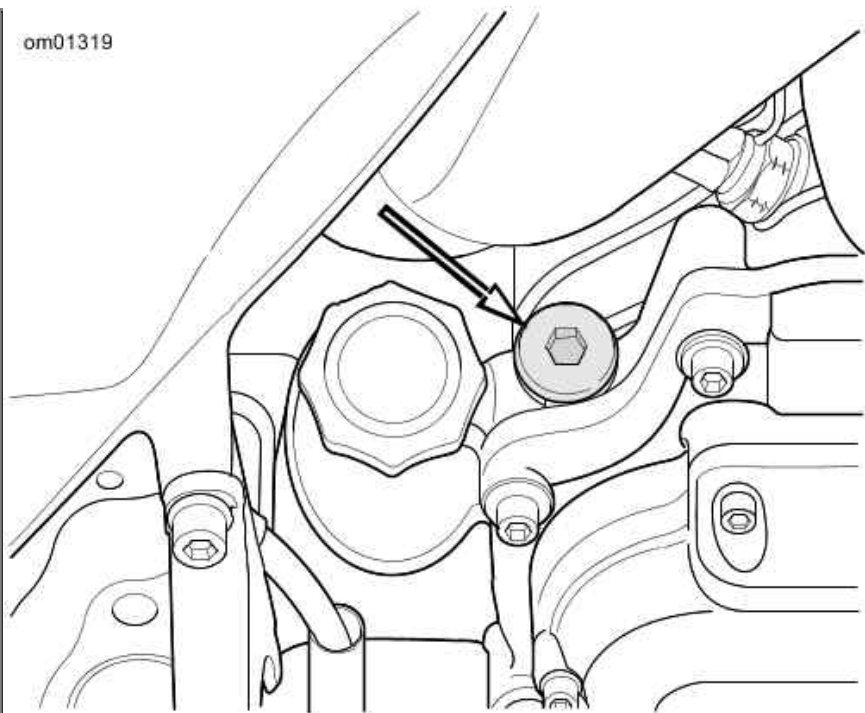
1. Park on level ground on the jiffy stand.
2. See Transmission Filler Plug/Dipstick Location. Remove transmission lubricant dipstick. Wipe dipstick clean.
3. Insert dipstick into transmission. Thread dipstick in until O-ring makes contact with case. Do not tighten.
4. See Transmission Dipstick Lubricant Level. Remove dipstick. Check lubricant level on dipstick.

CAUTION

Mixing mineral-based lubricants with SYN-3 in the transmission can damage the transmission. (00452b)

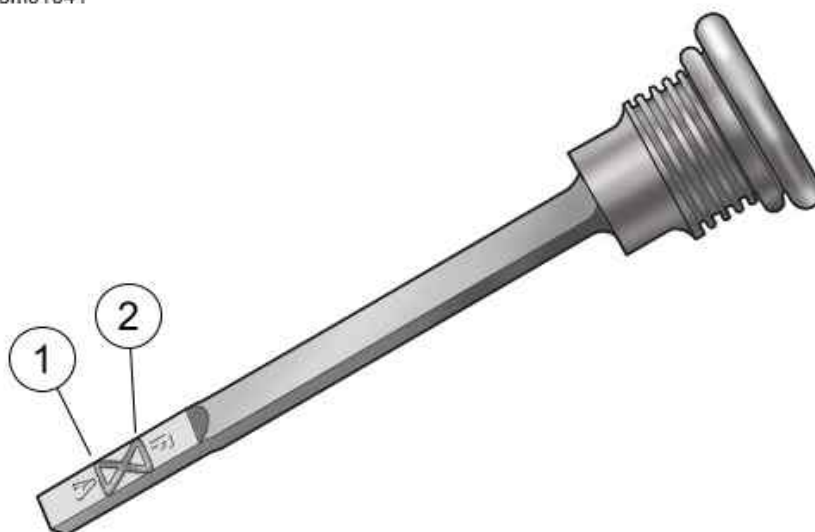
5. The level should be between the A and F marks. Add only enough lubricant to bring level to between the A mark and the F mark. Refer to Recommended Lubricant.
6. Install dipstick. Tighten to 25-75 in-lbs (2.8-8.5 Nm).

om01319



Transmission Filler Plug/Dipstick Location

om01041



1. Add (A)
2. Full (F)

Transmission Dipstick Lubricant Level

Recommended Lubricant

MODEL	LUBRICANT	REFILL QTY. *
All CVO	SCREAMIN' EAGLE SYN3 FULL SYNTHETIC MOTORCYCLE LUBRICANT 20W50 or FORMULA+ TRANSMISSION AND PRIMARY CHAIN LUBRICANT	28 oz 0.83 L
* Approximate. Check and add as needed to bring level within specification.		

Changing Transmission Lubricant

1. See Transmission Filler Plug/Dipstick Location. Remove transmission filler plug/dipstick.

CAUTION

When draining or adding lubricant, do not allow dirt, debris or other contaminants to enter the engine. (00198a)

⚠ WARNING

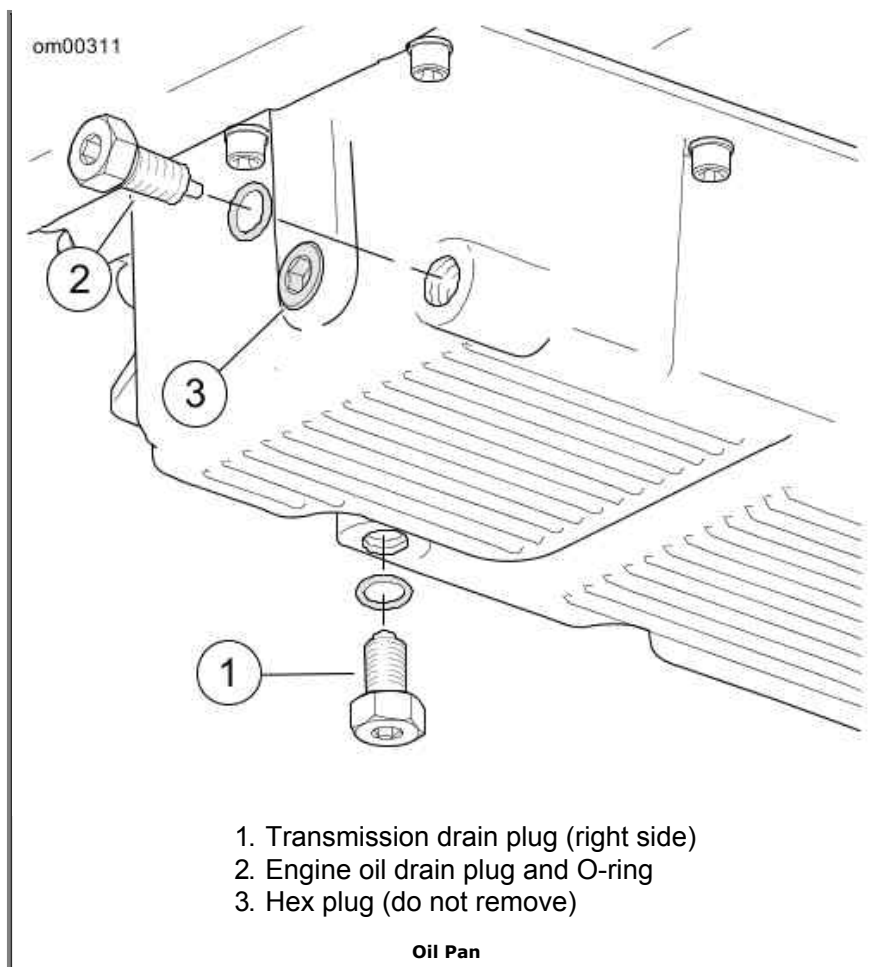
Be sure that no lubricants or fluids get on tires, wheels or brakes when changing fluid. Traction can be adversely affected, which could result in loss of control of the motorcycle and death or serious injury. (00047d)

2. See Oil Pan. Remove transmission drain plug. Drain lubricant into a suitable container.
3. Clean and inspect drain plug and O-ring.

CAUTION

Do not over-tighten filler or drain plug. Doing so could result in a lubricant leak. (00200b)

4. Install drain plug with O-ring. Tighten to 14-21 ft-lbs (19.0-28.5 Nm). Do not over-tighten.
5. Fill the transmission with 28 oz 0.83 L of recommended Harley-Davidson lubricant. Refer to Recommended Lubricant.
6. Check lubricant level and add enough lubricant to bring the level between the ADD (A) and FULL (F) marks. See Checking Transmission Lubricant.
7. Install filler plug/dipstick. Tighten to 25-75 in-lbs (2.8-8.5 Nm).



Primary Chaincase Lubrication: Synthetic Oil

Lubrication is a major factor in the performance and service life of the clutch components. Use the appropriate Harley-Davidson chaincase lubricant for all operating temperatures.

Your motorcycle comes equipped with SCREAMIN' EAGLE SYN3 FULL SYNTHETIC MOTORCYCLE LUBRICANT 20W50. If SYN3 is not available and addition of lubricant to the primary chaincase is required, the first choice would be to add FORMULA+ TRANSMISSION AND PRIMARY CHAINCASE LUBRICANT. Although FORMULA+ TRANSMISSION AND PRIMARY CHAINCASE LUBRICANT is compatible with SYN3, we suggest the mixture of the fluids be changed as soon as possible.

NOTE:

For model specific information regarding the primary chaincase capacity, refer to the appropriate Service Manual or see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

Changing Primary Chaincase Lubricant

1. Run motorcycle until engine is at normal operating temperature.

CAUTION

When draining or adding lubricant, do not allow dirt, debris or other contaminants to enter the engine. (00198a)

⚠WARNING

Be sure that no lubricants or fluids get on tires, wheels or brakes when changing fluid. Traction can be adversely affected, which could result in loss of control of the motorcycle and death or serious injury. (00047d)

2. See Removal/Installation of Chaincase Drain Plug. Drain lubricant into suitable container.
3. Clean drain plug. If plug has accumulated a lot of debris, inspect the condition of chaincase components.
4. Install **new** O-ring on drain plug.
5. Install drain plug into primary chaincase cover. Tighten to 14-21 ft-lbs (19.0-28.5 Nm).

⚠ WARNING

To prevent accidental vehicle start-up, which could cause death or serious injury, disconnect negative (-) battery cable before proceeding. (00048a)

6. Disconnect negative battery cable.
7. See Clutch Cover. Remove screws with captive washers (3) and clutch inspection cover (2).
8. Remove seal (1). Wipe oil from groove in chaincase cover and mounting surface.

CAUTION

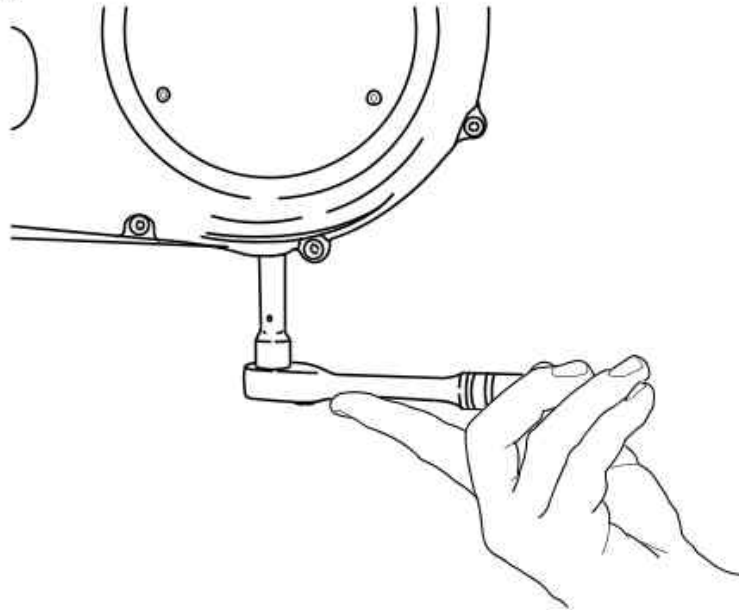
Do not overfill the primary chaincase with lubricant. Overfilling can cause rough clutch engagement, incomplete disengagement, clutch drag and/or difficulty in finding neutral at engine idle. (00199b)

9. Place motorcycle in an upright position to fill primary chaincase.
10. Pour specified amount of SCREAMIN' EAGLE SYN3 FULL SYNTHETIC MOTORCYCLE LUBRICANT 20W50 through clutch inspection cover opening. Refer to Primary Chaincase Lubricant Refill Capacity.

Primary Chaincase Lubricant Refill Capacity

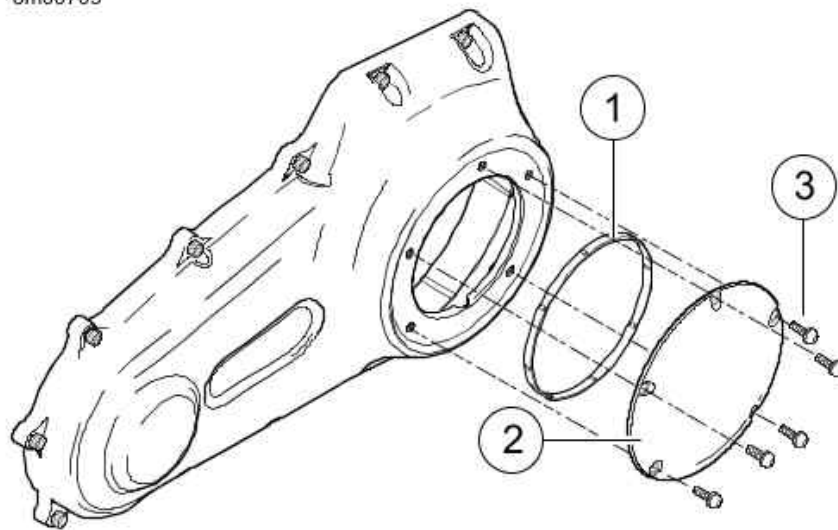
ITEM	CAPACITY
Primary chaincase lubricant	38 oz 1.12 L wet
	45 oz 1.33 L dry

om00114a



Removal/Installation of Chaincase Drain Plug

om00709



1. Seal
2. Clutch inspection cover
3. Screw with captive washer (5)

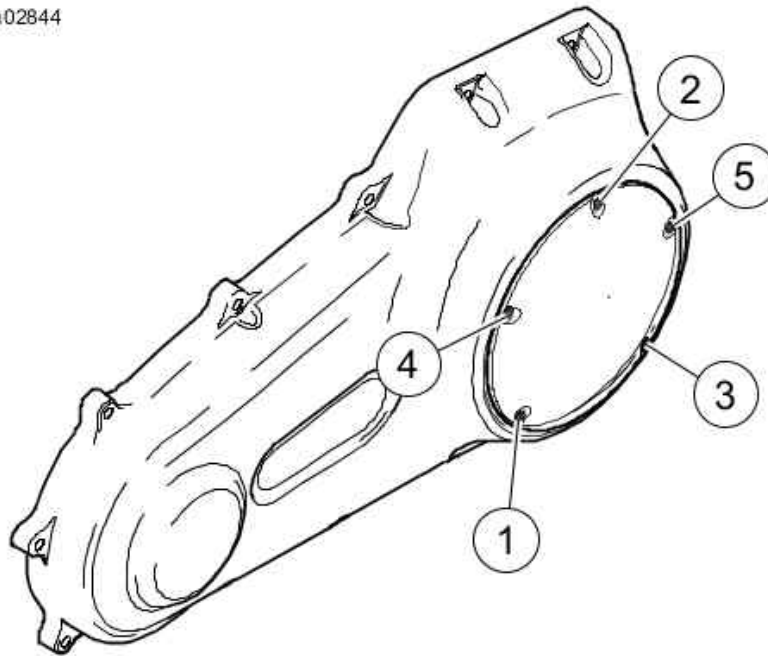
Clutch Cover

11. Install clutch inspection cover and **new** seal:

- a. Thoroughly wipe all lubricant from cover mounting surface and groove in chaincase cover.
- b. See Clutch Cover. Position **new** seal (1) in groove in clutch inspection cover. Press each of the nubs on seal into the groove.
- c. Secure inspection cover with screws with captive washers (3).
- d. See Clutch Cover Torque Sequence. Tighten in sequence shown to 84-108 in-lbs (9.5-12.2 Nm).

12. Connect battery negative cable. Tighten to 60-72 in-lbs (6.8-8.1 Nm).

sm02844



Clutch Cover Torque Sequence

Cooling System

⚠CAUTION

At operating temperature, radiators and oil coolers contain hot fluids. Contact with a radiator or oil cooler can result in minor or moderate burns. (00141b)

⚠WARNING

Coolant mixture contains toxic chemicals, which may be fatal if swallowed. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting; call a physician immediately. Use in a well ventilated area. Irritation to skin or eyes can occur from vapors or direct contact. In case of skin or eye contact, flush thoroughly with water and go to hospital, if necessary. Dispose of used coolant according to federal, state and local regulations. (00092a)

CAUTION

Use only Genuine Harley-Davidson Extended Life Antifreeze and Coolant. Use of other coolants/mixtures may lead to engine damage. (00179b)

GENUINE HARLEY-DAVIDSON EXTENDED LIFE ANTIFREEZE AND COOLANT is pre-diluted and ready to use full strength. It provides temperature protection to -34° F -36.7° C . DO NOT add water.

CAUTION

De-ionized water must be used with the antifreeze in the cooling system. Hard water can cause scale accumulation in water passages which reduces cooling system efficiency, leading to overheating and engine damage. (00195a)

If GENUINE HARLEY-DAVIDSON EXTENDED LIFE ANTIFREEZE AND COOLANT is unavailable, a mixture of de-ionized water and ethylene glycol-based antifreeze may be used. At the first opportunity, change back to GENUINE HARLEY-DAVIDSON EXTENDED LIFE ANTIFREEZE AND COOLANT.

Checking Coolant Level

NOTE:

Check coolant level with engine cold and motorcycle on level ground.

1. Remove access panel from lower right fairing. Pry the center top and pull out to release retainers.

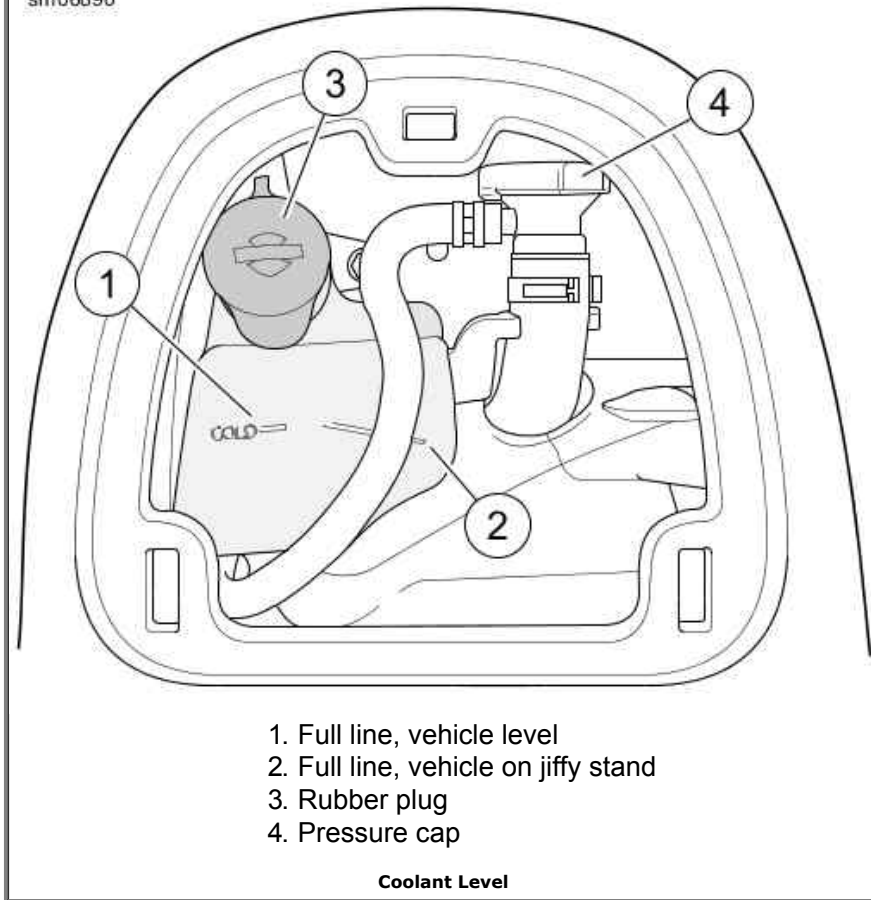
NOTE:

See Coolant Level. The coolant bottle has two lines. Use the angled line (2) when the motorcycle is leaning on the jiffy stand.

2. See Coolant Level. Check that coolant level in coolant bottle is at or slightly above the "COLD" line (1).

NOTES:

- *Do not remove the pressure cap (4). Fill the coolant bottle by removing the rubber plug (3).*
 - *If the coolant bottle is empty when the engine is cold, inspect the system for leaks. Repair as needed. Fill system with coolant and perform bleed procedure. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for service.*
3. If level is below "COLD" line on tank, remove rubber plug (3). Add GENUINE HARLEY-DAVIDSON EXTENDED LIFE ANTIFREEZE AND COOLANT until fluid level reaches, or is slightly above the "COLD" line.
 4. Install rubber plug.
 5. Install access panel.



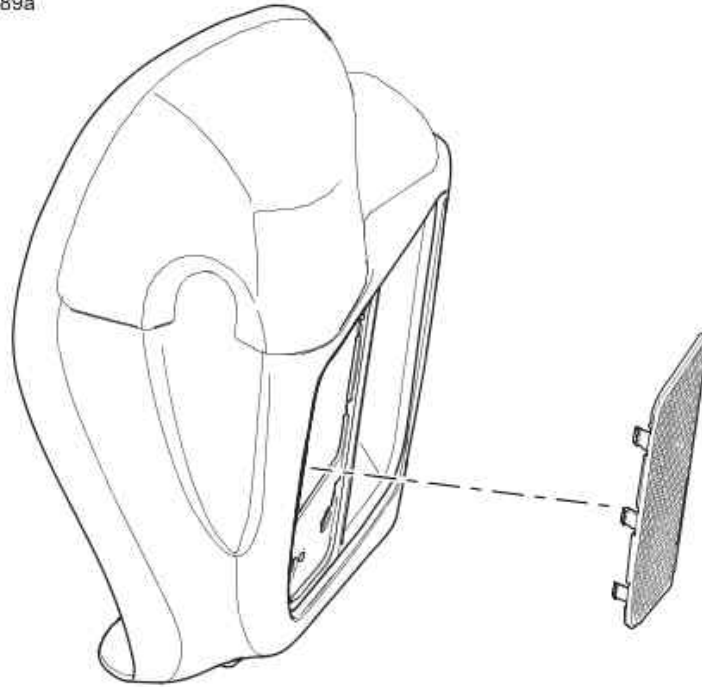
Clean Radiators

CAUTION

Clean the inlet surface of the radiator regularly. Leaves and other debris can collect on the radiator surface and degrade radiator performance which could lead to engine overheating and engine damage. (00197c)

1. See Lower Fairing Grille Panel. Remove outer grille from lower fairing.
 - a. Carefully pry on curved edge of panel to release latches.
 - b. Remove from fascia.
2. Clean debris from radiator fins.
3. Install outer grille.

sm07989a



Lower Fairing Grille Panel

Checking Drive Belt Deflection

NOTE:

Always use BELT TENSION GAUGE HD-35381-A to measure belt deflection. Failure to use tension gauge may cause under-tensioned belts. Loose belts can fail due to "ratcheting" (jumping a tooth) which causes tensile cord crimping and breakage.

Check deflection:

- As part of pre-ride inspection.
- At every scheduled service interval.
- With transmission in neutral.
- With motorcycle at ambient temperature.
- With motorcycle upright or on jiffy stand with rear wheel on the ground.
- With the vehicle unladen: no rider, no luggage and saddlebags (if equipped) empty.

⚠WARNING

To prevent accidental vehicle start-up, which could cause death or serious injury, remove main fuse before proceeding. (00251b)

1. Disarm security system and remove main fuse. See Fuses and Relays.
2. See Belt Tension Gauge. Obtain H-D BELT TENSION GAUGE HD-35381-A .

NOTE:

Customers may purchase gauge from an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer.

3. To use the belt tension gauge:
 - a. Slide O-ring (4) to 0 lbs 0 kg mark (3).
 - b. **Models equipped with belt deflection window:** Fit belt cradle (2) against bottom of drive belt inline with belt deflection window.

c. **All other models:** Fit belt cradle (2) against bottom of drive belt half-way between drive pulleys.

d. Press upward on knob (6) until O-ring slides down to 10 lbs 4.5 kg mark (5) and hold steady.

NOTE:

Measure belt deflection on a motorcycle that is upright or on jiffy stand with rear wheel on the ground and unladen.

4. Measure belt deflection:

a. **Models equipped with belt deflection window:** See Belt Deflection Window. Measure belt deflection as viewed through belt deflection viewing window while holding gauge steady. Each deflection graduation is approximately 1/16th in 1.59 mm .

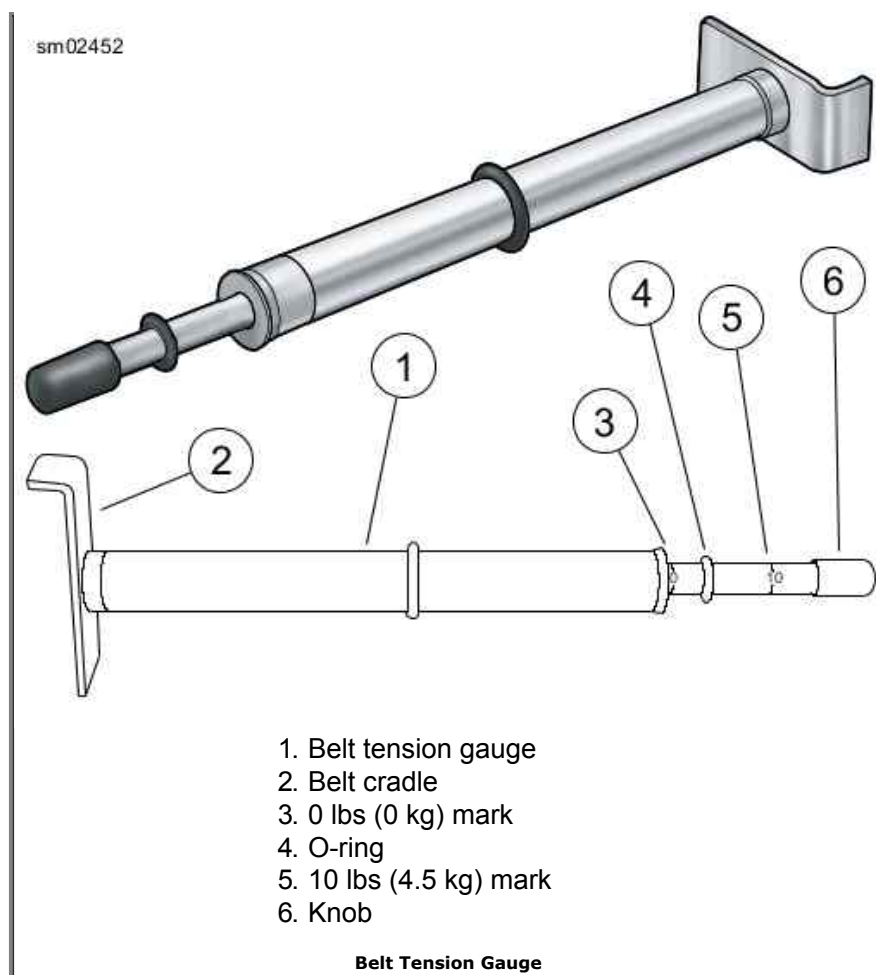
b. **All other models:** See Checking Belt Deflection. Measure belt deflection (4) while holding gauge steady.

5. Compare with specifications listed in Belt Deflection. Adjust as necessary.

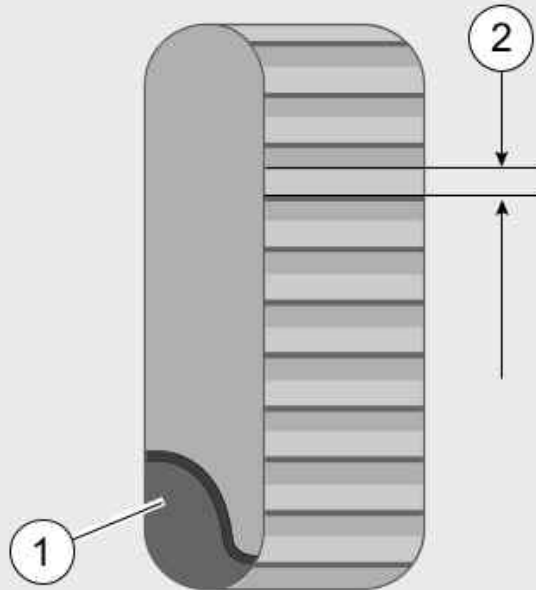
6. Install main fuse.

Belt Deflection

MODELS	INCHES	MILLIMETERS
All models	3/8-9/16	9.5-14.3



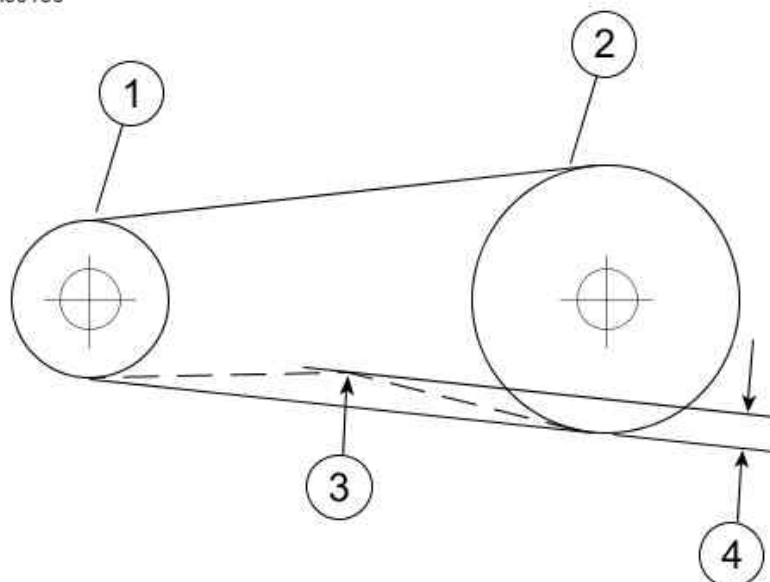
sm01441a



1. Drive belt
2. Deflection graduations

Belt Deflection Window

om00156



1. Transmission sprocket
2. Rear wheel sprocket
3. 10 lbs (4.5 kg) of force
4. Amount of deflection

Checking Belt Deflection

Chassis Lubrication

Refer to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE. Inspect and lubricate the following components according to the maintenance schedule. Use HARLEY LUBE for components unless otherwise specified. See the service manual for additional lubrication instructions.

If motorcycle is operated on muddy or dusty roads, clean and lubricate more frequently.

- Front brake lever
- Clutch control hand lever

- Foot shift lever pivot
- Rear brake lever pivot
- Hinges and latches (such as fuel door and footrests)
- Locks, as required
- Jiffy stand (use ANTI-SEIZE LUBRICANT)

Oil Applications

Refer to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE for all control connections and parts. Vehicle should be lubricated at regular intervals, particularly after washing motorcycle or driving in wet weather.

Front Fork Oil

Refer to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE. Have a Harley-Davidson dealer service the front fork at proper intervals. If fork does not appear to be working properly or an appreciable amount of oil leakage should develop, see a Harley-Davidson dealer. If there is insufficient oil in either side of fork, the rebound action will be incorrect.

Hydraulic Clutch

Refer to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE. Check clutch fluid level at specified intervals.

NOTE:

Clutch fluid should never need to be added or removed from the system during normal wear.

1. Turn handlebar so master cylinder is level.
2. See Clutch Reservoir Sight Glass. View reservoir sight glass. Verify that fluid level is at or above the MIN line. If fluid level is low, proceed to next step.

CAUTION

D.O.T. 4 brake fluid will damage painted and body panel surfaces it comes in contact with. Always use caution and protect surfaces from spills whenever brake work is performed. Failure to comply can result in cosmetic damage. (00239b)

3. Clean all dirt and debris from the clutch master cylinder cover. Remove the two clutch master cylinder cover screws. Remove the cover.
4. Verify that the fluid level in the clutch master cylinder reservoir is at the FILL LEVEL mark at the top of the ledge on the rear inside wall of the reservoir. If the fluid level is low, add DOT 4 BRAKE FLUID which is approved for clutch system use and available from a Harley-Davidson dealer.

NOTES:

- *Do not overfill clutch reservoir. Clutch fluid volume increases with clutch wear. Overfilling can damage seals and damage clutch system.*
- *If fluid level is substantially above the FILL LEVEL, a worn clutch may be the cause.*

CAUTION

D.O.T. 4 hydraulic brake fluid is used in the hydraulic clutch. Do not use other types of fluids as they are not compatible and could cause equipment damage. (00353a)

CAUTION

Do not allow dirt or debris to enter the master cylinder reservoir. Dirt or debris in the reservoir can cause improper operation and equipment damage. (00205c)

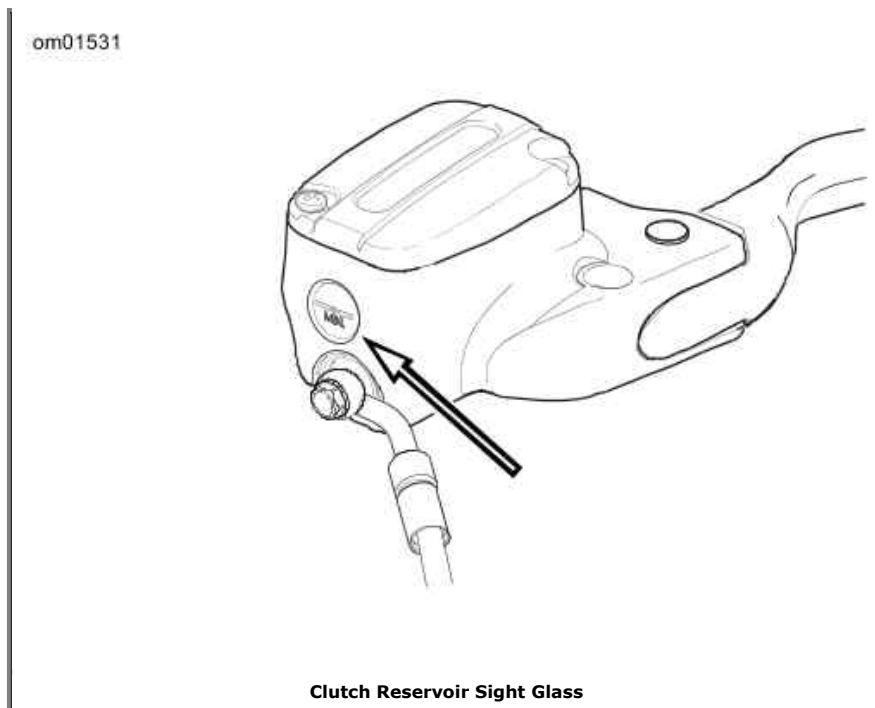
⚠ CAUTION

Direct contact of D.O.T. 4 brake fluid with eyes can cause irritation. Avoid eye contact. In case of eye contact flush with large amounts of water and get medical attention. Swallowing large amounts of D.O.T. 4 brake fluid can cause digestive discomfort. If swallowed, obtain medical attention. Use in well ventilated area. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. (00240a)

5. Inspect the clutch master cylinder cover gasket for rips, cuts, cracks or other signs of damage. Replace the gasket if necessary. Carefully place the cover and cover gasket on the master cylinder reservoir. Secure with the two cover screws. Tighten the screws to 8-10 in-lbs (0.9-1.1 Nm).

NOTE:

If the fluid level is correct but the clutch does not operate properly, refer to the service manual or see a Harley-Davidson dealer for service.



Hydraulic Lifters

The hydraulic lifters are self-adjusting. They automatically adjust length to compensate for engine expansion and valve mechanism wear. This keeps the valve mechanism free of lash when the engine is running.

When starting an engine which has been turned off even for a few minutes, the valve mechanism may be slightly noisy until the hydraulic units completely refill with oil. If at any time the valve mechanism becomes abnormally noisy, other than for a short period immediately after engine is started, it is an indication that one or more of the hydraulic units may not be functioning properly.

Always check the engine oil level first since normal circulation of oil through the engine is necessary for proper operation of the hydraulic lifters.

If engine oil is at the proper level, the lifters may not be functioning properly because of dirt in the oil supply passages leading to the lifter units. See a Harley-Davidson dealer for service.

Steering Head Bearings

⚠WARNING

Adjustments to steering head bearings should be performed by a Harley-Davidson dealer. Improperly adjusted bearings can adversely affect handling and stability, which could result in death or serious injury. (00051b)

Check for proper steering head bearing adjustment and lubricate bearings using SPECIAL PURPOSE GREASE at proper intervals. Refer to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE.

With motorcycle front end raised off the floor, be sure front fork turns freely without any binding or interference and that there is no appreciable front to rear fork movement indicating excessive bearing looseness. Steering head bearings should be adjusted according to service manual procedure, if necessary.

Brakes

Refer to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE. Inspect brake fluid level and check brake pads and discs for wear at proper intervals.

Brake Fluid

⚠WARNING

Clean filler cap before removing. Use only D.O.T. 4 brake fluid from a sealed container. Contaminated fluid can adversely affect braking, which could result in death or serious injury. (00504c)

⚠CAUTION

Direct contact of D.O.T. 4 brake fluid with eyes can cause irritation. Avoid eye contact. In case of eye contact flush with large amounts of water and get medical attention. Swallowing large amounts of D.O.T. 4 brake fluid can cause digestive discomfort. If swallowed, obtain medical attention. Use in well ventilated area. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. (00240a)

CAUTION

D.O.T. 4 brake fluid will damage painted and body panel surfaces it comes in contact with. Always use caution and protect surfaces from spills whenever brake work is performed. Failure to comply can result in cosmetic damage. (00239b)

CAUTION

Do not allow dirt or debris to enter the master cylinder reservoir. Dirt or debris in the reservoir can cause improper operation and equipment damage. (00205c)

NOTE:

- If the brake system is not leaking, there should never be a need to add fluid. If the fluid level

is low, the pads are probably worn and must be replaced. By replacing the pads, the fluid level will rise.

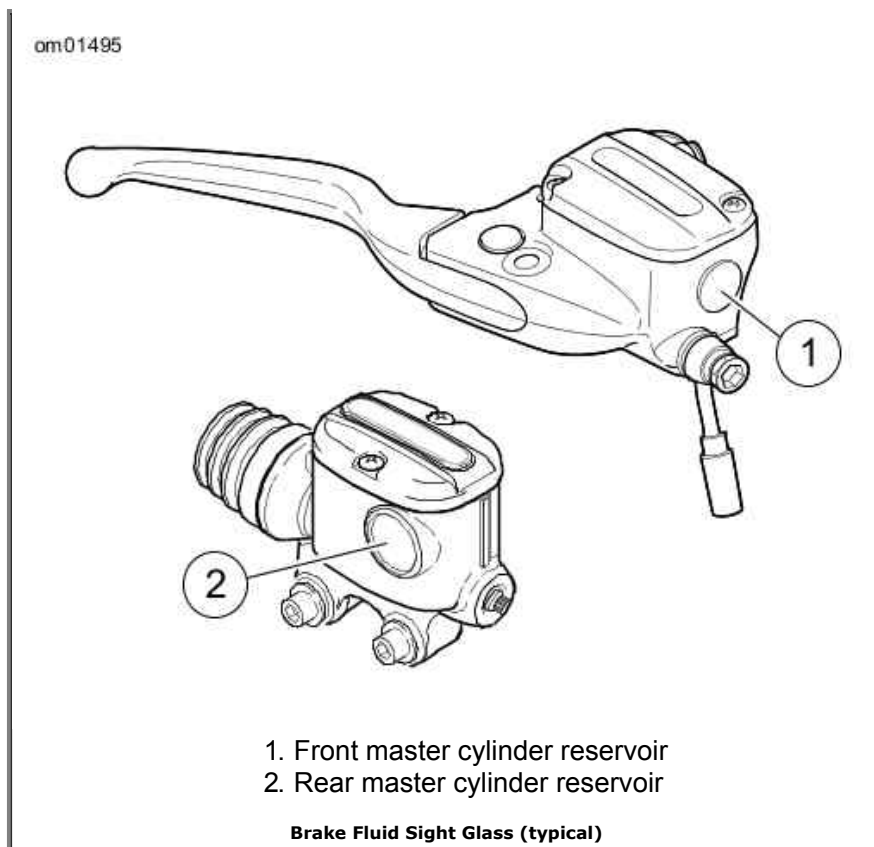
- Use only DOT 4 brake fluid and replace the brake fluid every two years. See a Harley-Davidson dealer.

1. Position the vehicle for inspection.

Front brake: Stand motorcycle upright (not leaning on jiffy stand) on a level surface. Turn handlebar so master cylinder is level.

Rear brake: Have an assistant hold vehicle upright on a level surface.

2. See Brake Fluid Sight Glass (typical). Check fluid level in brake reservoir. Sight glass appears dark if fluid is present. If the sight glass remains clear, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.
3. Verify front brake hand lever and rear brake foot pedal have a firm feel when applied. If brakes are not firm, the brake system must be bled. See a Harley-Davidson dealer.



Brake Pads

⚠ WARNING

Inspect brake pads for wear at service maintenance intervals. If you ride under adverse conditions (steep hills, heavy traffic, etc.), inspect more frequently. Excessively worn brake pads can lead to brake failure, which could result in death or serious injury. (00052a)

⚠ WARNING

Always replace brake pads in complete sets for correct and safe brake operation. Improper brake operation could result in death or serious injury. (00111a)

⚠WARNING

Brakes are a critical safety component. Contact a Harley-Davidson dealer for brake repair or replacement. Improperly serviced brakes can adversely affect brake performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00054a)

⚠WARNING

Perform routine scheduled brake maintenance. Lack of maintenance at recommended intervals can adversely affect brake performance, which could result in death or serious injury. (00055a)

⚠WARNING

Be sure wheel and brake caliper are aligned. Riding with a misaligned wheel or brake caliper can cause the brake disc to bind and lead to loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00050a)

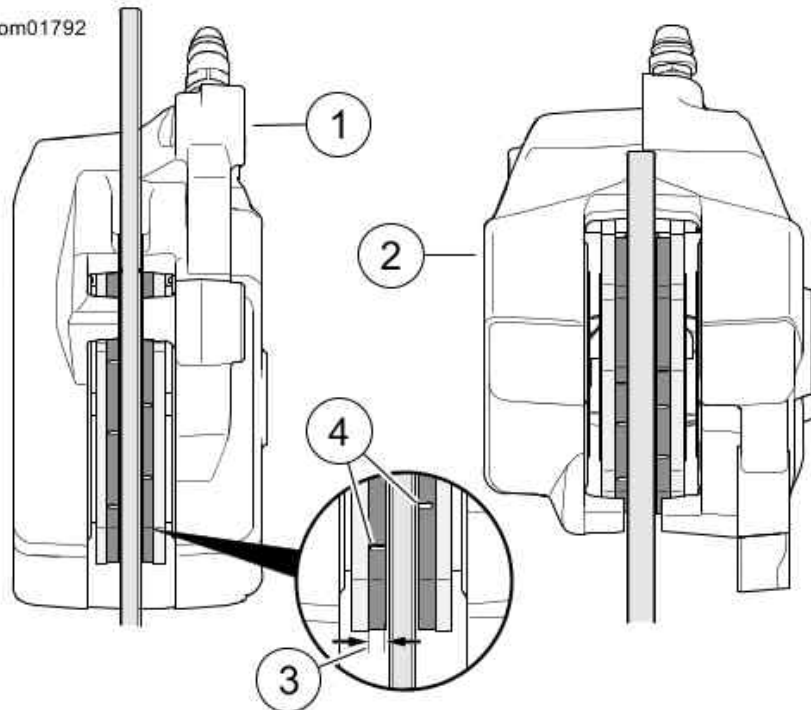
Harley-Davidson has provided your new motorcycle with the optimum brake pad friction material available. It is selected to give the best performance possible under dry, wet and high operating temperature conditions. It exceeds all regulatory requirements currently in effect. However, during some braking conditions you may experience noise. This is normal for this friction material.

Minimum Brake Pad Friction Material Thickness

in	mm
0.016	0.4

1. See Brake Friction Material. Check the brake disc as it spins. The disc should run true in the brake caliper.
2. Measure the thickness of the brake pad friction material. The pads do not necessarily wear evenly. Check each pad. The grooves on the brake pads are no longer visible when the pads are near the end of service life.
3. Refer to Minimum Brake Pad Friction Material Thickness. If the brake pad friction material is at the minimum thickness or less, replace the pads. Always replace brake pads in pairs. See a Harley-Davidson dealer.

om01792



1. Front brake (as viewed from front of vehicle)
2. Rear brake (as viewed from rear of vehicle)
3. Brake pad friction material thickness
4. Brake pad grooves

Brake Friction Material

Tires

Refer to Specified Tires for tires and pressures.

- Be sure to keep tires properly inflated.
- Maintain correct tire pressure.
- Follow tire data for correct cold tire inflation pressure.
- Check before riding when tires are cold.

⚠WARNING

Be sure tires are properly inflated, balanced, undamaged, and have adequate tread. Inspect your tires regularly and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for replacements. Riding with excessively worn, unbalanced, improperly inflated, overloaded or damaged tires can lead to tire failure and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00014b)

⚠WARNING

Match tires, tubes, rim strips or seals, air valves and caps to the correct wheel. Contact a Harley-Davidson dealer. Mismatching can lead to tire damage, allow tire slippage on the wheel or cause tire failure, which could result in death or serious injury. (00023c)

⚠WARNING

Only install original equipment tire valves and valve caps. A valve, or valve and cap combination, that is too long or too heavy can strike adjacent components and damage the

valve, causing rapid tire deflation. Rapid tire deflation can cause loss of vehicle control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00281a)

Check tires for correct pressure, excessive wear, or any signs of tire damage at least weekly if in daily use. Check before each trip if only used occasionally.

Use only Harley-Davidson specified tires. Refer to Specified Tires Tire Specifications. Other tires may not fit correctly and could adversely affect stability, handling and performance.

⚠WARNING

Tires are a critical safety component. Contact a Harley-Davidson dealer for tire repair or replacement. Improper tire service can adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00057a)

⚠WARNING

Replace punctured or damaged tires. In some cases, small punctures in the tread area may be repaired from within the removed tire by a Harley-Davidson dealer. Speed should NOT exceed 50 mph (80 km/h) for the first 24 hours after repair, and the repaired tire should NEVER be used over 80 mph (130 km/h). Failure to follow this warning could lead to tire failure and result in death or serious injury. (00015b)

⚠WARNING

Striking an object, such as a curb or pothole can cause internal tire damage. If an object is struck, have the tire inspected immediately inside and out by a Harley-Davidson dealer. A damaged tire can fail while riding and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00058b)

Tire Replacement

Inspection

⚠WARNING

Be sure tires are properly inflated, balanced, undamaged, and have adequate tread. Inspect your tires regularly and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for replacements. Riding with excessively worn, unbalanced, improperly inflated, overloaded or damaged tires can lead to tire failure and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00014b)

⚠WARNING

Replace tire immediately with a Harley-Davidson specified tire when wear bars become visible or only 1/32 in (0.8 mm) tread depth remains. Riding with a worn tire could result in death or serious injury. (00090c)

Harley-Davidson tires are equipped with wear bars that run horizontally across the tread. When a tire is worn to the point the tread wear indicator bars become visible on the tread surfaces, or 1/32 in 0.8 mm tread depth remains, the tire can:

- Be more easily damaged leading to tire failure.
- Provide reduced traction.
- Adversely affect stability and handling.

See Tire Sidewall Wear Bar Locator. Arrows on the tire sidewalls pinpoint location of wear bar indicators.

See Wear Bar Appearance. Always replace tires before the tread wear indicator bars appear.

When To Replace Tires

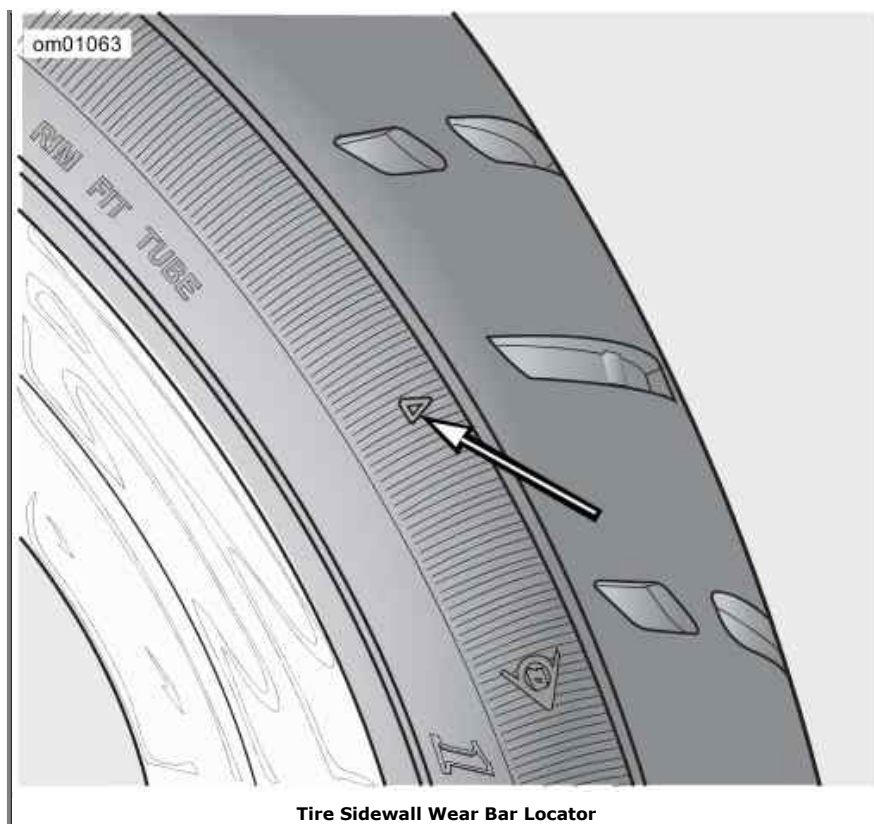
⚠WARNING

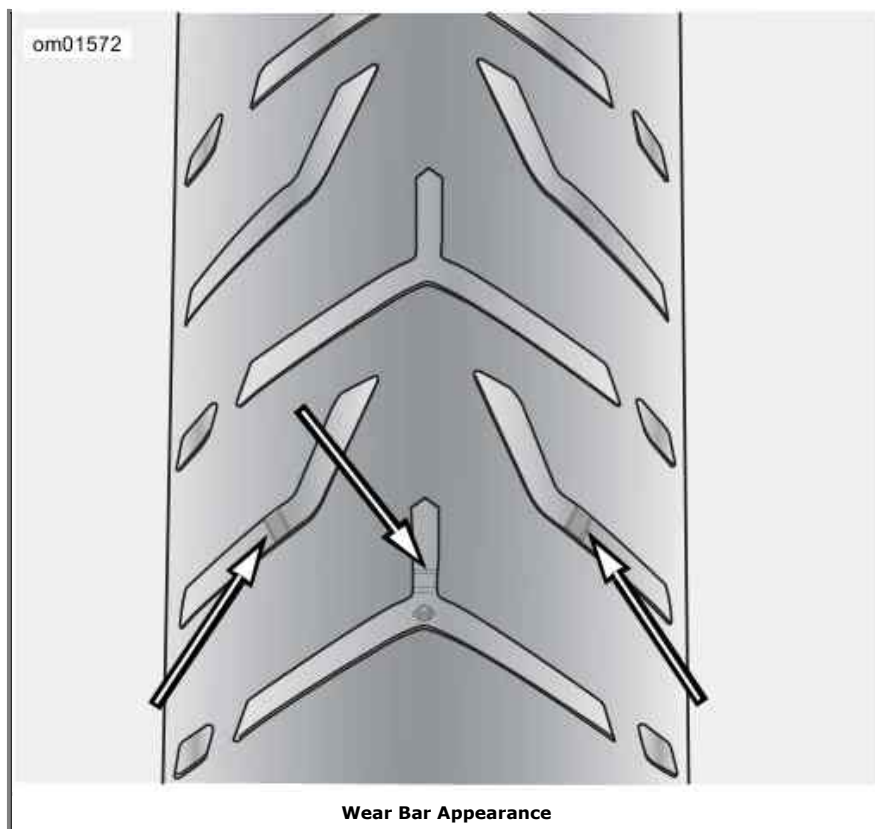
Use only Harley-Davidson specified tires. See a Harley-Davidson dealer. Using non-specified tires can adversely affect stability, handling or braking, which could result in death or serious injury. (00024b)

New tires are needed if any of the following conditions exist (refer to Specified Tires for the specified replacement tires):

1. Tread wear indicator bars become visible on the tread surfaces.
2. Tire cords or fabric become visible through cracked sidewalls, snags or deep cuts.
3. Bumps, bulges or slits in the tire.
4. Punctures, cuts, or other damage to the tire that cannot be repaired.

When installing tires on rims, do not rely on tread design to determine direction of rotation. Always be sure the rotational arrows molded into the sidewalls point in the direction of rotation when the vehicle is moving forward.





Shock Absorbers

Inspect shock absorbers for leaks and rubber bushings for bushing deterioration at proper intervals.

Spark Plugs

⚠WARNING

Disconnecting spark plug cable with engine running can result in electric shock and death or serious injury. (00464b)

⚠CAUTION

Do NOT pull on any electrical wires. Pulling on electrical wires may damage the internal conductor causing high resistance, which may result in minor or moderate injury. (00168a)

Check the spark plugs at proper intervals. Refer to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE.

1. Disconnect spark plug cables from plugs by pulling up on the molded connector caps.
2. Check spark plug type. Only use those spark plugs specified for your model motorcycle.
3. Check spark plug gap against specifications table.

NOTE:

*If a torque wrench is not available, tighten **new** spark plugs finger-tight and then tighten an additional one-quarter turn with a spark plug wrench.*

4. Always tighten to the proper torque. Spark plugs must be tightened to the torque specified for proper heat transfer. Refer to Electrical.

5. Connect each molded connector cap until the cap snaps firmly into place over the spark plug.

Air Filter

See Air Cleaner Assembly: Models Except APC and Air Cleaner Assembly: APC Models. Some vehicle configurations have a different air cleaner assembly. Refer to Air Cleaner Fastener Torque and check the VIN on the motorcycle to determine its configuration.

Rain Sock: Models Except APC

See Air Cleaner Assembly: Models Except APC. For models with an exposed air filter element, water intrusion could occur in rainy conditions. When parked, water intrusion could result in internal engine damage. When running, water intrusion could result in engine misfire.

Install the rain sock over the air filter element in wet or rainy conditions to prevent water intrusion.

Removal

1. Remove air cleaner trim insert.
 - a. **APC models:** See Air Cleaner Assembly: APC Models. Pull on front edge of trim insert to remove. When removing insert, only pull on the front edge without pushing in the middle. Otherwise the trim could be damaged.
 - b. **Other models:** See Air Cleaner Assembly: Models Except APC. Remove two screws. Remove trim insert.
2. Remove screw to release cover. Remove cover and rubber seal (if equipped).
3. Remove three screws to release filter element. Remove filter element and bracket (if equipped).
4. **APC models:** Inspect the breather tube and fittings for cuts, tears, holes or signs of deterioration.

WARNING

Do not use gasoline or solvents to clean filter element. Flammable cleaning agents can cause an intake system fire, which could result in death or serious injury. (00101a)

WARNING

Compressed air can pierce the skin and flying debris from compressed air could cause serious eye injury. Wear safety glasses when working with compressed air. Never use your hand to check for air leaks or to determine air flow rates. (00061a)

5. Clean filter element.
 - a. Wash the paper/wire mesh filter element (and breather tubes) in lukewarm water with a mild detergent. Do not strike filter element on a hard surface to dislodge dirt.
 - b. Allow filter element to air dry or use low pressure compressed air blowing from the inside. Do NOT use air cleaner filter oil on the Harley-Davidson paper/wire mesh air filter element.
 - c. Hold the filter element up to a strong light source. The element is sufficiently clean

when light is uniformly visible through the media.

- d. Replace the filter element if damaged or if filter media cannot be adequately cleaned.

Installation

NOTE:

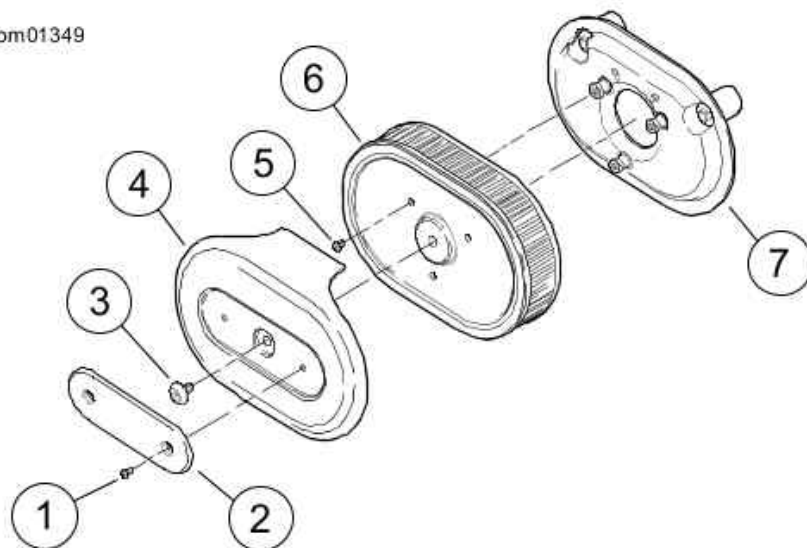
APC models: Air cleaner mounting without installation of the breather tubes allows crankcase vapors to vent into the atmosphere. This violates emissions regulations.

Air Cleaner Fastener Torque

FASTENER	MODELS EXCEPT APC	APC MODELS
Filter element	55-60 in-lbs (6.2- 6.8 Nm)	108-132 in-lbs (12.2- 14.9 Nm)
Cover	36-60 in-lbs (4.0- 6.8 Nm)	36-60 in-lbs (4.1-6.8 Nm)
Trim insert	27-32 in-lbs (3.1- 3.6 Nm)	Not applicable

1. **APC models:** See Air Cleaner Assembly: APC Models. Install breather tube onto breather bolts.
2. **APC models:** Insert breather tube into hole on inboard side of filter element.
3. Place filter element onto backplate and install cover bracket (if equipped).
4. Refer to Air Cleaner Fastener Torque. Tighten screws to secure filter element and bracket (if equipped).
5. **APC models:** Verify that rubber seal is not damaged and is properly seated around perimeter of air cleaner cover.
6. Place air cleaner cover onto backplate. Apply LOCTITE 243 (blue) to the threads of screw. Tighten screw to specification. Refer to Air Cleaner Fastener Torque.
7. Install trim insert.
 - a. **APC models:** Push trim insert to snap into place.
 - b. **Other models:** Install trim insert. Tighten screws to specification. Refer to Air Cleaner Fastener Torque.

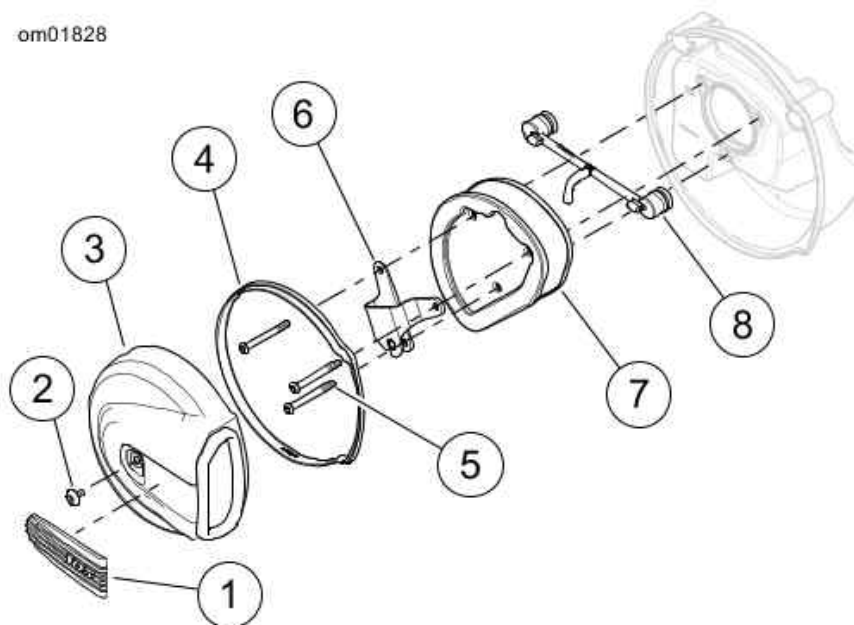
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1. Trim screw (2)
2. Trim insert
3. Cover screw
4. Cover
5. Filter element screw (3)
6. Filter element
7. Backplate

Air Cleaner Assembly: Models Except APC

om01828



1. Trim insert
2. Cover screw
3. Cover
4. Rubber seal
5. Cover bracket screw (3)
6. Cover bracket
7. Filter element
8. Breather tube

Air Cleaner Assembly: APC Models

Headlamp

CAUTION

When replacement is required, use only the specified sealed beam unit or bulb, available from a Harley-Davidson

dealer. An improper wattage sealed beam or bulb, can cause charging system problems. (00209a)

NOTE:

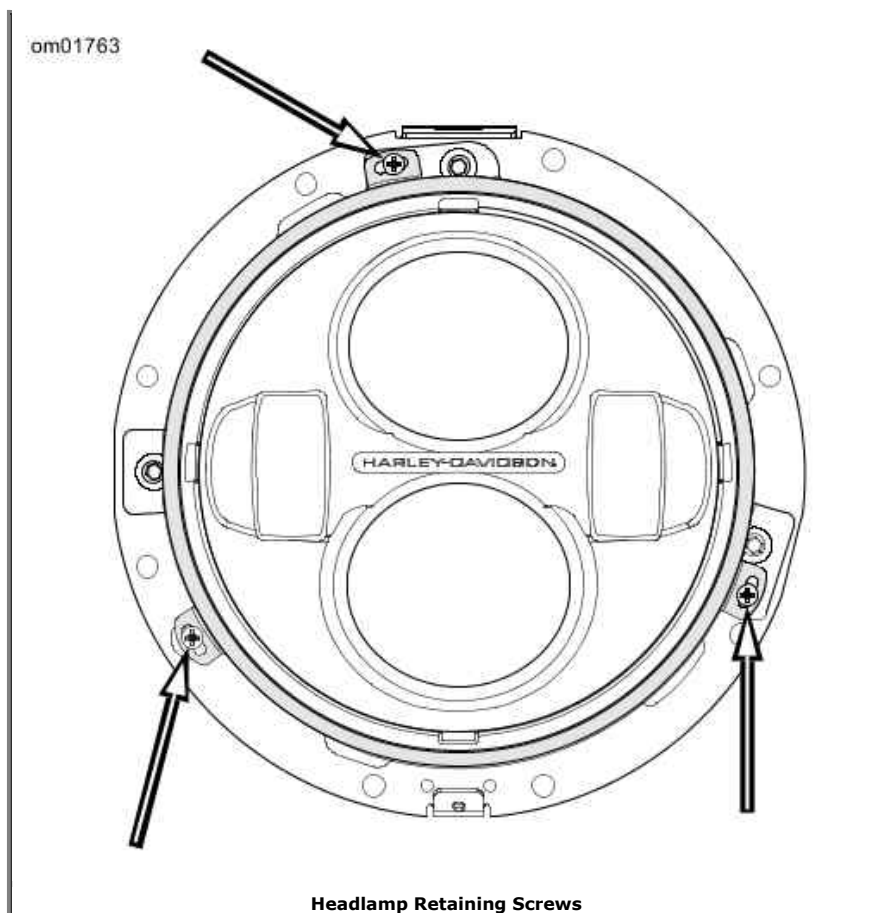
LED headlamp contains no replacement bulbs. Replace entire assembly if failure occurs.

Removal

1. Remove screw at bottom of chrome headlamp door.
2. Rotate door counterclockwise a few degrees. Pull headlamp door straight forward to remove.
3. See Headlamp Retaining Screws. Remove screws securing retaining ring.
4. Disconnect headlamp connector.

Installation

1. Install headlamp connector.
2. Secure headlamp assembly with retaining ring and screws. Tighten screws to 22-32 in-lbs (2.5-3.6 Nm).
3. Install the chrome headlamp door:
 - a. Verify that rubber seal is in place on headlamp door. Apply glass cleaner to seal to ease installation.
 - b. With the headlamp door rotated a few degrees counterclockwise, push headlamp door straight onto headlamp.
 - c. Rotate clockwise until screw can be installed. Tighten to 9-18 in-lbs (1.0-2.0 Nm).



Headlamp Alignment

⚠ WARNING

The automatic-on headlamp feature provides increased visibility of the rider to other motorists. Be sure headlamp is on at all times. Poor visibility of rider to other motorists can result in death or serious injury. (00030b)

1. Check tire pressure.
2. Adjust rear shocks for the rider and intended load.
3. Fill fuel tank or add an equal amount of ballast.

NOTE:

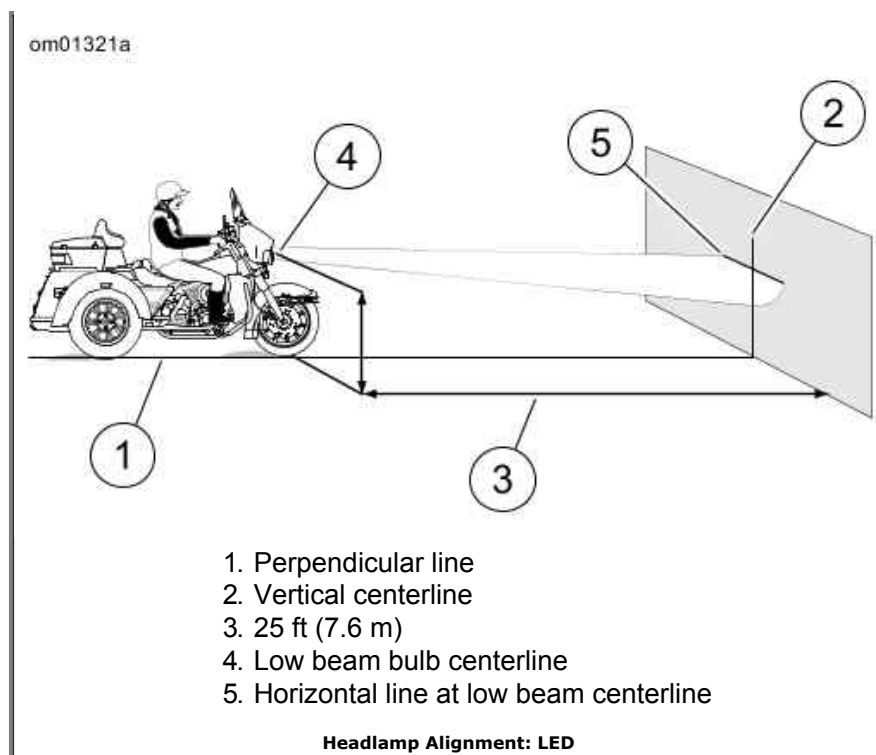
Choose a wall in minimum light.

4. See Headlamp Alignment: LED. Park the motorcycle on a line (1) perpendicular to the wall.
5. Position motorcycle so the front axle is 25 ft 7.6 m from wall.
6. Draw a vertical centerline (2) on the wall.

NOTE:

The upper lens is low beam on LED headlamps.

7. With the motorcycle loaded, point the front wheel straight forward at wall. Measure the distance (4) from the floor to the center of the low beam bulb.
8. See Headlamp Alignment: LED. Draw a horizontal line (5) through the vertical line at low beam centerline.
9. See Properly Aim Lamps: LED Type. Verify headlamp alignment. See Headlamp Alignment: LED. The headlamp is aligned when the top of light beam hot spot is located as shown with headlamp set to low beam.

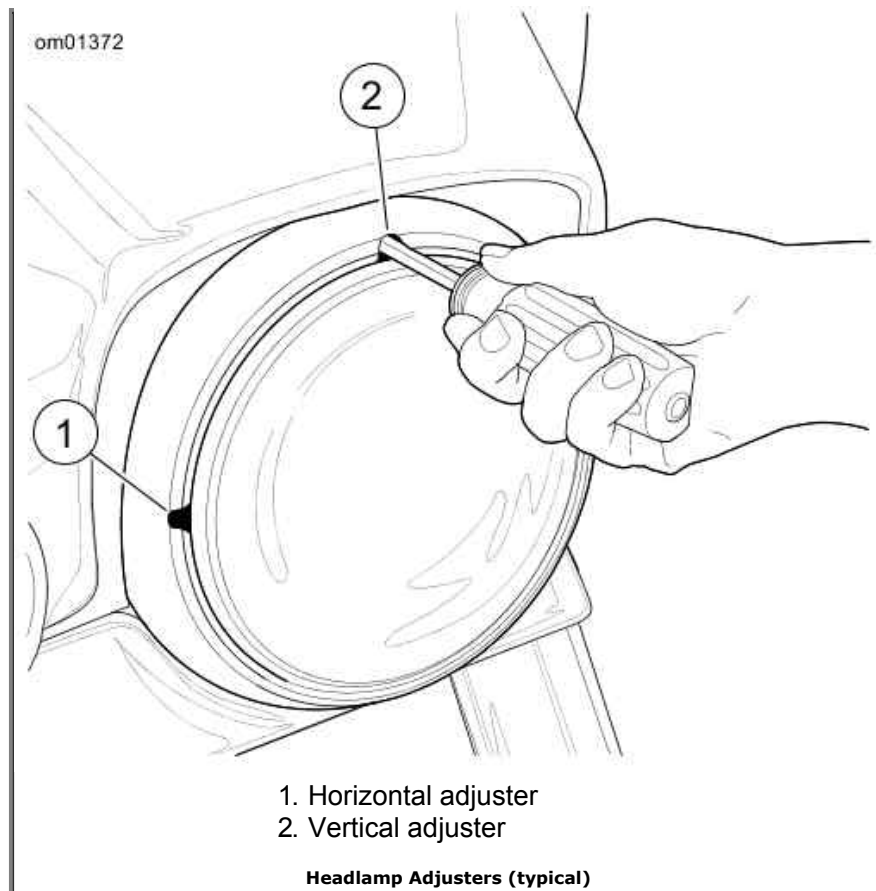


Headlamp Adjustment

NOTE:

Do not remove trim ring for headlamp adjustment.

1. Set LED headlamp to low beam.
2. See Headlamp Adjusters (typical). Insert a 5/32 ball end hex wrench through adjuster slots in trim ring.
 - a. **Horizontal:** Turn the horizontal adjusting screw (1) to adjust light beam left and right.
 - b. **Vertical:** Turn the vertical adjusting screw (2) to adjust light beam up and down.
3. See Properly Aim Lamps: LED Type. Adjust headlamp to center light beam as shown.



Auxiliary/Fog Lamp Alignment

1. Place the vehicle facing a target wall as described in Headlamp Alignment.

NOTE:

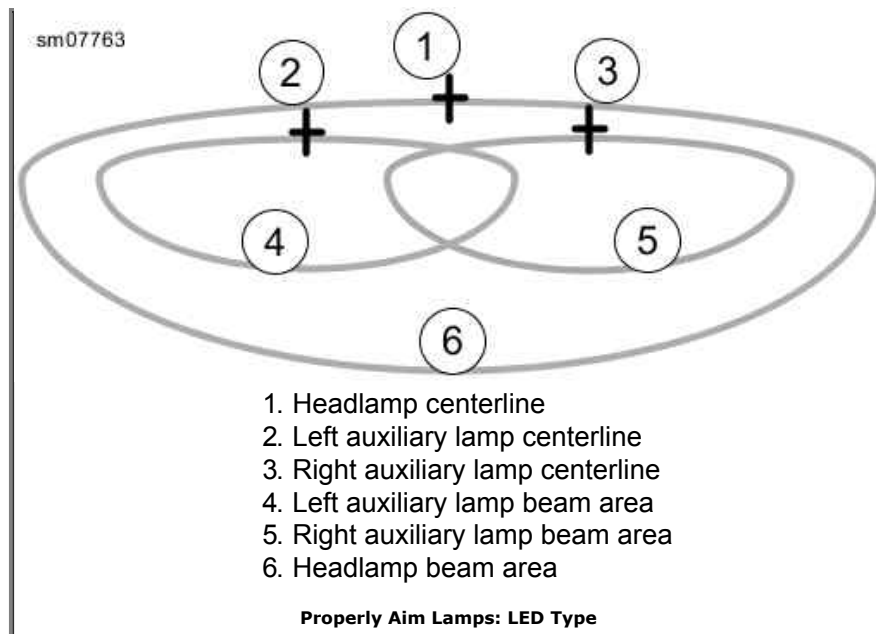
The weight of the rider compresses the suspension slightly. Have a person whose weight is roughly the same as the principal rider sit on the motorcycle.

2. With the vehicle upright and a rider seated, measure the distance from the floor to the centerline of each auxiliary/fog lamp.
3. Measure the horizontal distance from the headlamp vertical centerline to the vertical centerline of each auxiliary/fog lamp.
4. See Properly Aim Lamps: LED Type. Mark the auxiliary/fog lamp horizontal and vertical centerlines (2, 3) on the wall.
5. Remove the turn signal lamp from the mounting bracket.
6. Using Flare Nut Socket FRX181, loosen the auxiliary/fog lamp flange nut only enough to allow movement of the lamp.

7. Turn on the headlamp low beam and cover both the headlamp and the right auxiliary/fog lamp.

Adjust the left auxiliary/fog lamp so the entire high intensity zone (4) is below the centerline as shown in Properly Aim Lamps: LED Type.

8. Repeat procedure with right lamp.
9. Tighten auxiliary/fog lamp nut to 20-24 ft-lbs (27.1-32.5 Nm).
10. Install turn signal. Secure turn signal lamp to mounting bracket. Tighten to 96-120 in-lbs (10.9-13.5 Nm).



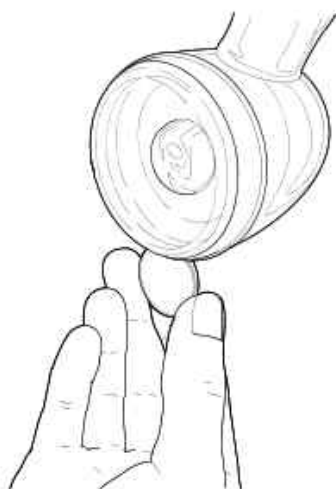
Turn Signal Bulb Replacement: Bullet Style

1. See Lens Cap Notch. Insert a coin or the blade of a small screwdriver into the notch at the bottom of the lens cap. Carefully twist until the lens cap pops out of the lamp housing.
2. Push bulb in and rotate counterclockwise. Pull bulb from socket.
3. Inspect condition of electrical contacts in socket. If necessary, clean with a small wire brush and electrical contact cleaner.
4. Apply ELECTRICAL CONTACT LUBRICANT to contacts in socket and at bottom of **new** bulb.
5. Align pins on **new** bulb with pin guides in bulb socket. Push bulb in and turn clockwise to lock in place.
6. Snap lens cap onto the lamp housing with notch at bottom.

⚠WARNING

Be sure that all lights and switches operate properly before operating motorcycle. Low visibility of rider can result in death or serious injury. (00316a)

7. Test lamp operation.



Lens Cap Notch

LED Tail Lamp

The tail lamp contains no replaceable bulbs. Refer to the service manual for removal and installation of the tail lamp.

Battery Maintenance

Type

Your motorcycle uses an Absorbed Glass Mat (AGM) battery. The AGM battery is permanently sealed, valve regulated, maintenance-free, lead/calcium and sulfuric acid battery. All batteries are shipped precharged and ready for service. Do not attempt to open the battery for any reason.

Antidotes for Battery Acid

CONTACT	TREATMENT
External	Flush with water.
Internal	Drink large quantities of milk or water, followed by milk of magnesia, vegetable oil or beaten eggs. Get immediate medical attention.
Eyes	Flush with water. Get immediate medical attention.

⚠WARNING

Batteries contain sulfuric acid, which could cause severe burns to eyes and skin. Wear a protective face shield, rubberized gloves and protective clothing when working with batteries. **KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN.** (00063a)

⚠WARNING

Explosive hydrogen gas, which escapes during charging, could cause death or serious injury. Charge battery in a well-ventilated area. Keep open flames, electrical sparks and smoking materials away from battery at all times.

KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN. (00065a)

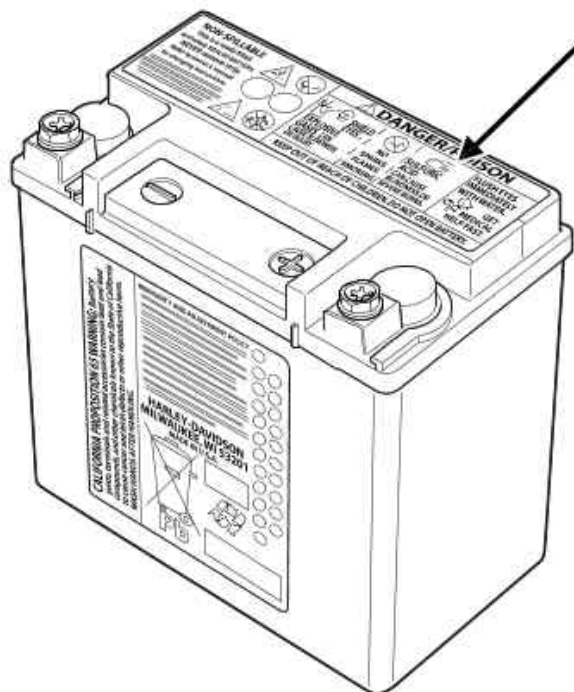
⚠ WARNING

Batteries, battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, and other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. (00019e)

⚠ WARNING

Never remove warning label attached to top of battery.
Failure to read and understand all precautions contained in warning, could result in death or serious injury. (00064a)

om01163



Battery Warning Label



1. Contents are corrosive
2. Wear safety glasses
3. Contents are explosive
4. Keep flames away
5. Read instructions
6. Keep away from children

Battery Warning Label

Voltmeter Test

The voltmeter test provides a general indicator of battery condition. Check the voltage of the battery to verify that it is in a 100 percent fully charged condition. If the open circuit (disconnected) voltage reading is below 12.7 V, charge the battery. Recheck the voltage after the battery has set for one to two hours. Refer to Voltmeter Test.

Voltmeter Test

READING IN VOLTS	PERCENT OF CHARGE
12.7	100
12.6	75
12.3	50
12.0	25
11.8	0

Cleaning and Inspection

Battery top must be clean and dry. Dirt and electrolyte on top of the battery can cause battery to self-discharge.

1. Clean battery top.
2. Clean cable connectors and battery terminals using a wire brush or fine grit sandpaper to remove any oxidation.
3. Inspect and clean the battery screws, clamps and cables. Check for breakage, loose connections and corrosion.
4. Check the battery posts for melting or damage caused by over-tightening.
5. Inspect the battery for discoloration, a raised top or a warped or distorted case. These conditions might indicate that the battery has been frozen, overheated or overcharged.
6. Inspect the battery case for cracks or leaks.

Charging

An automatic, constant monitoring battery charger/tender with a charging rate of 5 amps or less at less than 14.6 volts is recommended. The use of constant current chargers (including trickle chargers) to charge sealed AGM batteries is not recommended. Any overcharge will cause dry-out and premature battery failure. Never charge a battery without first reviewing the instructions for the charger being used. In addition to the manufacturer's instructions, follow these general safety precautions.

Charge the battery if any of the following conditions exist:

- Vehicle lamps appear dim.
- Electric starter sounds weak.
- Battery has not been used for an extended time.

WARNING

Explosive hydrogen gas, which escapes during charging, could cause death or serious injury. Charge battery in a well-ventilated area. Keep open flames, electrical sparks and smoking materials away from battery at all times.

KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN. (00065a)

⚠WARNING

Batteries contain sulfuric acid, which could cause severe burns to eyes and skin. Wear a protective face shield, rubberized gloves and protective clothing when working with batteries. KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN. (00063a)

1. Perform a voltmeter test to determine the state of charge. If battery needs to be charged, proceed to the next step.
2. Place the battery on a level surface.

⚠WARNING

Unplug or turn OFF battery charger before connecting charger cables to battery. Connecting cables with charger ON can cause a spark and battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00066a)

⚠WARNING

Connect positive (+) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00068a)

⚠WARNING

Disconnect negative (-) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00049a)

CAUTION

Do not reverse the charger connections described in the following steps or the charging system of the motorcycle could be damaged. (00214a)

NOTES:

- *Do not use chargers with excessively high voltage designed for flooded batteries or excessively high current designed for much larger batteries. Do not charge at more than 5 amps or more than 14.6 volts.*
- *Most automatic, constant monitoring battery chargers are completely automatic and can be left connected to both AC power and to the battery that is being charged. When leaving this type of charger connected for extended periods of time, periodically check the battery to see if it is unusually warm. This is an indication that the battery may have a weak cell or internal short. Read the manufacturers instructions for the charger being used.*

3. Connect the red battery charger lead to positive terminal of the battery.
4. Connect the black battery charger lead to negative terminal of the battery.

NOTE:

If the battery is still in the vehicle, connect the negative lead to the chassis ground. Make

sure that the ignition and all electrical accessories are turned off.

5. Step away from the battery and turn on the charger.

⚠ WARNING

Unplug or turn OFF battery charger before disconnecting charger cables from battery. Disconnecting clamps with charger ON can cause a spark and battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00067a)

6. After the battery is fully charged, turn OFF the charger. Disconnect the black battery charger lead from the negative terminal of the battery.
7. Disconnect the red battery charger lead from the positive terminal of the battery.
8. Mark the charging date on the battery.

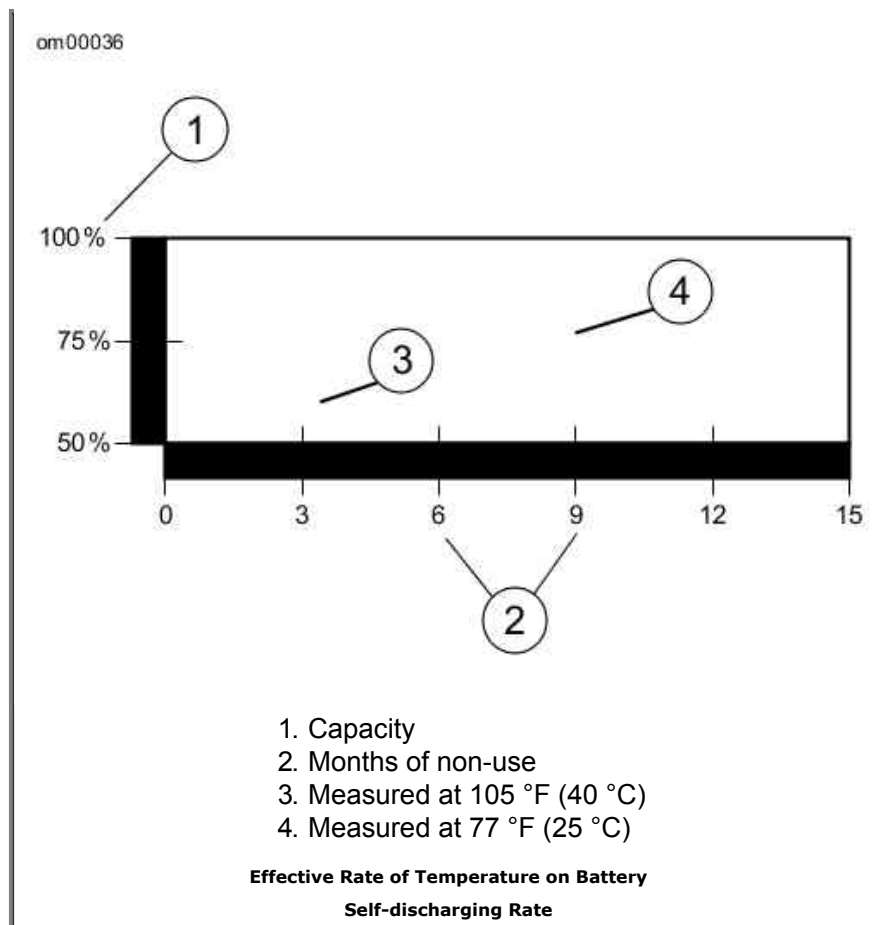
Storage

If the motorcycle will not be operated for several weeks, such as during the winter season, remove the battery from the motorcycle and fully charge.

If the motorcycle will be stored with the battery installed, connect an automatic, constant monitoring charger/tender to maintain charge. See an authorized dealer for more information.

A battery that is removed from the vehicle is affected by self-discharge. A battery that is stored in the vehicle is affected by both self-discharge and, more significantly, parasitic loads. Parasitic loads occur from things like diode leakage and maintaining computer memory with the vehicle off.

- Batteries self-discharge at a faster rate at higher ambient temperatures.
- To reduce the self-discharge rate, store battery in a cool, dry place.
- Charge the battery every two weeks if stored in the vehicle.
- Charge the battery once per month if stored out of the vehicle.



Battery Tender Connector

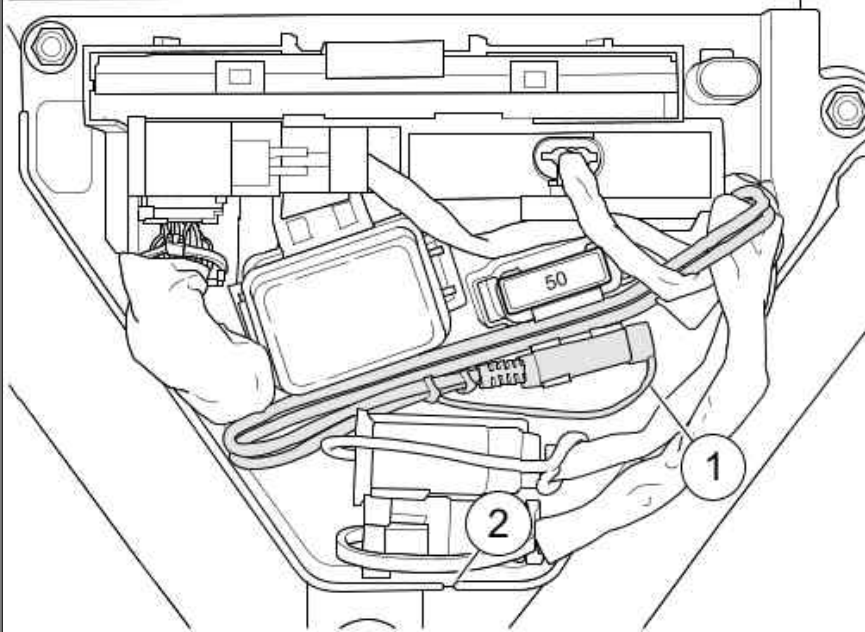
See Battery Tender Connector (under left side cover). The motorcycle has a quick disconnect battery tender connector under the left side cover below the main fuse. Connecting a battery tender between rides and during storage can maintain battery charge and extend the life of the battery.

To access connector, remove left side cover. See Side Covers. Route the connector through the slot in the bottom of the electrical caddy. Secure the harness and connector with cable straps in a location that will prevent damage to the connector and surrounding areas.

See Battery Tender Connection. Connect an automatic, constant monitoring battery charger/tender as shown. The connector is compatible with all Harley-Davidson battery tenders.

See Battery Maintenance for more charging information.

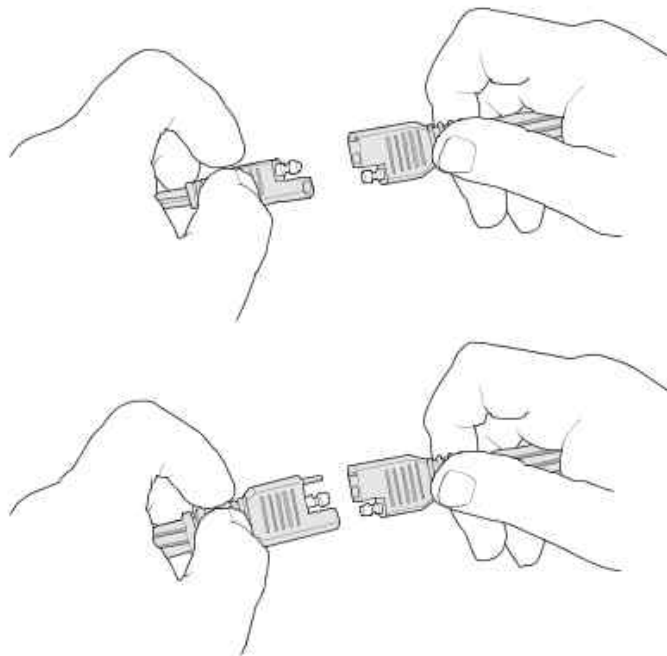
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1. Battery tender connector
2. Route connector through slot

Battery Tender Connector (under left side cover)

om01797



Battery Tender Connection

Battery

Disconnection and Removal

1. Remove seat.
2. See Top Caddy. Release ECM (1) from top caddy. Move out of the way.

3. If present, move purge solenoid (2) forward to release from top caddy. Release HFSM antenna (3) from top caddy and move out of the way.
4. Release connectors (7) from anchors on top caddy.
5. Remove fasteners (5).
6. Cut cable straps (4). Move harnesses to allow more clearance for the top caddy.
7. Push top caddy forward to disengage front of caddy from front hold-down bracket. Lift and remove top caddy.
8. Disarm security system.

⚠ WARNING

Disconnect negative (-) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00049a)

9. See Battery Compartment. Disconnect both battery cables, negative battery cable first.
10. Pull up lifting strap to raise battery. When battery is extracted far enough to get a good grip, grasp battery and remove the rest of the way.

Installation and Connection

1. Run lifting strap rearward across the bottom of the battery tray, then up and across the frame crossmember.
2. See Battery Compartment. Place the battery into the battery tray, terminal side forward.

CAUTION

Connect the cables to the correct battery terminals. Failure to do so could result in damage to the motorcycle electrical system. (00215a)

⚠ WARNING

Connect positive (+) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00068a)

CAUTION

Do not over-tighten bolts on battery terminals. Use recommended torque values. Over-tightening battery terminal bolts could result in damage to battery terminals. (00216a)

3. Connect both battery cables, positive battery cable first. Tighten to 60-70 in-lbs (6.8-7.9 Nm).

CAUTION

Keep battery clean and lightly coat terminals with

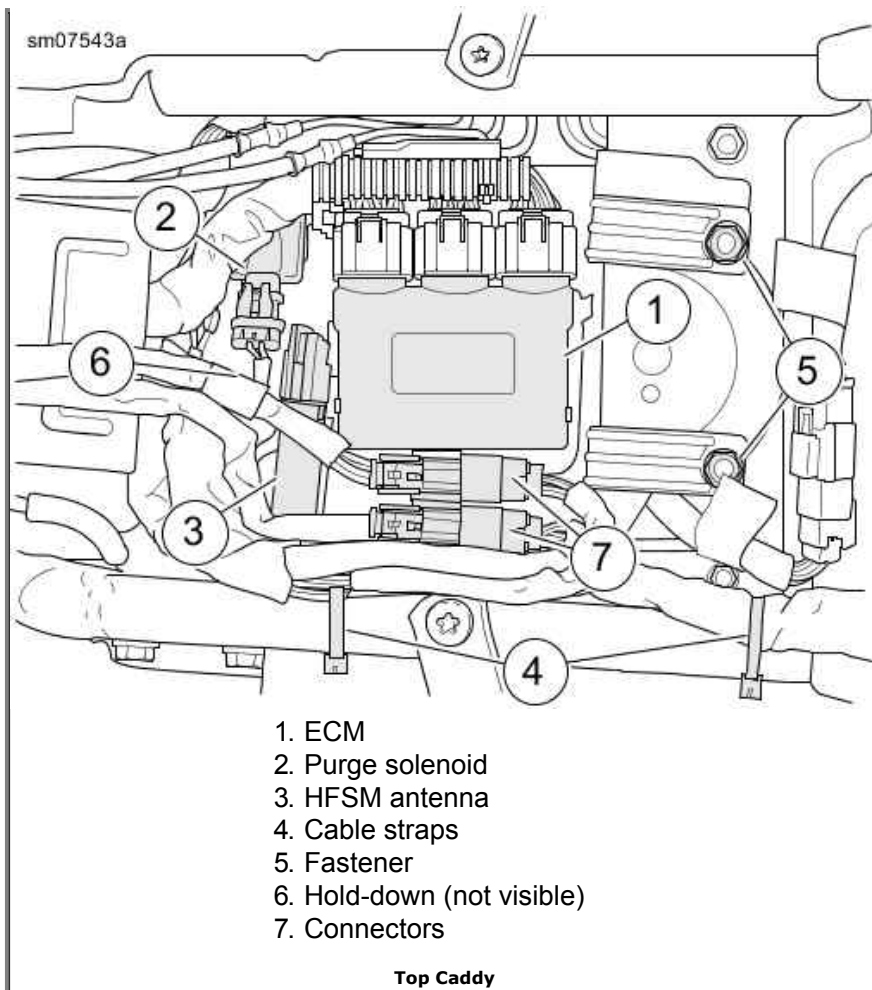
petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion. Failure to do so could result in damage to battery terminals. (00217a)

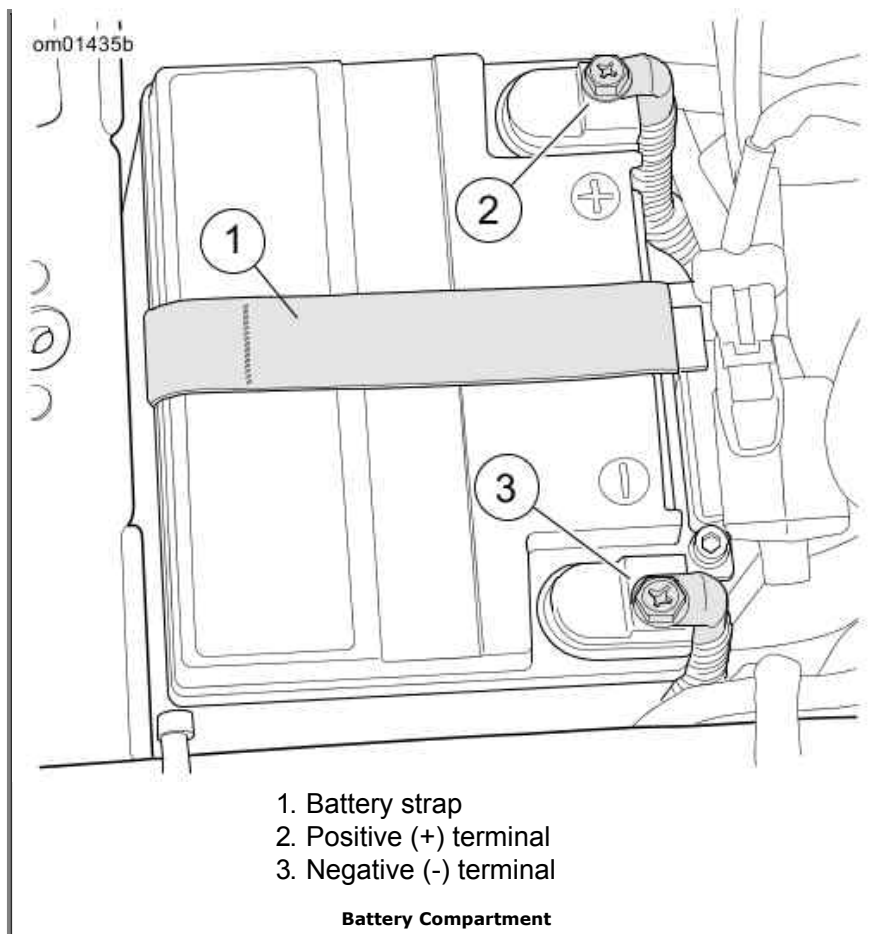
4. Apply a light coat of petroleum jelly or ELECTRICAL CONTACT LUBRICANT to both battery terminals.
5. Fold lifting strap forward over top of battery.
6. See Top Caddy. Place top caddy into position and engage latch on hold-down bracket.
7. Fasten top caddy to frame crossmember with screws (5). Tighten to 72-96 in-lbs (8.1-10.9 Nm).
8. If equipped, engage HFSM antenna (3) and purge solenoid (2) on top caddy. Verify that all other connectors and harnesses are routed below the purge solenoid mounting tongue.
9. Secure connectors (7) to anchors on top caddy.
10. Latch ECM (1) into place on top caddy.
11. Secure harnesses to frame with cable straps (4).

⚠WARNING

After installing seat, pull upward on seat to be sure it is locked in position. While riding, a loose seat can shift causing loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00070b)

12. Install seat.





Jump Starting

Jump starting a motorcycle is typically not recommended. However, there may be circumstances when it is necessary to do so. If a jump-start is necessary, use the following procedure.

⚠ WARNING

Be sure jumper cables touch only appropriate battery terminals or ground. Allowing jumper cables to touch each other can result in sparks and a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00072a)

⚠ WARNING

Explosive hydrogen gas, which escapes during charging, could cause death or serious injury. Charge battery in a well-ventilated area. Keep open flames, electrical sparks and smoking materials away from battery at all times. **KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN.** (00065a)

CAUTION

Be sure both vehicles have the same battery voltage when jump starting. Connecting vehicles with different system voltages can result in vehicle damage. (00220c)

NOTES:

- This procedure presumes the BOOSTER battery is in another vehicle. DO NOT jump start from a running booster vehicle. The high output charging systems on some vehicles can damage the electrical components on the motorcycle.
- Make sure the motorcycle and the BOOSTER vehicle are not touching one another.

1. Turn off all unnecessary lamps and accessories.

Positive Cable

2. See Jump Start Cable Connections. Connect one end of a jumper cable to the DISCHARGED battery positive terminal (1).
3. Connect the other end of the same cable to the BOOSTER battery positive terminal (2).

Negative Cable

WARNING

Do not connect negative (-) cable to or near the discharged battery negative (-) terminal. Doing so could cause a spark and explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00073a)

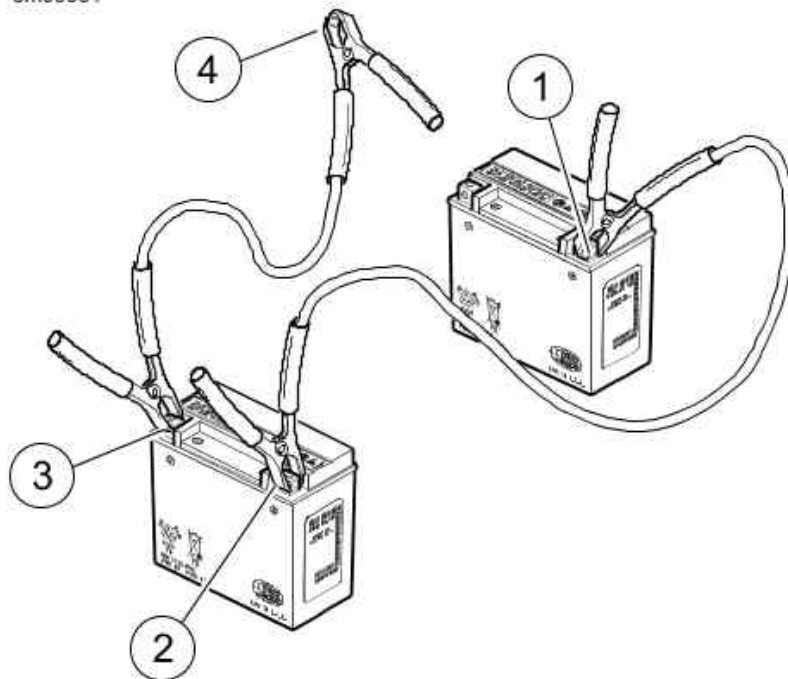
4. Connect one end of a jumper cable to the BOOSTER battery negative (-) terminal (3).

CAUTION

Do not connect the negative (-) cable to painted or chrome parts. Doing so could result in discoloration at the attachment point. (00221a)

5. Connect other end of the same cable (4) to a safe ground, (away from the DISCHARGED battery).
6. Start motorcycle.
7. Disconnect cables in reverse order of Steps 2, 3, 4, 5; that is: Steps 5, 4, 3, 2.

om00381



1. Discharged battery positive (+) terminal
2. Booster battery positive (+) terminal
3. Booster battery negative (-) terminal
4. Ground

Jump Start Cable Connections

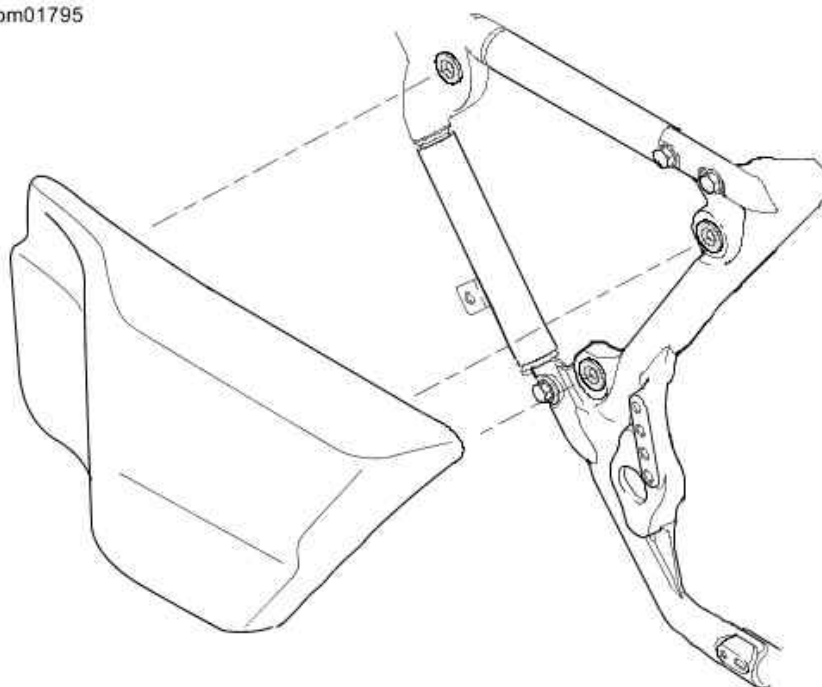
Side Covers

See Side Cover. The side covers may need to be removed to access fuses and other components.

Remove: Remove saddlebag. Pull side cover off.

Install: Align barbed studs on side cover with grommets in frame. Push in to secure cover.

om01795



Side Cover

Fuses and Relays

Main Fuse

See Fuse Block (under left side cover). A 50 amp main fuse is located near the fuse block. Removing the main fuse disconnects power to all systems except the starter motor/solenoid.

If equipped with security system siren, push OFF/RUN switch to RUN with the hands-free fob present to disarm the security system before removing the main fuse. Push the OFF/RUN switch back to OFF before installing main fuse.

System Fuses

CAUTION

Do not skip any steps for fuse replacement. Skipping fuse replacement steps can result in damage to the sound system and/or other motorcycle systems. (00223a)

See Fuse Block (under left side cover) and Power Lock Relays (under right side cover). Fuses are located under left side cover. Power lock relays are under the right side cover.

If fuse replacement does not correct a problem, see a Harley-Davidson dealer for electrical diagnosis.

1. Push OFF/RUN switch to OFF.
2. Remove left side cover. See Side Covers.
3. Press in tabs on the left and right sides of fuse block cover. Remove the cover.
4. See Fuses. Remove fuse and inspect the element.

CAUTION

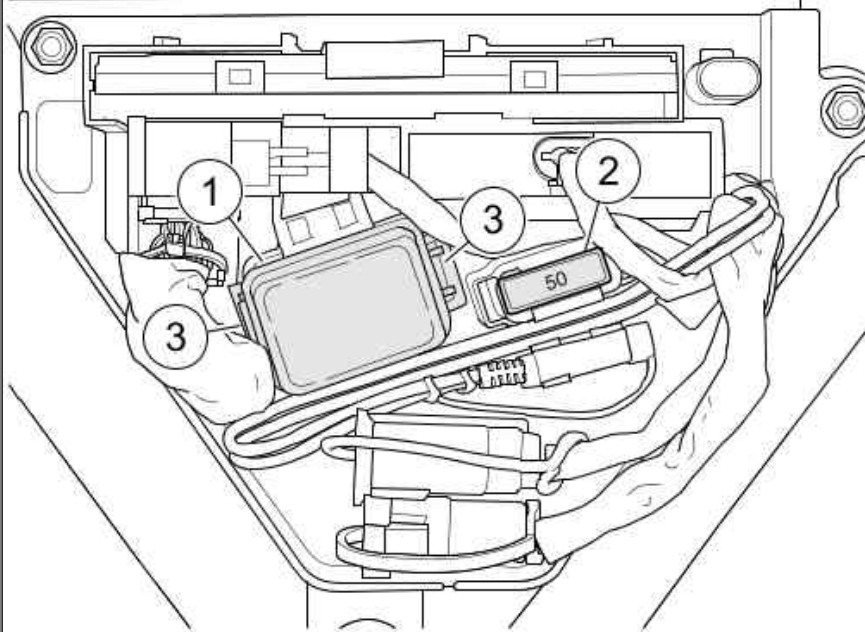
Always use replacement fuses that are of the correct type and amperage rating. Use of incorrect fuses can result in damage to electrical systems. (00222a)

5. Replace the fuse if the element is burned or damaged.

NOTE:

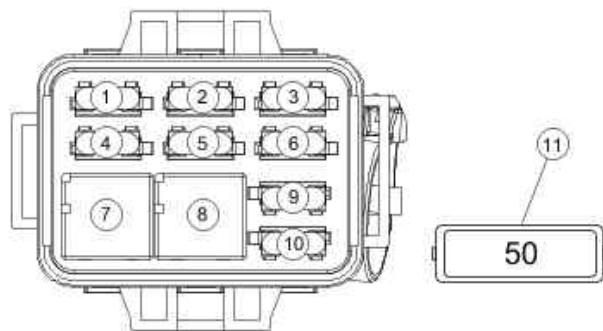
Use automotive-type fuses for replacements. Two spare fuses can be found in the fuse block.

6. Install the fuse block cover.
7. Install left side cover.



1. Fuse block cover
2. Main fuse
3. Press tabs to remove

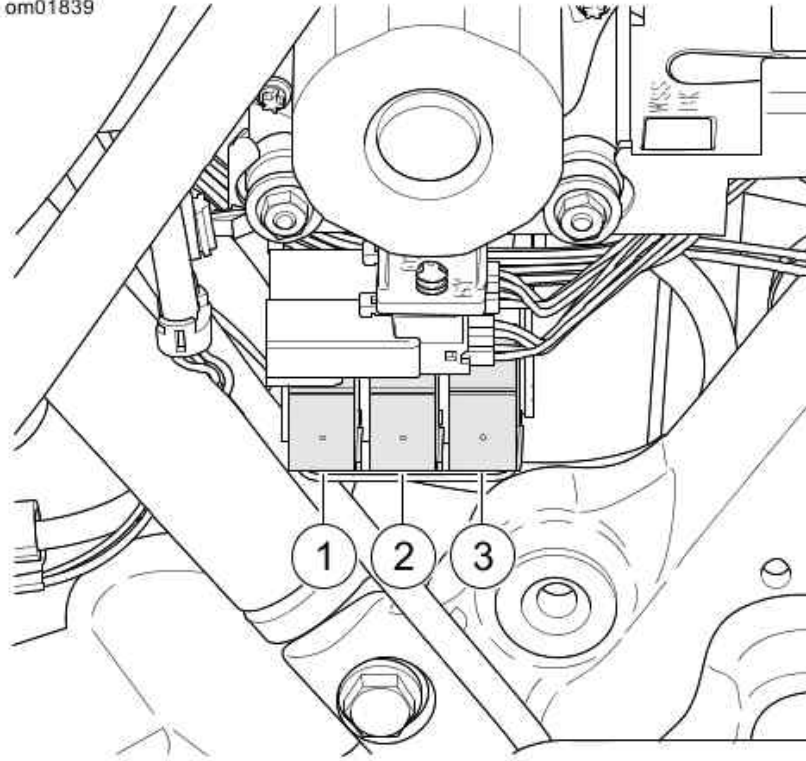
Fuse Block (under left side cover)



1. Radio power (30 A)
2. System power (7.5 A)
3. Battery (5 A)
4. P&A (20 A)
5. Cooling (10 A)
6. Spare (5 A)
7. P&A relay
8. Cooling relay
9. Spare (7.5 A)
10. Spare (20 A)
11. Main fuse (50 A)

Fuses

om01839



1. Luggage lights relay
2. Power unlock relay
3. Power lock relay

Power Lock Relays (under right side cover)

Seat

NOTE:

The heated seat will automatically shut off after one hour of continuous operation. To reset the seat, push the heated seat switch to the off position. Then set the switch back to the desired heat setting.

Removal

CAUTION

Detach passenger seat strap before removing seat. Failure to do so can result in damage to rear fender paint. (00225a)

1. Open right saddlebag cover and remove fastener from seat strap bracket.
2. Pull upward on strap to free it from slot in bracket. Move passenger seat strap to side of seat.
3. Remove mounting fastener to detach seat mounting bracket from top of rear fender.
4. See Seat Tongue. Push seat rearward to free tongue from slot in the seat.
5. Separate the seat connector half from the power connector half.
6. Remove seat.

Installation

1. Mate the heated seat connector half to the power connector half found in the frame backbone Y to the left of the battery.
2. See Seat. Place seat on frame backbone.
3. See Seat Tongue. Firmly push front of seat downward and forward until tongue engages slot in seat.
4. Push seat forward until rear fender seat retention nut is centered in hole of mounting bracket.
5. Install seat mounting fastener. Tighten to 48-72 in-lbs (5.4-8.1 Nm).

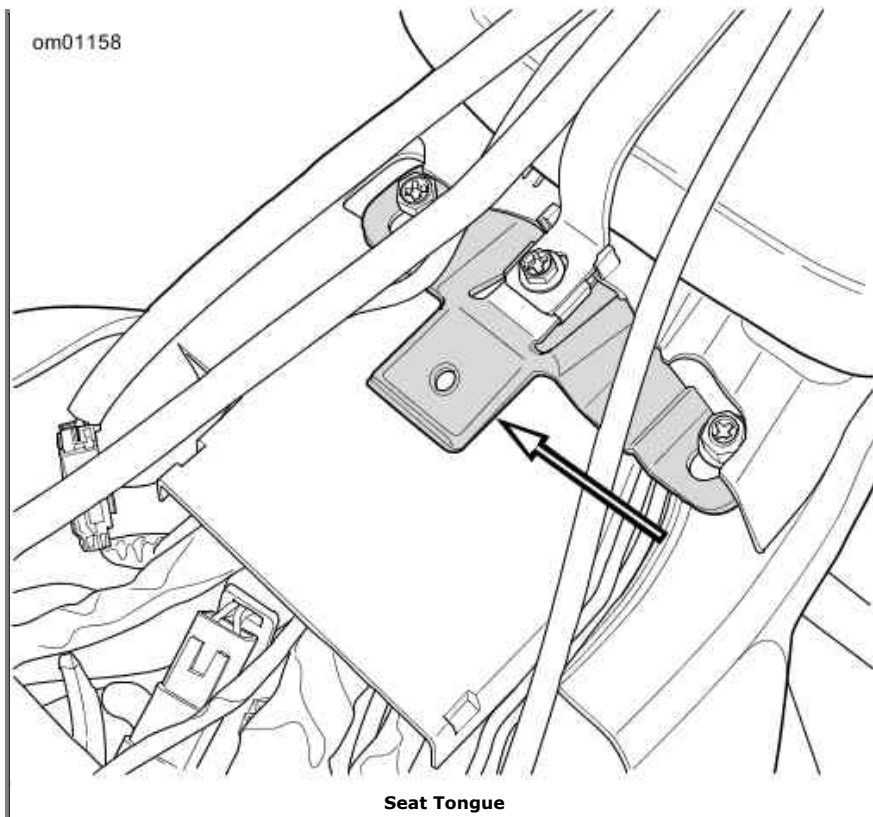
NOTE:

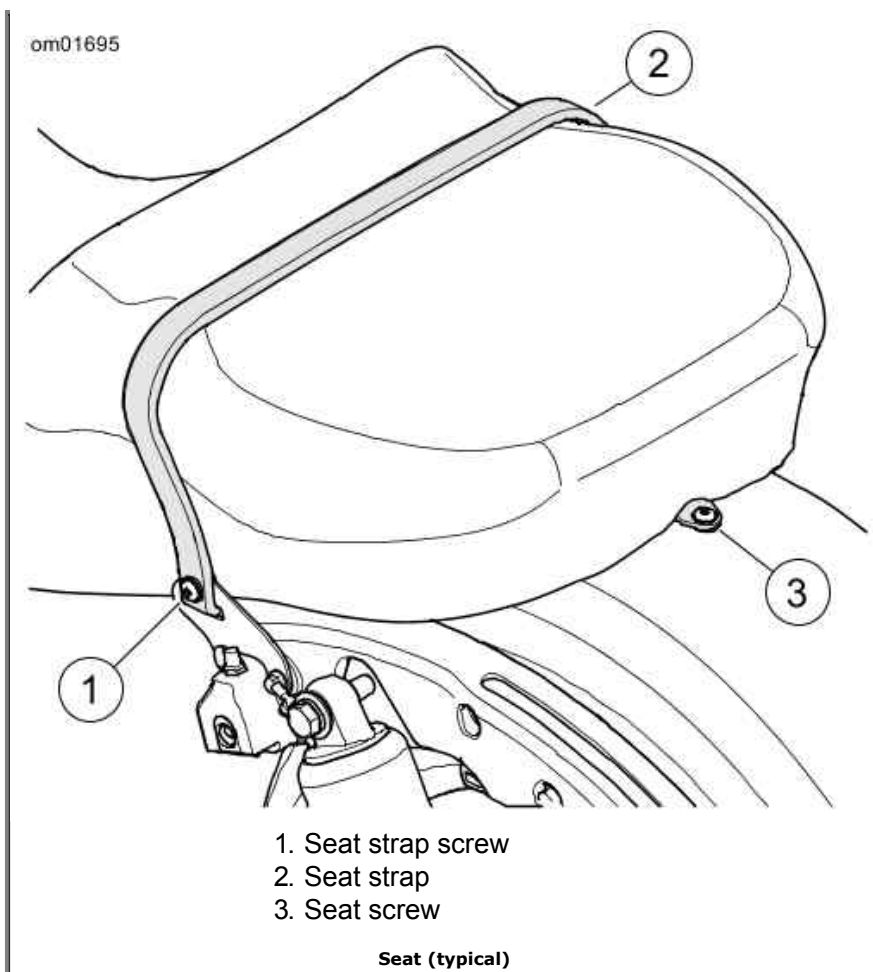
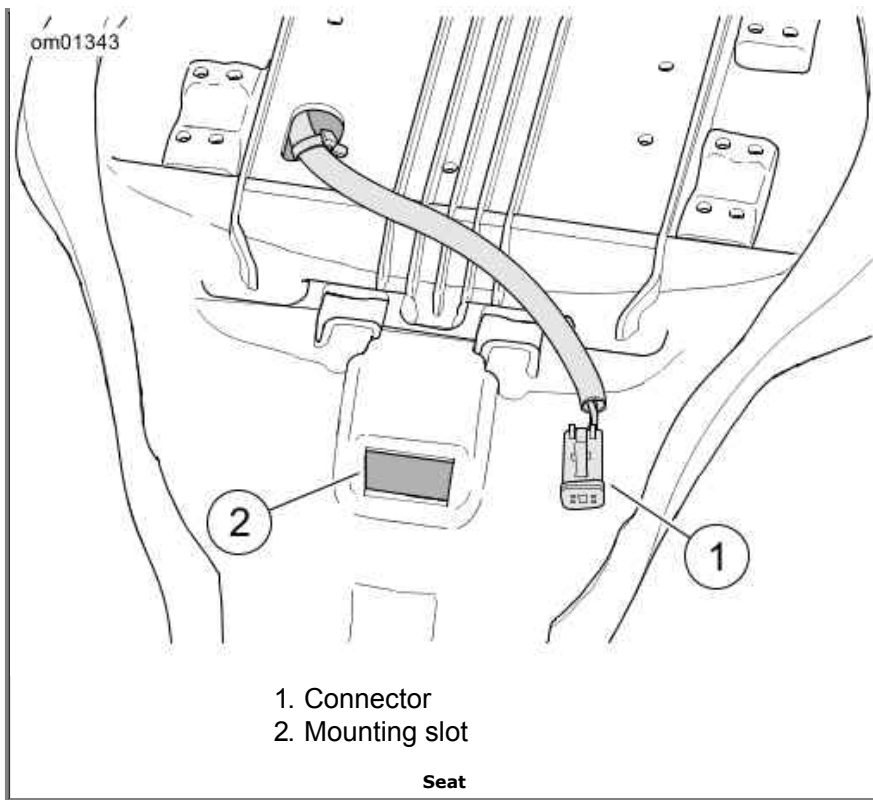
If the seat retention nut is damaged or lost, see service manual for instructions.

⚠ WARNING

After installing seat, pull upward on seat to be sure it is locked in position. While riding, a loose seat can shift causing loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. (00070b)

6. Pull up on seat to verify that it is properly secured.
7. See Seat (typical). Install end of seat strap in slot of seat strap bracket. Install seat strap bracket fastener. Tighten to 48-72 in-lbs (5.4-8.1 Nm).





Rider Backrest

Removal

1. Spread the seat covering at the base of the backrest exposing the two spring loaded support arms.

2. See Rider Backrest Installation. Using two hands, squeeze the spring loaded support arms together.
3. Pull upward to remove the backrest from the bracket.

Installation

1. Spread the seat opening to expose the keyed backrest support bracket.
2. Squeeze together the two spring loaded support arms on the backrest.
3. See Rider Backrest Mounting Bracket. Insert the support arms into the keyed support bracket. Select one of three height adjustment holes.
4. Test to make sure the seat is secured into the bracket.

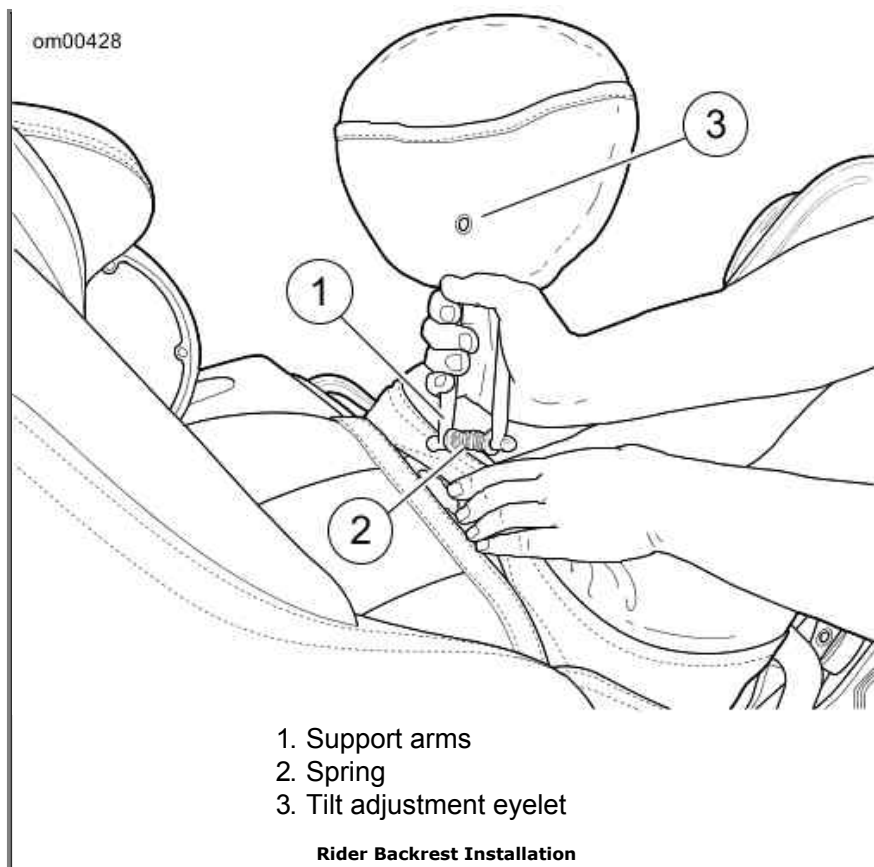
NOTE:

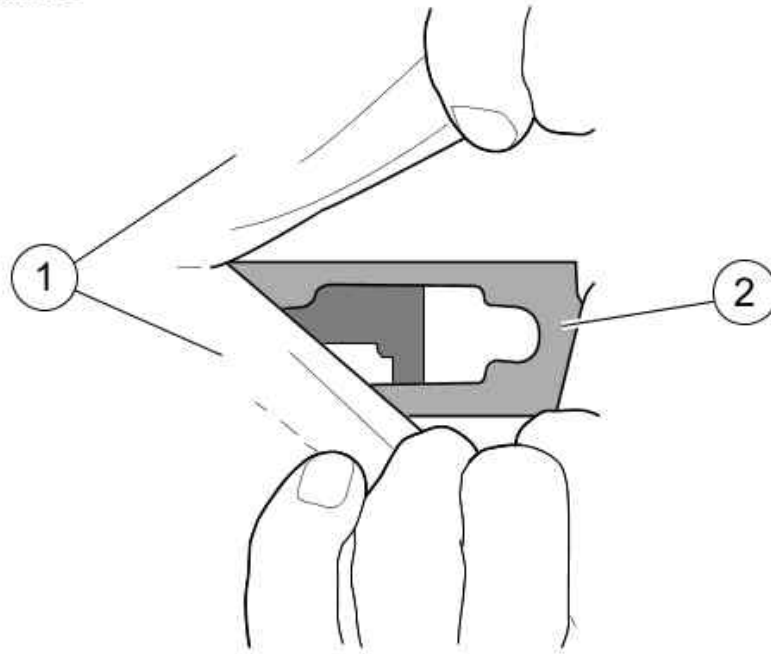
The backrest is spring loaded to assist the passenger in getting on and off the vehicle.

Adjustment

Height Adjustment: Select one of three sets of holes in the bracket to fit the backrest to the rider.

Tilt (Angle) Adjustment: See Rider Backrest Installation. Locate the set screw behind the eyelet (3) in the back of the backrest. To set an angle that fits the rider, use a 3/16 in. Allen wrench to loosen, adjust and tighten the screw to fix the angle of the backrest.





1. Seat
2. Keyed support bracket

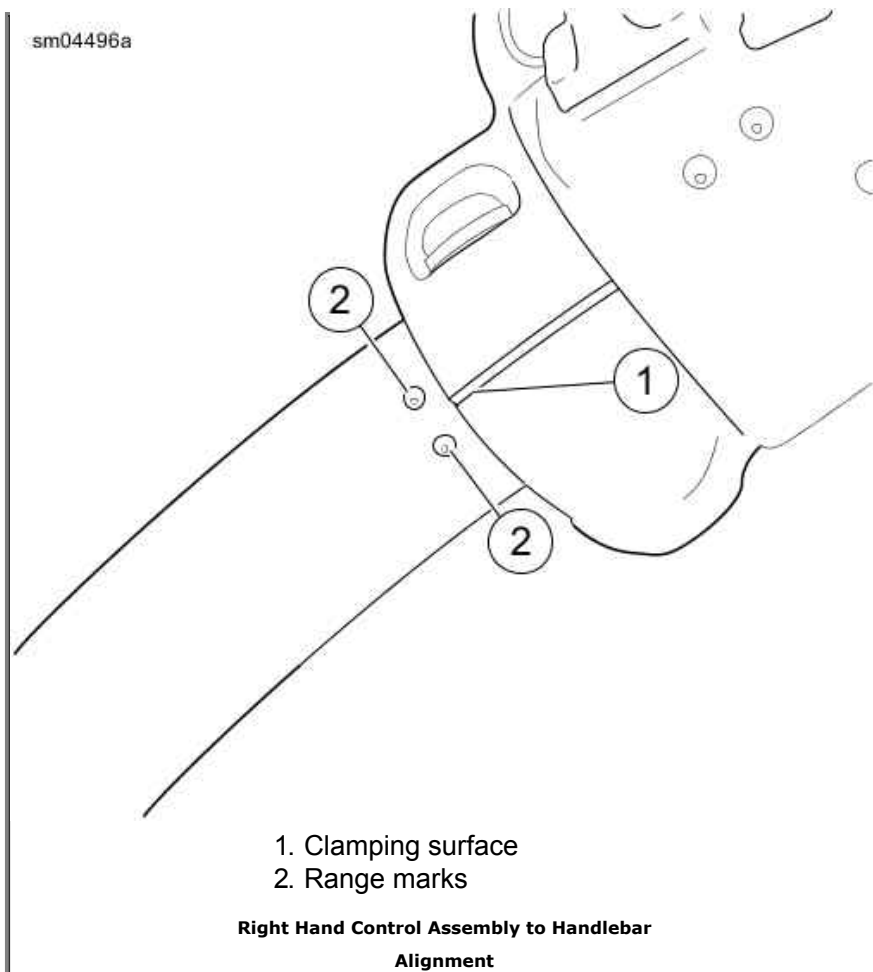
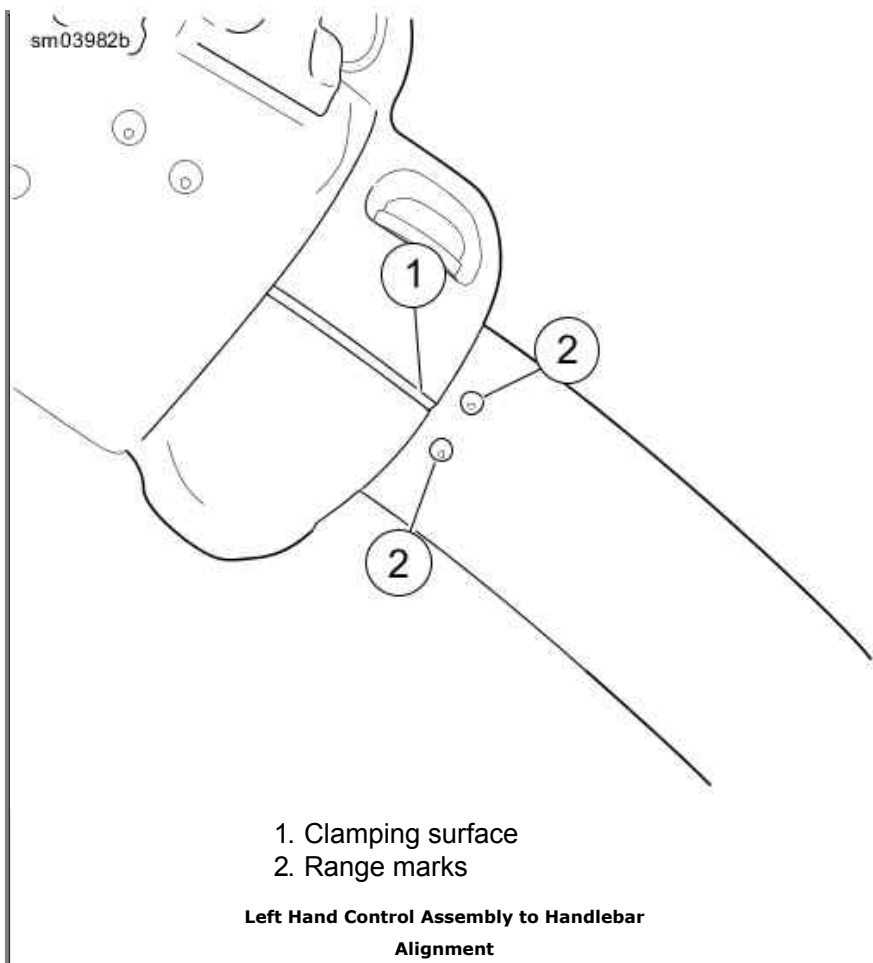
Rider Backrest Mounting Bracket

Adjusting Handlebar Controls

CAUTION

Control wiring is routed inside handlebar and may be pinched or cut if controls are rotated too far. Electrical damage to control wiring can result. See Service Manual Supplement or see a Harley-Davidson dealer. (00363a)

1. Loosen control assembly and hand lever clamp fasteners only enough to allow movement for adjustment purposes, use caution to not loosen too much to allow cable pinch.
2. See Left Hand Control Assembly to Handlebar Alignment. Align left hand controls and brake hand lever for operator comfort with clamping surface (1) located within the range marks (2).
3. Tighten switch housing fasteners to 35-45 in-lbs (4.0-5.1 Nm).
4. Tighten brake hand lever clamp fasteners to 72-108 in-lbs (8.1-12.2 Nm).
5. See Right Hand Control Assembly to Handlebar Alignment. Align right hand controls and clutch hand lever for operator comfort with clamping surface (1) located within the range marks (2).
6. Tighten switch housing fasteners to 35-45 in-lbs (4.0-5.1 Nm).
7. Tighten clutch hand lever clamp fasteners to 72-108 in-lbs (8.1-12.2 Nm).



Radio/CB Antenna

The antenna mast is threaded on a mount at the rear of the motorcycle. Unscrew the antennas if

they must be removed. When installing, hand-tighten only.

Antennas for the radio and CB are different. For vehicles with a CB, always install the CB antenna (marked with the letters "CB" at the base of the mast) on the right side of the motorcycle. Installing the incorrect antenna for the radio or CB will result in degraded reception.

Motorcycle Storage

Placing Motorcycle in Storage

CAUTION

Proper storage is important for the trouble-free operation of your motorcycle. See your Owner's Manual for storage recommendations or see a Harley-Davidson dealer. Improper storage procedures can lead to equipment damage. (00046a)

If the motorcycle will not be operated for several months, such as during the winter season, there are several tasks which should be performed. These steps protect parts against corrosion, preserve the battery and prevent the build-up of gum and varnish in the fuel system.

Store the motorcycle in a dry area with a stable temperature (if possible). Keep the motorcycle away from harsh chemicals or other substances such as fertilizers or salt.

⚠WARNING

Do not store motorcycle with gasoline in tank within the home or garage where open flames, pilot lights, sparks or electric motors are present. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00003a)

NOTE:

Make a list of everything you do and fasten it to a hand grip. When you take the motorcycle out of storage, this list is your reference/checklist to get your motorcycle in operating condition.

1. Fill fuel tank. Add fuel stabilizer following manufacturer's instructions.
2. Warm motorcycle to operating temperature. Change oil and turn engine over to circulate the new oil.
3. Check and adjust belt if necessary.
4. Check tire pressure. Refer to Specified Tires for specified pressure.
5. Protect the vehicle's body panels, engine, chassis and wheels from corrosion. Follow the cosmetic care procedures described in the Care and Cleaning section of this owner's manual before storage.
6. Prepare battery for winter storage. See Battery Maintenance.

⚠WARNING

Explosive hydrogen gas, which escapes during charging, could cause death or serious injury. Charge battery in a well-ventilated area. Keep open flames, electrical sparks and smoking materials away from battery at all times. KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN. (00065a)

NOTES:

- If the motorcycle is being stored with the security system armed, connect a 750Ma SUPERSMART BATTERY TENDER 94654-98B to maintain battery charge.
 - If the motorcycle is being stored with the security system disarmed, turn on the motorcycle while the hands-free fob is present. This prevents the optional siren from sounding. Disconnect the negative battery cable and prepare battery for storage. See *Battery Maintenance*.
7. If motorcycle is to be covered, use a material such as light canvas that can breathe. Plastic materials that do not breathe promote the formation of condensation. Do not bend or tuck antennas under the cover. Either remove the antennas (if equipped) or allow them to protrude through the cover.

Removing Motorcycle From Storage

⚠WARNING

The clutch failing to disengage can cause loss of control, which could result in death or serious injury. Prior to starting after extended periods of storage, place transmission in gear and push vehicle back and forth several times to assure proper clutch disengagement. (00075a)

NOTE:

*When lubricants are contaminated by water, they often take on a milky white appearance. Replace contaminated lubricants with the appropriate **new** Harley-Davidson lubricant.*

1. See Battery Maintenance for proper battery care. Charge and install the battery.
2. Run motorcycle until engine is at normal operating temperature. Turn off engine.
3. Check engine oil level.
4. Check the transmission lubricant level.
5. Check controls to make sure that they are operating properly. Operate the front and rear brakes, throttle, clutch and shifter.
6. Check steering for smoothness by turning the handlebars through the full operating range.

⚠WARNING

Be sure tires are properly inflated, balanced, undamaged, and have adequate tread. Inspect your tires regularly and see a Harley-Davidson dealer for replacements. Riding with excessively worn, unbalanced, improperly inflated, overloaded or damaged tires can lead to tire failure and adversely affect stability and handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00014b)

7. Check tire pressure. Refer to Specified Tires for specified pressure.
8. Check overall tire condition. See Tires.
9. Test all switches and lights for proper operation.
10. Check for any fluid leaks.

CAUTION

Turn engine over a few times to be sure there is no oil in

the crankcase and that all oil has been pumped back into the oil tank. Stop engine and re-check oil level. Failure to do so can result in engine damage. (00071a)

Care and Cleaning

Cleaning and General Care

Clean and protect the cosmetic surfaces on your motorcycle as often as possible to inhibit rust and corrosion. After the motorcycle is cleaned, polish and seal the motorcycle to create a sacrificial barrier of protection against the weather and harsh substances.

Refer to Recommended Cleaning and Care Products and Recommended Surface Care Products. Harley-Davidson cleaning products are tested extensively for use on vehicle surfaces and are formulated to be compatible with one another. See a Harley-Davidson dealer to purchase recommended cleaning products.

NOTES:

- Use recommended surface care products. Do not use paper towels, terry cloths, cloth diapers or other materials with nylon fibers which can create fine scratches to surfaces.
- Some painted finishes and other surfaces may be scratched if gravel, dirt or grime are scraped across the surface during washing. Use clean towels and avoid rubbing sediments across gloss finishes.
- For repair of scratched surfaces, see a Harley-Davidson dealer.

⚠ WARNING

Observe warnings on labels of cleaning compounds. Failure to follow warnings could result in death or serious injury. (00076a)

⚠ WARNING

Do not wash brake discs with cleaners containing chlorine or silicone. Cleaners containing chlorine and silicone can impair brake function, which could result in death or serious injury. (00077a)

CAUTION

Do not use a pressure washer to clean motorcycle. Using a pressure washer can result in equipment damage. (00489c)

CAUTION

Use of abrasive products or powered buffing equipment will cause permanent cosmetic damage to body panels. Use only recommended products and techniques outlined in this manual to avoid damaging body panels. (00245b)

Recommended Cleaning and Care Products

PRODUCT	PART NO.	PURPOSE	FRAME	BODY PANELS	WHEELS	DENIM FINISH	OTHER
Sunwash® Bike Soap	93600023 (U.S. Market)	Thorough washing of all surfaces with a wash mitt.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

	93600077 (Non-U.S. Market)	Reduces hard water spots when washing a motorcycle in the sun.					
Quick Wash	93600011 (16 oz) 93600012 (32 oz) (U.S. Market) 93600071 (16 oz) (Non-U.S. Market)	A quick wash for a lightly soiled motorcycle. Cleans all surfaces, sheeting action prevents spots.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Bug Remover	93600022 (U.S. Market) 93600075 (Non-U.S. Market)	Removes bugs from metal, plastic or painted surfaces. Also available as individual wipes (93600065).	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Glaze Poly Sealant	93600026 (U.S. Market) 93600079 (Non-U.S. Market)	Polishes windshields, painted surfaces and chrome.	Yes	Yes	As applicable	No	
Gloss Detailer	93600062 (U.S. Market) 93600073 (Non-U.S. Market)	Produces high gloss with UV protection. Allows chrome to breathe, unlike wax. Good for windshields. Also available as individual wipes (93600066).	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
Spray Cleaner & Polish	93600029 (U.S. Market) 93600084 (Non-U.S. Market)	Aerosol quick cleaner and detailer. Reduces static attraction to dust. Works great for removing bugs.	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
Wheel & Tire Cleaner	93600024	Cleans wheels, tires,	No	No	Yes	No	

	(U.S. Market) 93600076 (Non-U.S. Market)	whitewalls and black-coated exhaust pipes and mufflers. Do not use on frames or anodized parts.					
Chrome Clean & Shine	93600031 (U.S. Market) 93600082 (Non-U.S. Market)	Shines chrome-plated surfaces and cleans brushed aluminum or stainless steel surfaces.	As applicable				
Bare Metal Polish	93600028 (U.S. Market) 93600083 (Non-U.S. Market)	Polishes non-clear coated polished aluminum or polished stainless steel surfaces.	As applicable				
Scratch & Swirl Repair	93600025 (U.S. Market) 93600074 (Non-U.S. Market)	Removes fine scratches and swirls.	Yes	Yes	No	No	
Denim Paint Cleaner	93600064 (U.S. Market) 93600078 (Non-U.S. Market)	Waterless quick cleaner and detailer.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Windshield Cleaner Individual Wipes	97406-10	Quick windshield cleaner in convenient single use wipe.	Yes	Yes	No	No	Windshield
H-D Black Tire Sidewall Protectant	94628-05	Restores luster to black tire sidewalls.	No	No	No	No	Tires
Harley Preserve Bare Aluminum Corrosion Protectant	99845-07	Corrosion control for bare aluminum surfaces. Also available as individual wipes (93600063).	As applicable				
Windshield Water Repellent	93600032	Allows water to bead and	No	No	No	No	Windshield

	(Global)	dissipate from the windshield.					
Leather Protectant	93600034 (U.S. Market) 93600080 (Non-U.S. Market)	Weatherproofs and preserves leather products.	No	No	No	No	Leather goods
Black Leather Rejuvenator	93600033 (U.S. Market) 93600081 (Non-U.S. Market)	Rejuvenates black leather products so they look brand new.	No	No	No	No	Black leather goods
Engine Brightener	93600002 (U.S. Market) 93600068 (Non-U.S. Market)	Rejuvenates wrinkle black engine finish.	No	No	No	No	Wrinkle black engines
Boot Mark Remover	93600001 (U.S. Market) 93600069 (Non-U.S. Market)	Removes boot marks from chrome exhaust components.	No	No	No	No	Exhaust system
Travel Care Kit	93600007	Travel size cleaning and care products.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Seat, Saddlebag & Trim Cleaner	93600010 (U.S. Market) 93600070 (Non-U.S. Market)	Cleans and conditions vinyl, leather and plastic. Use on seats, saddlebags, inner fairings, and any other trim.	No	No	No	No	Seats, saddlebags and trim
NOVUS 1 Cleaner/Protectant	99837-94T	Cleans windshields, tail lamps and all plastics. Resists fingerprints, fogging, smears and repels dust.	No	No	No	No	Windshield
NOVUS 2 Scratch Remover	99836-94T	Minor scratch remover for windshields and plastics.	No	No	No	No	Windshield

		Apply after NOVUS 1.					
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Recommended Surface Care Products

PRODUCT	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
Wash Mitt	94760-99	Absorbent wool-blended washing mitten.
Soft Detailing Pad	94790-01	Soft pad for removing bugs and debris without scratching the surface finish.
Softstrips	94680-99	For cylindrical surfaces such as handlebars, forks, pushrod covers and spokes.
Softcloth	94656-98	Non-absorbent cloth for applying and buffing Swirl & Scratch treatment and Harley Glaze to painted surfaces or chrome.
Soft Drying Towel	94791-01	Extra-absorbent, non-streaking synthetic towel for drying. Dampen towel and wring out before using for greatest absorbency.
Harley-Davidson Hog Blaster Motorcycle Dryer	94651-09	Blows a stream of warm dry filtered air. Reduces streaks and water spots.
Wheel & Spoke Brush	43078-99	Cone-shaped scrub brush for wheels.
Microfiber Detailing Cloth	94663-02	Highly absorbent detailing cloth for polishing and sealing. Contains no nylon fibers.
Detailing Swabs	93600107	Large cotton swabs for cleaning crevices and detailed surfaces.
Cleaning Brush Kit	94844-10	Brush kit for detailing your motorcycle.
H-D Bike Wash Bucket and Apron	94811-10	Wash bucket with apron to hold your supplies. Includes grit guard.

Washing the Motorcycle

Use only recommended cleaning and care products. Refer to Recommended Cleaning and Care Products and Recommended Surface Care Products.

NOTE:

During rinsing and washing, avoid direct spray on radio, speakers, saddlebags, trunk or Tour-Pak sealing areas (if equipped). Avoid spraying water under leather saddlebag covers (if equipped).

Preparation

1. Allow motorcycle to cool before rinsing or washing. Spraying water on hot surfaces can leave water spots and mineral deposits.
2. Rinse the motorcycle from the bottom up.
3. To loosen dried bugs or hardened dirt, allow surfaces to soak under a damp towel.

Cleaning the Wheels and Tires

1. Rinse wheel and tire surfaces. Avoid splashing brake dust on chrome or painted parts.
2. Apply WHEEL & TIRE CLEANER. Allow cleaner to set for one minute.
3. Clean the wheel with a SOFT DETAILING PAD or WHEEL & SPOKE BRUSH. Use

SOFTSTRIPS to clean wheel spokes. Thoroughly scrub all brake dust and other sediments off the wheel. Accumulated brake dust can trap moisture and dirt, which leads to wheel corrosion.

4. Rinse well.

Washing the Motorcycle

NOTE:

Refer to the appropriate instructions in this section for cleaning leather, Denim (flat) finishes, windshields or other special surfaces.

1. Fill a bucket with clean water.
2. Fill an H-D WASH BUCKET with water and add SUNWASH BIKE SOAP, following the directions on the package.
3. Soak the H-D WASH MITT in the SUNWASH solution. Wash all surfaces from the top working down.
4. Spray BUG REMOVER to remove any bugs.
5. Rinse the motorcycle:
 - a. Rinse from the bottom up.
 - b. Rinse from the top down.

Drying the Motorcycle

1. Dry the surfaces from the top down using a SOFT DRYING TOWEL or a HARLEY-DAVIDSON HOG BLASTER MOTORCYCLE DRYER. Avoid using any type of forced air on speakers or other sensitive components.
2. Dampen towel in clean water and wring out the excess. The towel is more absorbent when wet.
3. Wipe across the vehicle surface.
4. Repeat as necessary until surface is completely dry.

Polishing and Sealing

NOTE:

If motorcycle has Denim finish, skip the Polishing and Sealing procedure.

1. Apply GLAZE POLY SEALANT with a SOFTCLOTH or MICROFIBER DETAILING CLOTH, following the instructions on the package.
2. Buff with a SOFTCLOTH.
3. Polish and seal the wheels as described in Wheel Care to prevent corrosion.

NOTE:

Bare aluminum wheels do not have a protective coating. The wheels corrode if not properly treated. Apply HARLEY PRESERVE BARE ALUMINUM CORROSION PROTECTANT when purchasing the motorcycle and at least twice per year to prevent cosmetic damage to bare aluminum wheels.

Finishing Tires

Apply H-D BLACK TIRE SIDEWALL PROTECTANT to tires, following the instructions on the package.

Audio System Care

Use only Harley-Davidson recommended products and methods to keep the radio, speakers and other audio system components clean and in good condition. Do not use any abrasives, polishes or rubbing compounds to clean the screen or other components. Do not use any ammonia-based cleaners on the screen. Use of other products or methods may cause damage to components.

Replaceable Screen Protector

BOOM! Box 6.5T/GT radios have a replaceable screen protector. Keep the protector on the screen at all times. Damage to the screen due to use without the protector will not be covered under warranty. Remove and replace the protector if it becomes dull, scratched or worn.

Cleaning the Radio

Spray a light amount of HARLEY GLOSS on a MICROFIBER DETAILING CLOTH. Be careful to gently remove any sediments without rubbing them into the screen. Apply circular motions from the center and outwards. Use a dry MICROFIBER DETAILING CLOTH to dry the screen. Repeat the process as necessary.

NOTE:

Do not use any screen enhancing chemicals or products. These can damage the screen surface.

Speaker Care

If a haze develops on speakers with a protective grille, use HARLEY SEAT, SADDLEBAG, AND TRIM CLEANER and a SOFTCLOTH or SOFT DETAILING PAD to clean. Do not apply wax or any other similar products on speaker grilles.

Do not use compressed or forced air on speakers.

Vehicles with saddlebag speakers are designed to prevent water intrusion and to allow water to drain during washing or riding in all weather. To remove any standing water from saddlebag speakers, open the saddlebags and gently shake any remaining water from the speakers.

Leather and Vinyl Care

CAUTION

Do not use bleach or detergents containing bleach on saddlebags, seats, tank panels or painted surfaces. Doing so can result in equipment damage. (00229a)

Do not use ordinary soap to clean leather or fur. It could dry or remove the oils from the leather.

Leather, vinyl and other synthetic surfaces must be periodically cleaned and treated to maintain its appearance and extend its life. Clean and treat these surfaces once a season or more frequently under adverse conditions.

These surfaces are not designed for long-term exposure to inclement weather and should be protected with a Harley-Davidson Seat Rain Cover or Motorcycle Storage Cover (sold separately).

1. Vacuum or blow dust off surface.
2. Thoroughly clean surfaces with SEAT, SADDLEBAG & TRIM CLEANER, following directions on the bottle.

3. Allow the material to dry naturally and completely at room temperature before applying other products to the material. Do not use artificial means to dry the material quickly.
4. For leather only, rejuvenate faded black surfaces with BLACK LEATHER REJUVENATOR, and apply LEATHER PROTECTANT to weatherproof and preserve the leather.

NOTE:

Many Harley-Davidson accessories and seats are made of either treated or untreated leather or have leather inserts. Natural materials age differently and require different care than man-made materials. Seat covers and panels made of leather will gain "character", such as wrinkles, with age. Leather is porous and organic and each leather product will settle into its own distinct form with use. Your leather product will mature into its own custom shape and style from the sun, rain and time. This maturing is natural and will enhance the custom quality of your Harley-Davidson motorcycle.

Fairing Splitstream Vent Care

Keep the vent free of foreign objects. Periodically clean the vent mechanism to remove dirt, bugs and leaves, and to keep all parts from sticking. Clean the button and vent door if they become difficult to open or close.

1. With the vent door closed (button up), spray clean water into the area under the button.

⚠ WARNING

Compressed air can pierce the skin and flying debris from compressed air could cause serious eye injury. Wear safety glasses when working with compressed air. Never use your hand to check for air leaks or to determine air flow rates. (00061a)

2. Blow low-pressure air in the same direction.
3. Using mild soapy water and a soft brush, remove dirt, leaves and bugs from vent duct and vent door.
4. Operate vent and repeat cleaning as necessary.

Wheel Care

Wheels can corrode or be cosmetically damaged if they are not properly cleaned, polished and preserved. Cleaning and sealing wheels with the proper treatment will guard against pitting, corrosion, spots and stains. Harley-Davidson recommends that wheels be cared for weekly. Corrosion to wheels is not considered to be a defect in materials or workmanship.

NOTE:

Bare aluminum wheels do not have a protective coating and will corrode if not properly treated. Apply HARLEY PRESERVE BARE ALUMINUM CORROSION PROTECTANT when purchasing the motorcycle and at least twice per year to prevent cosmetic damage to bare aluminum wheels.

Keep wheels clean from harsh chemicals, acid based wheel cleaners, salt, and accumulated brake dust. After washing wheels with WHEEL & TIRE CLEANER, use the polish and sealing products in Wheel Polish and Sealing Products according to the type of wheels on your motorcycle.

Wheel Polish and Sealing Products

WHEELS	PRODUCT	DESCRIPTION
Bare aluminum	Harley Preserve Bare Aluminum Corrosion Protectant	Creates a protective coating for bare aluminum wheels to prevent oxidation.

Polished aluminum or stainless steel	Bare Metal Polish	Microabrasive polish to refurbish polished wheels. Do not use on chrome.
	Gloss Detailer	Seals and protects against harsh chemicals, salt, and other sediments to prevent oxidation.
Anodized	Glaze Poly Sealant	Cleans surface, removes fine scratches, and provides a breathable sealant against acid, chemicals, salt, and brake dust.
Chrome	Chrome Clean & Shine	Non-abrasive cleaner to brighten chrome wheels.
	Gloss Detailer	Seals and protects against harsh chemicals, salt, and other sediments to prevent oxidation.

Windshield Care

CAUTION

Polycarbonate windscreens/windshields require proper attention and care to maintain. Failure to maintain polycarbonate properly can result in damage to the windscreen/windshield. (00483d)

CAUTION

Use only Harley-Davidson recommended products on Harley-Davidson windshields. Do not use harsh chemicals or rain sheeting products, which can cause windshield surface damage, such as dulling or hazing. (00231c)

- Powdered, abrasive or alkaline cleanser will damage the windscreen/windshield. Ammonia-based window cleaners cause permanent yellow effects to windshields.
- Do not use gas station windshield cleaner as finish may be damaged.
- Do not use a brush or squeegee as finish may be damaged.
- Do not clean in hot sun or high temperature.

Windshields require special care. Harley-Davidson recommends using WINDSHIELD CLEANER to clean your windshield. Refer to Recommended Surface Care Products for recommended cleaning products.

NOTES:

- *Use NOVUS 2 SCRATCH REMOVER to remove minor scratches.*
- *To treat the windshield with water repellent use WINDSHIELD WATER REPELLENT.*
- *Covering the windshield with a clean, wet cloth for approximately 15-20 minutes before washing will make dried bug removal easier.*

1. Use mild soap and warm water to wash the windshield.
2. Wipe dry with a clean SOFT DRYING TOWEL.

NOTE:

To minimize swirl marks, cleaning should be done when motorcycle is cool and parked in the shade. Faint swirl marks are normal and may be more visible on tinted windshields.

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting: General

⚠WARNING

The troubleshooting section of the Owner's Manual is a guide to diagnose problems. Read the service manual before performing any work. Improper repair and/or maintenance could result in death or serious injury. (00080a)

The following checklist of possible operating troubles and their probable causes will be helpful in keeping your motorcycle in good operating condition. More than one of these conditions may be causing trouble and should be carefully checked.

Engine

Starter Does Not Operate or Does Not Turn Engine Over

1. Engine run switch in OFF position.
2. Discharged battery or loose or corroded connections (solenoid chatters).
3. Clutch lever not squeezed against handlebar or transmission not in neutral.
4. Jiffy stand not in retracted position (required for international models).
5. Blown fuse.

Engine Turns Over but Does Not Start

1. Fuel tank empty.
2. Discharged battery or loose or damaged battery terminal connections.
3. Fouled spark plugs.
4. Spark plug cable connections loose or in bad condition and shorting.
5. Loose or corroded wire or cable connection(s) at coil or battery.
6. Fuel pump inoperative.
7. Blown fuse.

Starts Hard

1. Automatic Compression Release (ACR) not functioning properly.
2. Spark plugs in bad condition, have improper gap, or are partially fouled.
3. Spark plug cables in bad condition and leaking.
4. Battery nearly discharged.
5. Loose wire or cable connection(s) at one of the battery terminals or at coil.
6. Engine oil too heavy (winter operation).
7. Fuel tank vent plugged or fuel line closed off, restricting fuel flow.
8. Water or dirt in fuel system.
9. Fuel pump inoperative.

Starts but Runs Irregularly or Misses

1. Spark plugs in bad condition or partially fouled.
2. Spark plug cables in bad condition and leaking.
3. Spark plug gap too close or too wide.
4. Battery nearly discharged.
5. Damaged wire or loose connection at battery terminals or coils.
6. Intermittent short circuit due to damaged wire insulation.
7. Water or dirt in fuel system or filter.
8. Fuel vent system plugged. See dealer.
9. One or more injectors fouled.

A Spark Plug Fouls Repeatedly

1. Incorrect spark plug.

Pre-Ignition or Detonation (Knocks or Pings)

1. Incorrect fuel.
2. Incorrect spark plug for the kind of service.

Overheats

1. Insufficient oil supply or oil not circulating.
2. Heavy carbon deposit from lugging engine. See dealer.
3. Insufficient air flow over cylinder heads during extended periods of idling or parade duty.

Excessive Vibration

1. Rear fork pivot shaft nuts loose. See dealer.
2. Front engine mounting bolts loose. See dealer.
3. Engine to transmission mounting bolts loose. See dealer.
4. Damaged frame. See dealer.
5. Front chain or links tight as a result of insufficient lubrication or belt badly worn.
6. Wheels and/or tires damaged. See dealer.
7. Vehicle not properly aligned. See dealer.

Engine Oil Not Circulating (Oil Pressure Lamp Lit)

1. Insufficient or diluted oil supply.
2. Oil feed clogged with ice and sludge in freezing weather.

3. Grounded oil signal switch wire or faulty signal switch. See dealer.
4. Damaged or improperly installed check valve. See dealer.
5. Oil pump problem. See dealer.

Electrical System

Alternator Does Not Charge

1. Regulator not grounded. See dealer.
2. Engine ground wire loose or damaged. See dealer.
3. Loose or damaged wires in charging circuit. See dealer.

Alternator Charge Rate is Below Normal

1. Weak battery.
2. Excessive use of add-on accessories.
3. Loose or corroded connections.
4. Extensive periods of idling or low speed riding.

Transmission

Transmission Shifts Hard

1. Bent shifter rod. See dealer.

Transmission Jumps Out of Gear

1. Worn shifter dogs in transmission. See dealer.

Clutch Slips

1. Worn friction discs. See dealer.
2. Insufficient clutch spring tension. See dealer.

Clutch Drags or Does Not Release

1. Primary chaincase overfilled.
2. Clutch discs warped. See dealer.

Clutch Chatters

1. Friction discs or steel discs worn or warped. See dealer.

Brakes

ABS System Behavior

-
1. ABS lamp does not shut off above 3 mph 5 km/h . See dealer.
 2. Other ABS symptoms. Refer to ABS Symptoms and Conditions.

Brakes Do Not Hold Normally

1. Master cylinder low on fluid. See dealer.
2. Brake line contains air bubbles. See dealer.
3. Master or wheel cylinder piston worn. See dealer.
4. Brake pads contaminated with grease or oil. See dealer.
5. Brake pads badly worn. See dealer.
6. Brake disc badly worn or warped. See dealer.
7. Brake fades because of heat build up. Excessive braking or brake pads dragging. See dealer.
8. Brake drags. Insufficient hand lever free play. See dealer.

Cooling System: Twin-Cooled Models

Overheats

1. Low coolant level.
2. Restricted radiator air flow.
3. Faulty thermostat. See dealer.
4. Coolant pump or fans inoperative. See dealer.
5. Vent hose crimped.
6. Air in coolant.

Heated Hand Grips

1. Engine must be running. Start engine.
2. Check fuse.
3. See dealer.

Warranties and Responsibilities

Warranty and Maintenance

This owner's manual contains your new motorcycle limited warranty and your owner's maintenance record.

It is your responsibility as the owner to follow the maintenance schedule at the mileage intervals as specified in the owner's manual. All of the specified maintenance services must be performed on schedule to keep your limited warranty valid.

Some countries, states or other locations may require all regular maintenance and service work to be done by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for your limited warranty to remain in effect.

Check with your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for local requirements.

1. Make an appointment with a Harley-Davidson dealer for inspection and service prior to the first 1000 miles 1600 kilometers , and as soon as possible after any problem arises.
2. Bring this owner's manual with you when you visit your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer to have your motorcycle inspected and serviced.
3. Have the dealer technician sign the maintenance record in the owner's manual at the proper mileage interval. These records should be retained by the owner as proof of proper maintenance.
4. Keep receipts covering any parts, service or maintenance performed.

These records should be transferred to each subsequent owner.

Use only Harley-Davidson approved parts and accessories that have been designed, tested and approved for your model and model year motorcycle.

Use of certain manufacturers' aftermarket performance parts may void all or parts of your limited warranty. See an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

Harley-Davidson authorized dealerships are independently owned and operated and may sell parts and accessories that are not manufactured or approved by Harley-Davidson for use on your motorcycle. Therefore, you should understand that Harley-Davidson is not and cannot be responsible for the quality, suitability, or safety of any non-Harley-Davidson part, accessory or design modification, including labor, which may be sold and/or installed by authorized Harley-Davidson dealerships.

Keeping It All Harley-Davidson

Genuine Harley-Davidson parts are engineered and tested specifically for use on your motorcycle. Insist that your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer uses only genuine Harley-Davidson replacement parts and accessories to keep your Harley-Davidson motorcycle and its limited warranty intact. Not all Harley-Davidson parts and accessories are appropriate for your model or model year motorcycle.

NOTE:

Installing off-road or competition parts to enhance performance may void all or parts of your new motorcycle limited warranty. See the Harley-Davidson Motorcycle Limited Warranty in this owner's manual or an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

CAUTION

It is possible to overload your vehicle's charging system by adding too many electrical accessories. If the combined electrical accessories operating at any one time consume more electrical current than the vehicle's charging system can produce, the electrical consumption can discharge the battery and cause damage to the vehicle's electrical system. See an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for advice about the amount of current consumed by additional electrical accessories or for necessary wiring changes. (00211c)

California and Select International Markets Evaporative Emission Controls: 2014 Models

All new 2014 Harley-Davidson motorcycles sold in the State of California and select international markets are equipped with an evaporative emission control system. This system is designed to meet CARB and local regulations in effect at the time of manufacture.

The system requires a small amount of maintenance. Periodic inspection is required to make sure

hoses are properly routed, not kinked or blocked and that all fittings are secure. Mounting hardware should also be checked periodically for tightness.

EPA Noise Regulations in the United States

EPA noise regulations require that the following statements be included in the Owner's Manual.

EPA Regulations

TAMPERING WITH NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM PROHIBITED: Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof: (1) The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or (2) the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

AMONG THOSE ACTS PRESUMED TO CONSTITUTE TAMPERING ARE THE FOLLOWING:

1. Replacing the muffler(s) and/or the entire exhaust system with parts not certified to be noise legal for street use.
2. Removing or modifying the muffler internal baffles in any way.
3. Replacing the air intake/cleaner assembly with one not certified to be noise legal for street use.
4. Modifying the air intake/cleaner assembly in such a way as to make the vehicle no longer noise legal for street use.

Harley-Davidson recommends that any and all noise related maintenance be done by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer using genuine Harley-Davidson parts.

Warranty/Service Information

Any authorized Harley-Davidson dealer may provide warranty repair work on your motorcycle. The fact that an authorized Harley-Davidson dealership performs warranty repairs does not create an agency relationship between Harley-Davidson and the authorized dealership. If you have any questions regarding warranty obligations contact your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer.

For normal service work or warranty work under the above conditions, you may obtain the name and location of your nearest U.S. authorized Harley-Davidson dealer by calling 1-800-258-2464 (U.S. only). To find dealers worldwide, see www.harley-davidson.com.

Reporting Safety Defects in United States

Safety defects must be reported to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) and Harley-Davidson.

NHTSA Statement

If you believe that your motorcycle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying Harley-Davidson.

If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of motorcycles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer, or Harley-Davidson.

You can contact NHTSA through the following means. Additional information about motor vehicle safety is available through the website.

Telephone: Vehicle Safety Hotline (toll-free) at 1-888-327-4236 (TTY: 1-800-424-9153).

Website: www.safercar.gov

Address: Administrator, NHTSA, 400 Seventh Street SW, Washington, DC 20590

Required Documentation for Imported Motorcycles

If a Harley-Davidson motorcycle is imported into the United States, additional documentation is required for that motorcycle to be eligible for the United States Harley-Davidson Motorcycle Limited Warranty. An authorized Harley-Davidson dealer can provide a form explaining the requirements.

Owner Contact Information

If you move from your present address, sell your motorcycle, or purchase a pre-owned Harley-Davidson motorcycle, see an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer to update your owner contact information.

This will provide Harley-Davidson with an accurate registration (as required by law in some countries), and will allow Harley-Davidson to notify you in the event of a recall or product program.

The rights and benefits conferred upon you and the obligations of Harley-Davidson as set forth herein are separate and distinct from any rights and duties set forth in any service contract you may have purchased from a dealership and/or third-party insurance company. Harley-Davidson does not authorize any entity to expand Harley-Davidson's warranty obligations in connection with your motorcycle or this limited warranty.

When updating your contact information, your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer will need your Vehicle Identification Number (VIN), odometer mileage, and date of vehicle transfer (if applicable).

Questions and Concerns

If you have questions or concerns regarding the performance of your motorcycle or the application of the limited warranty described here, or are not satisfied with the service you are receiving from an authorized Harley-Davidson dealership, do the following:

1. Contact the selling and/or servicing dealership and speak to the sales and/or service manager.
2. If your concern cannot be addressed to your satisfaction by the dealership, contact the Harley-Davidson Customer Support Center by mailing your concern to the following address or calling the phone number below.

In the U.S., state warranty laws, often referred to as lemon laws, may provide you with certain rights not specifically mentioned here. To the extent allowed by your state, Harley-Davidson requires that you first send written notification of any defect or warranty non-conformity that you have experienced with your motorcycle to Harley-Davidson. Harley-Davidson appreciates the opportunity to investigate your concerns and restore your satisfaction in your motorcycle by making the necessary repairs consistent with the terms of Harley-Davidson's limited warranty. Harley-Davidson requests that you send your complaint to the Harley-Davidson Customer Support Center.

- Harley-Davidson Motor Company
- Attention: Harley-Davidson Customer Support Center
- P.O. Box 653
- Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201
- 1-800-258-2464 (U.S. only)
- 1-414-343-4056

Limited Motorcycle Warranty

2014 HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTORCYCLE LIMITED WARRANTY

24 Months/Unlimited Miles

Harley-Davidson warrants for any new 2014 Harley-Davidson motorcycle that an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer will repair or replace without charge any parts found under normal use to be defective in factory materials or workmanship. Such repair or replacement of defective parts will be Harley-Davidson's sole obligation and your sole and exclusive remedy under this limited warranty. This limited warranty applies only for the duration identified below.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY (OTHER THAN THE SEPARATE EMISSIONS, NOISE, AND RADIO LIMITED WARRANTIES) ON THE MOTORCYCLE. Any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for particular purpose is limited to the duration of the express warranty, or to the duration set forth in your state's warranty statutes, whichever is shorter. Any implied warranty is not transferred to subsequent purchasers/buyers of the motorcycle.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, NEITHER HARLEY-DAVIDSON NOR ITS AUTHORIZED DEALERS SHALL BE LIABLE FOR LOSS OF TIME, INCONVENIENCE, LOSS OF MOTORCYCLE USE, COMMERCIAL LOSS OR ANY OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

The following terms and conditions apply to this limited warranty:

Duration

1. The duration of this limited warranty is twenty-four months, starting from the earlier of (a) the date of initial retail purchase and delivery of the motorcycle from an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer, or (b) the third anniversary of the last day of the model year of the motorcycle. Your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer will submit an electronic Sales and Warranty Registration form to initiate your limited warranty.
2. Any unexpired portion of this limited express warranty will be transferred to subsequent owners, upon the resale of the motorcycle during the limited warranty period.

Owner's Obligations

To obtain warranty service, return your motorcycle at your expense within the limited warranty period to an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer. The authorized Harley-Davidson dealer should be able to provide warranty service during normal business hours, depending upon the workload of the authorized dealer's service department and the availability of necessary parts.

Exclusions

This limited warranty will not apply to any motorcycle.

1. Which has not been operated or maintained as specified in the owner's manual.
2. Which has been abused, neglected, misused, improperly stored, used "off the highway," or used for racing or competition of any kind.
3. Which is not manufactured to comply with the laws of the market in which it is registered.

4. Which has off-road or competition parts installed to enhance performance, or has other unapproved modifications (even if these modifications include genuine Harley-Davidson parts and accessories that are not approved for use on your motorcycle). These modifications may void all or parts of your new motorcycle limited warranty. See an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for details.
5. Which has been subjected to an act of God, war, riot, insurrection, nuclear contamination, natural disasters, including, but not limited to, lightning, forest fires, dust storms, hail storms, ice storms, earthquakes, or floods, or other circumstances out of Harley-Davidson's control.
6. Which has been in an accident or collision or has been dropped or struck.

Other Limitations

This limited warranty does not cover:

1. Parts and labor for normal maintenance as recommended in the owner's manual, or the replacement of parts due to normal wear and tear including, but not limited to, the following: tires, lubrication, oil and filter change, fuel system cleaning, battery maintenance, engine tune-up, spark plugs, brake, clutch, chain/belt adjustment and chain replacement.
2. Cosmetic concerns that arise as a result of owner abuse, lack of proper maintenance or environmental conditions (except concerns that result from defects in factory materials or workmanship, which are covered by this limited warranty for the duration of the limited warranty period).
3. Any cosmetic condition existing at the time of retail delivery that has not been documented by the authorized Harley-Davidson selling dealer prior to retail delivery.
4. Defects or damage to the motorcycle caused by alterations outside of Harley-Davidson's factory specifications or caused by alterations or use of parts or accessories not approved for the make and model year of your motorcycle.
5. Damage caused by installation or use of non-Harley-Davidson components, even those installed by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealership, that cause a Harley-Davidson part to fail. Examples include, but are not limited to performance-enhancing powertrain components or software, exhaust systems, non-approved tires, lowering kits, handlebars, add-ons connected to the factory electrical system, and so on.

Important: Read Carefully

1. Authorized Harley-Davidson dealers are independently owned and operated and may sell non-Harley-Davidson products. Because of this, HARLEY-DAVIDSON IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAFETY, QUALITY, OR SUITABILITY OF ANY NON-HARLEY-DAVIDSON PART, ACCESSORY OR DESIGN MODIFICATION INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LABOR WHICH MAY BE SOLD AND/OR INSTALLED BY AUTHORIZED HARLEY-DAVIDSON DEALERS.
2. This limited warranty is a contract between you and Harley-Davidson. It is separate and apart from any warranty you may receive or purchase from an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer. An authorized Harley-Davidson dealer is not authorized to alter, modify, expand, or in any way change the terms and conditions of this limited warranty.
3. Any warranty work or parts replacement authorized by Harley-Davidson will not preclude Harley-Davidson from later relying on any exclusion where applicable.
4. Harley-Davidson and its authorized dealers reserve the right to modify or service motorcycles designed and manufactured by Harley-Davidson at any time without incurring any additional obligation to make the same alteration or change to a motorcycle previously built and sold. Harley-Davidson reserves the right to provide post-warranty repairs, conduct repair campaigns, offer good-will or customer satisfaction repairs or extend the warranty coverage for certain motorcycles at its sole discretion. Said repairs or extensions of warranty coverage in no way obligates Harley-Davidson to provide similar accommodations to other

owners of similar motorcycles. Sometimes Harley-Davidson may offer a special adjustment program to pay all or part of the cost of certain repairs beyond the terms of your limited warranty. Check with your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer to learn whether such programs are available to you. Your state may prohibit these types of offers, in which case, they may not be available to you.

5. The fact that a part is labeled or branded Harley-Davidson does not necessarily make it appropriate or warranted for the make and model of your motorcycle. The use of parts not designed and tested for your motorcycle may have negative consequences on the performance of your motorcycle and may create conditions not covered by this limited warranty.

Limited Noise Warranty

2014 HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTORCYCLE NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITED WARRANTY

The following limited warranty applies to the noise control system, is in addition to the MOTORCYCLE LIMITED WARRANTY and EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITED WARRANTY, and applies only to Harley-Davidson motorcycles sold in the U.S.

Harley-Davidson warrants to the first owner and each subsequent owner that this motorcycle is designed and built so as to conform at the time of sale with applicable regulations of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (as tested following F-76 Drive-By test procedure) and that it is free from defects in factory materials and workmanship which can cause this motorcycle not to meet U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Standards within one (1) year from initial retail purchase and delivery from an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer or one (1) year from the [second] anniversary of the last day of the model year of the motorcycle, or 3,730 miles 6,000 kilometers whichever occurs first. Any unexpired portion of this limited warranty will be transferred to subsequent owners, upon the resale of the motorcycle during the limited warranty period. If the motorcycle was used as a demonstrator or company motorcycle, then the limited warranty period may have started and/or expired prior to the initial retail sale. See an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY (OTHER THAN THE SEPARATE MOTORCYCLE AND EMISSIONS LIMITED WARRANTIES) ON THE MOTORCYCLE. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

The limited warranty period shall begin on the date the motorcycle is delivered to the first retail purchaser or, if the motorcycle is placed in service as a demonstrator or company motorcycle prior to sale at retail, on the date it is first placed in service.

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS ARE NOT COVERED BY THE NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITED WARRANTY

1. Failures which arise as a result of misuse, alteration, or non-performance of maintenance as specified in the Owner's Manual.
2. Replacing, removing, or modifying any portion of the NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM (consisting of the exhaust system and air intake/cleaner assembly) with parts not certified to be noise legal for street use.
3. Any motorcycle on which the odometer mileage has been changed so that the mileage cannot be determined.
4. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, NEITHER HARLEY-DAVIDSON NOR ITS AUTHORIZED DEALERS SHALL BE LIABLE FOR LOSS OF TIME, INCONVENIENCE, LOSS OF MOTORCYCLE USE, COMMERCIAL LOSS OR OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

Other Rights

This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from state to state.

Recommendations for Required Maintenance

It is recommended that any noise system maintenance be performed by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer using genuine Harley-Davidson replacement parts. The maintenance, replacement or repair of the noise control system may be performed by any other qualified service outlet or individual. Non-genuine Harley-Davidson parts may be used only if such parts are certified to comply with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Standards.

Limited Emission Warranty

2014 HARLEY-DAVIDSON EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITED WARRANTY

The following limited warranty applies to the emission control system, is in addition to the MOTORCYCLE LIMITED WARRANTY and NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITED WARRANTY, and applies only to Harley-Davidson motorcycles certified for sale, registered, and normally operated in the U.S. Refer to the CALIFORNIA EMISSIONS CONTROL WARRANTY STATEMENT for additional warranty provisions applicable to California motorcycles.

Harley-Davidson Motor Company warrants to the first owner and each subsequent owner that this vehicle is designed, built, and equipped so as to conform at the time of sale with applicable regulations under section 7521 of Title 42 of the United States Code, and that it is free from defects in materials and workmanship which would cause this motorcycle to fail to conform with applicable regulations for five (5) years from the initial retail purchase and delivery from an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer (or five (5) years from the date the motorcycle is first placed in service, if it is first placed in service as a "demonstrator" or "company" motorcycle prior to delivery), or 18,641 miles 30,000 kilometers, whichever occurs first. Any unexpired portion of this limited warranty will be transferred to subsequent owners, upon the resale of the motorcycle during the warranty period.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY (OTHER THAN THE SEPARATE MOTORCYCLE AND NOISE LIMITED WARRANTIES) ON THE MOTORCYCLE. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS WARRANTY.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

The limited warranty period shall begin on the date the motorcycle is delivered to the first retail purchaser or, if the motorcycle is placed in service as a demonstrator or company motorcycle prior to sale at retail, on the date it is first placed in service.

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS ARE NOT COVERED BY THE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITED WARRANTY

1. Failures which arise as a result of misuse, tampering, alterations, accident, acts of nature, or improper or inadequate maintenance as specified in the Owner's Manual.
2. Required maintenance services (as specified in the Owner's Manual) and the replacement of parts (such as spark plugs, fuel and oil filters, etc.) used in required maintenance.
3. Any motorcycle on which the odometer mileage has been changed so that the mileage cannot be determined.

4. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, NEITHER HARLEY-DAVIDSON NOR ITS AUTHORIZED DEALERS SHALL BE LIABLE FOR LOSS OF TIME, INCONVENIENCE, TOWING OF THE VEHICLE, LOSS OF MOTORCYCLE USE, COMMERCIAL LOSS OR OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

Items Covered by this Emission Warranty

The emission control system warranty may cover the following parts if the defect is deemed to be emissions related:

- Air cleaner assembly
- Cam shaft
- Spark plug
- Ignition coil
- Ignition wires
- Vapor valve
- Catalytic converter
- Crankcase breather
- MAP sensor
- TMAP sensor
- Intake air temperature sensor
- Throttle position sensor
- Fuel injectors
- Induction module or throttle body
- Engine temperature sensor
- Electronic control unit
- Regulator/fuel pump (for leaks and/or high and low pressure failures)
- Fuel filter
- Oxygen sensors

Fuel Tank (non-cosmetic failures only)

- Leaks
- Fuel vapor separator
- Fuel cap

If used on the above: hoses, clamps, fittings, tubing, sealing gaskets and mounting hardware.

Detailed instructions for proper maintenance and use of this motorcycle, including the time and/or mileage intervals at which such maintenance is to be performed, may be found in this Owner's Manual under Regular Service Intervals.

Other Rights

This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from state to state.

Recommendations for Required Maintenance

It is recommended that any emission system maintenance be performed by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer using genuine Harley-Davidson replacement parts. However the maintenance, replacement or repair of the emissions control system may be performed by any other qualified service outlet or individual. Non-genuine Harley-Davidson parts may be used only if such parts are certified to comply with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Standards.

California Emissions Control Warranty

CALIFORNIA EMISSIONS CONTROL WARRANTY STATEMENT

Your Warranty Rights and Obligations

The California Air Resources Board and Harley-Davidson Motor Company are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your 2014 model year motorcycle. In California, new motor vehicles must be designed, built and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. Harley-Davidson Motor Company must warrant the emission control system on your motorcycle for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, unapproved modification, neglect or improper maintenance of your motorcycle.

Your emission control system may include parts such as the carburetor or fuel-injection system, the ignition system, catalytic converter, and engine computer. Also included may be hoses, connectors and other emission-related assemblies.

Where a warrantable condition exists, within the warranty period noted below, your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer will repair your motorcycle at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts and labor.

Manufacturer's Warranty Coverage

For a period of use of five years or 18,641 miles 30,000 kilometers , whichever first occurs, beginning on the date the motorcycle is delivered to the ultimate purchaser or, if the motorcycle is placed in service as a demonstrator or company motorcycle prior to sale at retail, the date it is first placed in service.

If any emission related part on your motorcycle is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by Harley-Davidson Motor Company. This is your emission control system DEFECTS WARRANTY.

Owner's Warranty Responsibilities

As the motorcycle owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your Owner's Manual. Harley-Davidson recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your motorcycle, but Harley-Davidson cannot deny emissions warranty coverage solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.

You are responsible for presenting your motorcycle to an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed in a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days.

As the motorcycle owner, you should also be aware that Harley-Davidson may deny you warranty coverage if your motorcycle or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact Harley-Davidson Customer Service Department at 1-800-258-2464 (U.S. only) or 1-414-343-4056, or the California Air Resources Board at 9528 Telstar Ave., El Monte, California 91731.

Additional Warranty Terms

The warranty period starts the date the motorcycle is delivered to the ultimate purchaser or, if the motorcycle is placed in service as a demonstrator or company motorcycle prior to sale at retail, the date it is first placed in service.

The emission control system of each new Harley-Davidson® motorcycle was designed, built and tested using only Genuine Harley-Davidson parts and with these parts the motorcycle is certified as being in conformity with California emission control regulations.

We recommend that you take your motorcycle to an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for repairs under this warranty. The dealer has factory-trained mechanics and genuine Harley-Davidson parts. However, in the case of an "emergency" (as defined below), you could have repairs performed at any available service establishment or by the owner, using any replacement part. An authorized Harley-Davidson dealer not being reasonably available, or a part not being available within a reasonable time period (not to exceed 30 days from the time the motorcycle is initially presented to a Harley-Davidson dealer for repair) constitutes an emergency. Harley-Davidson will reimburse the owner for such repairs, including diagnosis, only if it is established that the repairs are covered under this emission warranty. Harley-Davidson's parts reimbursement, however, will not exceed our suggested retail price for all warranted parts replaced and our labor reimbursement will be limited to our recommended time allowances for emission system repairs at the geographically appropriate hourly labor rate.

To obtain reimbursement from Harley-Davidson for such emergency repairs, you must keep all failed parts and original receipts, so you can present them to an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for inspection. Harley-Davidson recommends that you bring your motorcycle to an authorized dealer for inspection to ensure that the emergency repairs were done properly.

Remember: Use of non-Harley-Davidson replacement parts may impair the effectiveness of the emission control system or otherwise damage your motorcycle. If other than genuine Harley-Davidson parts are used for maintenance, replacement or repair of components affecting emission control, you should obtain written assurances that such non-Harley-Davidson parts are warranted by their manufacturer to be equal in quality to Genuine Harley-Davidson parts in both performance and durability. The use of non-Harley-Davidson replacement parts does not invalidate the existing warranty, if any, on other Harley-Davidson components unless the non-Harley-Davidson parts cause damage to warranted parts or result in the creation of an emissions non-compliant motorcycle. However, HARLEY-DAVIDSON ASSUMES NO LIABILITY UNDER THIS WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO ANY PARTS WHICH ARE NOT GENUINE HARLEY-DAVIDSON PARTS, unless Harley-Davidson parts cause damage to non-genuine Harley-Davidson parts.

What Is Covered By This Emission Warranty

The emission control system warranty covers the following "warranted parts" only:

- Air cleaner assembly
- Cam shaft
- Spark plug
- Ignition coil
- Ignition wires
- Vapor valve
- Catalytic converter
- Crankcase breather
- MAP sensor
- TMAP sensor
- Intake air temperature sensor
- Throttle position sensor
- Fuel injectors
- Induction module or throttle body
- Engine temperature sensor
- Electronic control unit
- Regulator/fuel pump (for leaks and/or high and low pressure failures)
- Fuel filter
- Oxygen sensors
- Carbon canister
- Purge control valve

Fuel Tank (non-cosmetic failures only)

- Leaks
- Fuel vapor separator
- Fuel cap

If used on the above: hoses, clamps, fittings, tubing, sealing gaskets and mounting hardware.

What Is Not Covered By This Emission Warranty

The emission control system warranty does not cover:

Malfunctions in any "warranted parts" caused by any of the following: abuse, misuse, unapproved modification or alteration, tampering, disconnection, or improper or inadequate maintenance. The warranty also does not cover replacement of listed parts in the event that the vehicle has been rendered emissions non-compliant in the state of California through actions noted above.

Damage resulting from accident, acts of nature or other events beyond the control of Harley-Davidson.

The repair or replacement of "warranted parts" which are scheduled for replacement prior to 18,641 mi 30,000 km , once these parts have been replaced at the first replacement interval as part of required maintenance services.

Repairs and services performed by anyone other than an authorized Harley-Davidson Dealer (except in case of emergency as defined above).

Loss of time, inconvenience, loss of use of the motorcycle, towing of the vehicle, or commercial loss and/or consequential damages.

Repairs on any motorcycle of which odometer mileage has been changed so that mileage cannot be readily determined.

Limited Radio Warranty

2014 LIMITED RADIO WARRANTY

Harley-Davidson warrants that your Harley-Davidson radio will be free from factory defects in factory materials and workmanship, under normal use and service, for a period of twenty-four (24) months starting from the earlier of (a) the date of initial retail purchase of the motorcycle on which the radio is installed, or (b) the third anniversary of the last day of the model year of the motorcycle on which the radio is installed. Any unexpired portion of this limited warranty will be transferred to subsequent owner(s), upon the resale of the motorcycle during the limited warranty period. If the motorcycle was used as a demonstrator or company motorcycle, then the limited warranty period may have started and/or expired prior to the initial retail sale. See an authorized Harley-Davidson Dealer for details.

This limited warranty does not cover defects or damage due to abuse, misuse or improper installation, or any radio on a motorcycle which has been registered with Harley-Davidson as a collector's vehicle. See an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for details.

To obtain warranty service, return your motorcycle with sound system intact, at your expense, within the limited warranty period to an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer. Authorized Harley-Davidson dealers should be able to provide warranty service during normal business hours depending upon the workload of the authorized dealer's service department and the availability of necessary parts.

The remedy for breach of this warranty is expressly limited to the repair or replacement (**which may include a refurbished replacement radio**), without charge for parts and labor, of any part that proves to be defective, AND DOES NOT EXTEND TO LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, COSTS OR EXPENSES, INCLUDING LOSS OF TIME, INCONVENIENCE, COMMERCIAL LOSS, OR LOSS OF USE OF THE VEHICLE, RESULTING FROM ANY PART THAT PROVES TO BE DEFECTIVE.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY ON THE RADIO. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY RELATING TO THIS RADIO, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, IS EXPRESSLY LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY.

TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, HARLEY-DAVIDSON AND ITS AUTHORIZED DEALERS SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR LOSS OF TIME, INCONVENIENCE, LOSS OF MOTORCYCLE USE, COMMERCIAL LOSS OR ANY OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

Other Rights

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Maintenance Scheduling

Regular Service Intervals

Refer to Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE. Regular maintenance must be performed at specific intervals to help keep your new Harley-Davidson motorcycle operating at peak performance and keep your new motorcycle limited warranty in force. Your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer knows best how to service your motorcycle with factory approved methods and equipment assuring you of thorough and competent workmanship.

Some maintenance items should be done at least once per year as specified, even if the next mileage interval has not been reached. In severe riding conditions, some maintenance items may need to be performed more frequently. Refer to the notes in Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE.

NOTES:

- The use of parts and service procedures other than Harley-Davidson approved parts and service procedures may void the limited warranty. Any alterations to the emission system components, such as the intake or exhaust system, may be in violation of motor vehicle laws.
- Some countries, such as Brazil, may require all regular maintenance to be performed by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer for your limited warranty to remain in effect. Check with your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer.
- Some countries, such as Brazil, may require additional annual (or semi-annual) regular maintenance service to be performed to keep your limited warranty in effect and/or comply with vehicle regulations. Check with your authorized Harley-Davidson dealer and check the motorcycle regulations in your country for local requirements.
- After completing the final service interval in Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE, repeat the schedule starting at the 5000 mi 8000 km interval.

⚠WARNING

Perform the service and maintenance operations as indicated in the regular service interval table. Lack of regular maintenance at the recommended intervals can affect the safe operation of your motorcycle, which could result in death or serious injury. (00010a)

⚠WARNING

If you operate your motorcycle under adverse conditions (severe cold, extreme heat, very dusty environment, very bad roads, through standing water, etc.), you should perform the regular maintenance intervals more frequently to ensure the safe operation of your motorcycle. Failure to maintain your motorcycle could result in death or serious injury. (00094a)

Regular Service Intervals: 2014 FLHTKSE

ITEM	PROCEDURE	1000	5000	10000	15000	20000	25000	30000	35000	40000	45000	50000
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SERVICED		MI	MI	MI	MI	MI	MI	MI	MI	MI	MI	MI
		1600 KM	8000 KM	16000 KM	24000 KM	32000 KM	40000 KM	48000 KM	56000 KM	64000 KM	72000 KM	80000 KM
Electrical equipment and switches	Check operation	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Front tire	Check pressure, inspect tread	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Front brake fluid	Inspect sight glass	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Clutch (hydraulic operated)	Inspect sight glass *	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Reservoir cover screw: front brake and hydraulic clutch	Check torque	X		X		X		X		X		X
Hand control fasteners	Check switch housing screw torque	X		X		X		X		X		X
	Check clutch lever bracket handlebar clamp screw torque	X		X		X		X		X		X
	Check master cylinder handlebar clamp screw torque	X		X		X		X		X		X
Steering head bearings	Inspect, lubricate and adjust						X					X
Air cleaner	Inspect, service as required		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Engine oil and filter	Replace	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Engine coolant	Check freeze point, inspect for leaks	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	Replace coolant	Replace every 30,000 mi 48,000 km										
	Clean radiators	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Primary chaincase lubricant	Replace	X		X		X		X		X		X
Transmission lubricant	Replace	X				X				X		
Right front engine mount end cap screws	Check torque	X		X		X		X		X		X
Engine	Check torque	X		X		X		X		X		X

[illegible]

	LUBE												
Front fork	Rebuild											X	1
Fuel filter element		Replace every 100,000 mi 160,000 km .											1
Rear sprocket isolators		Inspect for wear at each rear tire change.											
Road test	Verify component and system functions	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
NOTES:	1. Should be performed by an authorized Harley-Davidson dealer, unless you have the proper service data and are mechanically qualified. 2. Disassemble, lubricate and inspect every 25,000 mi 40,000 km . 3. Replace DOT 4 brake fluid and flush system every two years. 4. Perform maintenance more frequently in severe riding conditions (such as extreme temperatures, dusty environments, mountainous or rough roads, long storage conditions, short runs, heavy stop/go traffic or poor fuel quality). 5. Attempt to turn the fastener using a torque wrench set to the minimum torque specification for that fastener. If the fastener does not rotate, the fastener torque has been maintained. No further attention is necessary. If fastener moves, tighten to specification. 6. Disassemble, inspect, rebuild forks and replace fork oil every 50,000 mi (80,000 km). 7. Attempt to turn the fastener using a torque wrench set to the minimum torque specification for that fastener. If the fastener does not rotate, the fastener torque has been maintained. No further attention is necessary. If the fastener moves, clean all locking material from the threaded hole. Replace the fastener with a new one or clean the original fastener threads and apply the appropriate locking agent (see appropriate procedure). Install fastener. Tighten to specification. 8. Perform annually or at specified intervals, whichever comes first. * Clutch fluid level will rise as clutch wears.												

Owner's Maintenance Records

SERVICE MILE INTERVAL	DATE	DEALER NUMBER	TECHNICIAN NAME	TECHNICIAN SIGNATURE
1000 mi 1600 km				
5000 mi 8000 km				
10,000 mi 16,000 km				
15,000 mi 24,000 km				
20,000 mi 32,000 km				
25,000 mi 40,000 km				
30,000 mi 48,000 km				
35,000 mi 56,000 km				
40,000 mi 64,000 km				
45,000 mi 72,000 km				
50,000 mi 80,000 km				

Refer to Service Literature: 2014 FLHTKSE. Visit any Harley-Davidson dealer or go to www.harley-davidson.com to purchase a service or parts manual for your motorcycle. Factory authorized manuals are the complete and detailed source of information outside of your Harley-Davidson dealer.

Service Literature: 2014 FLHTKSE

DOCUMENT	LANGUAGE	PART NUMBER
Touring Models Service Manual	English	99483-14
	French	99483-14FR
	German	99483-14DE
	Spanish	99483-14ES
	Italian	99483-14IT
	Simplified Chinese	99483-14ZH
FLHTKSE Service Manual Supplement	English	99500-14
	French	99500-14FR
	German	99500-14DE
	Spanish	99500-14ES
	Italian	99500-14IT
Touring Models Electrical Diagnostics Manual	English	99497-14
	French	99497-14FR
	German	99497-14DE
	Spanish	99497-14ES
	Italian	99497-14IT
FLHTKSE Parts Catalog	English	99428-14

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